# **EPSON**



Rev.12

EM179C3513F

Robot Controller RC700 / RC90 Option Fieldbus I/O Rev.12

Robot Controller RC700 / RC90 Option

Fieldbus I/O

Rev.12

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# FOREWORD

This manual contains important information necessary to use the Robot Controller RC700 / RC90 Option Fieldbus I/O properly and safely. This manual is intended for personnel who perform any operations using the pendant, such as teaching robot points.

Please thoroughly read this manual and other related manuals before and while using the equipment.

# WARRANTY

The robot and its optional parts are shipped to our customers only after being subjected to the strictest quality controls, tests, and inspections to certify its compliance with our high performance standards.

Product malfunctions resulting from normal handling or operation will be repaired free of charge during the normal warranty period. (Please ask your supplier for warranty period information.)

However, customers will be charged for repairs in the following cases (even if they occur during the warranty period):

- 1. Damage or malfunction caused by improper use which is not described in the manual, or careless use.
- 2. Malfunctions caused by customers' unauthorized disassembly.
- 3. Damage due to improper adjustments or unauthorized repair attempts.
- 4. Damage caused by natural disasters such as earthquake, flood, etc.

Warnings, Cautions, Usage:

- 1. If the robot or associated equipment is used outside of the usage conditions and product specifications described in the manuals, this warranty is void.
- 2. If you do not follow the WARNINGS and CAUTIONS in this manual, we cannot be responsible for any malfunction or accident, even if the result is injury or death.
- 3. We cannot foresee all possible dangers and consequences. Therefore, this manual cannot warn the user of all possible hazards.

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# TRADEMARK NOTATION IN THIS MANUAL

Microsoft® Windows® XP Operating system

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Microsoft® Windows® 7 Operating system

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Microsoft® Windows® 10 Operating system

Throughout this manual, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, and Windows 10 refer to above respective operating systems. In some cases, Windows refers generically to Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, and Windows 10.

# NOTICE

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# MANUFACTURER

## SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION

# Before Reading This Manual

This section describes what you should know before reading this manual.

# Safety Precautions

Installation and transportation of robots and robotic equipment shall be performed by qualified personnel and should conform to all national and local codes.

Please carefully read this manual and other related manuals before installing the robot system or before connecting cables.

Keep this manual handy for easy access at all times. Please read the Safety chapter in User's Guide to understand safety requirements before installing the robot system.

# Conventions

Important safety considerations are indicated throughout the manual by the following symbols. Be sure to read the descriptions shown with each symbol.

WARNING	This symbol indicates that a danger of possible serious injury or death exists if the associated instructions are not followed properly.
WARNING	This symbol indicates that a danger of possible harm to people caused by electric shock exists if the associated instructions are not followed properly.
CAUTION	This symbol indicates that a danger of possible harm to people or physical damage to equipment and facilities exists if the associated instructions are not followed properly.

# Security support for the network connection

The network connecting function (Ethernet) on our products assumes the use in the local network such as the factory LAN network. Do not connect to the external network such as the Internet.

In addition, please take security measure such as the antivirus software to block the virus from the network connection.

# Security support for the USB memory

Make sure that the USB memory is not infected with virus when connecting to the Controller.

# For T series Manipulator user only

T series Manipulators are controller integrated manipulators.

Read "Controller" and "Robot Controller" described in this manual as "T series Manipulator". (However, except the screen of EPSON RC+.)

# **Control System Configuration**

This option is used with the following combinations of Controllers and software.

# TYPE A:

Controller	Software
RC700	EPSON RC+ 7.0

# TYPE B: Robot Controller RC90 with the following label attached.

Label	Controller	Software
EPSON/RC+ Compatible	RC90	EPSON RC+ 7.0

		RC90 controller firmware
		Ver.7.0.2.0
	Before Ver.7.0.1	!!!
EPSON RC+ 7.0	Ver.7.0.2 or later	OK

OK: Compatible All functions of the EPSON RC+ 7.0 and the Controller are available.

!!!: Compatible Connection is OK. We recommend using EPSON RC+7.0 Ver. 7.0.2 or later.

TYPE C:

Manipulator	Software
T series	EPSON RC+ 7.0

NOTE

Ethernet/IP, PROFINET, and EtherCAT of this option are not available for Robot Controller RC90 (EPSON RC+ 5.0) without the label.

Refer to the Robot Controller RC90 Setup & Operation 13.3 Fieldbus I/O Board.

NOTE	Manual PDF for TYPE B is available from EPSON RC+ 7.0 Ver. 7.0.2.
	Electronic information file for TYPE B is available from EPSON RC+ 7.0 Ver. 7.0.2.

NOTE Fieldbus I/O supports the following OS. Windows XP Professional Service Pack 3 Windows Vista Business Service Pack 2 Windows 7 Professional Service Pack 1 Windows 8.1 Pro Windows 10 Pro

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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Overview of Fieldbus I/O

The Fieldbus I/O option is an integrated I/O system that supports the following Fieldbuses of the Robot system:

DeviceNet

PROFIBUS DP

EtherNet/IP

CC-Link

PROFINET

EtherCAT

Fieldbus is a standard of signal communications between field devices operating in a factory (sensor, actuator, robot controller, etc.) and controller (PLC or robot controller) using serial communications. Compared to signal communications using analog signals, Fieldbus has the following features:

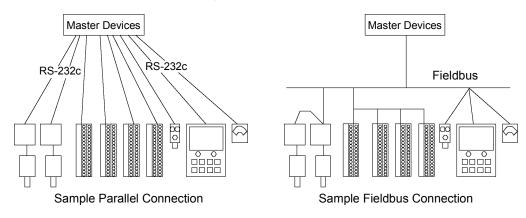
Access to signals from multiple devices and multiple data from each device using one cable.

Precise signal transmission since there is no need for A/D conversion and D/A conversion.

Less wiring costs, including signal relay board costs and installation area due to several dozen (or a hundred) devices connected on one Fieldbus.

More flexible modification and expansion of a system because multiple devices are simply added to one Fieldbus without additional wiring.

Slave devices can transmit self-diagnostics information.



The Fieldbus master function can be added to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed by installing the Fieldbus master board. Each type of Fieldbus supports the following boards.

DeviceNet master board

PROFIBUS-DP master board

EtherNet/IP master board

You can install one Fieldbus master board per PC. To use the Fieldbus master I/O, the Fieldbus master option of the EPSON RC+ software options key must be enabled.

You can also add the Fieldbus slave function by installing the Fieldbus slave board to the Robot Controller. Each type of Fieldbus supports the following boards.

DeviceNet slave board PROFIBUS-DP slave board EtherNet/IP slave board CC-Link slave board PROFINET slave board EtherCAT slave board

You can install one Fieldbus slave board per controller.

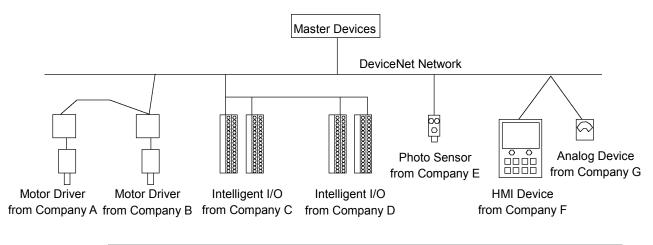
One Fieldbus master board and one Fieldbus slave board of different Fieldbus types can be used together.

# 1.2 DeviceNet

### 1.2.1 Overview of DeviceNet

DeviceNet is a fieldbus network that provides easy interconnection between control devices (PLC, PC, sensor, actuator, etc.).

DeviceNet was developed by Allen-Bradley as an open communication standard to connect various field devices (sensor, actuator, robot controller, etc.). Because of the open communication standard, DeviceNet users can easily construct a multi-vendor system with various devices developed around the world.



## 1.2.2 Features of DeviceNet

#### Reduced Wiring

Compared with parallel wiring, DeviceNet employs a dedicated 5-wire cable (signal wires and power wires) which substantially reduces the number of necessary wires, wiring time and cost.

Detachable communication connectors provide you with simple wiring between nodes and easy network separation or reconstruction.

Specified environment-resistance cables allow you to construct an environment-resistant system at low cost.

#### Open Standard (Multi-vendor)

Due to an open communication standard, various devices from many manufacturers are available. Standardized communication connectors provide you with easy network reconstruction.

Maintenance spare parts stored on site (factory, etc.) can be reduced because different manufacturers' devices can be used in case of a breakdown. Similar products are available around the world due to a global standard DeviceNet.

#### Communication Types

There are two types of messaging connections: I/O messaging connection and Explicit messaging connection. I/O messaging connection includes the following 4 methods explained below:

- Polling : First, a master device sends output data to a slave device and then the slave device responds. Data is normally exchanged in every communication cycle. The communication frequency can be changed by setting. This connection type is the most often used.
  Strobe : First, a master device requests slave devices to send data with multicast messages, and then, each slave device responds individually. Data from many sensors on the system can be effectively gathered. When the master does not receive responses from all requested slave devices, a timeout error occurs.
- Change Of State: A device sends data whenever it changes. Signals for device diagnosis are sent regularly in the background. This connection type is useful for remedying DeviceNet communication traffic.
- Cyclic : A slave device transfers data regularly according to its internal timer. This connection type is typically used for communicating with a temperature controller. The data transfer frequency is defined by master configuration.

NOTE

For Change of State and Cyclic, the ACK which verifies communication completion can be disabled by setting. However, never disable the ACK since communication errors cannot be detected.

# 1.2.3 General Specifications

Item	Specification			
Supported Connection	- I/O messaging connection			
Supported Connection	(Polling, Strove, Cyclic, Change of State)			
			•	
	-	ssaging connection		- 4
		tions are conform	hed to Device Ne	et
		ation protocol.		
Baud Rates	125 kbps, 25	0 kbps, 500 kbps		
Transfer Distance	Baud Rates	Max. Network	Drop Length	Total Drop
	Dudu Rules	Length	Drop Length	Line Length
	0 kbps	10 m	6m or under	39 m or under
	250 kbps	250 m *	6 m or under	78 m or under
	125 kbps	500 m *	6 m or under	156 m or under
Maximum Nodes	64 (including master unit)			
Data Length / Frame	8 byte (data can be divided and transferred.)			
Bus Access	CSMA/NBA			
Error Detection	CRC error / Duplicate node address check			
Cable	5-wire cable dedicated to DeviceNet (2 wires for signal,			
	2 wires for power supply, 1 shield wire)			
Communications Power Supply Voltage	24 V DC (supplied from a connector)			

## DeviceNet Communication Specifications

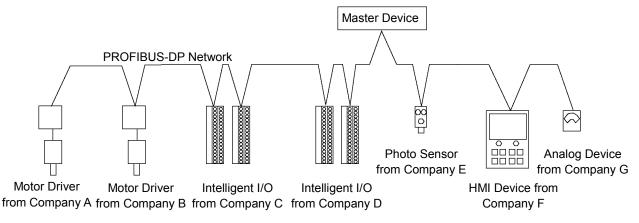
\* When thin cable is used for trunk line, the maximum network length is 100 m.

# 1.3 PROFIBUS DP

#### 1.3.1 Overview of PROFIBUS DP

PROFIBUS DP is a fieldbus network that provides easy interconnection between control devices (PLC, PC, sensor, actuator, etc.).

PROFIBUS DP was co-developed by Siemens, Bosch, and ABB as an open communication standard to connect various field devices (sensor, actuator, robot controller, etc.). Because of the open communication standard, PROFIBUS DP can easily construct multi-vendor system with various devices developed around the world.



## 1.3.2 Features of PROFIBUS DP

#### **Reduced Wiring**

Compared with a parallel wiring, PROFIBUS DP employing dedicated 2-wire cable substantially reduces the number of necessary wires, wiring time and cost.

Detachable communication connector provides you a simple wiring between devices (stations) and an easy network separation or reconstruction.

#### **Fast Communication**

PROFIBUS DP communication speed can be set up to 12Mbps. This is faster than DeviceNet, another communication standard supported by the fieldbus I/O.

#### Open Standard (Multi-vendor)

Due to an open communication standard, various devices from many manufacturers are available. Standardized communication connectors allow you to reconstruct your network easily.

Maintenance parts stored on site (factory, etc.) can be reduced because different manufacturers' devices can be used in case of a breakdown. Similar products are available around the world due to a global standard PROFIBUS DP.

# 1.3.3 General Specifications

Item	Specification		
Communication Method	Hybrid (token passing procedure and master-slave communication)		
Baud Rates	9.6 kbps, 19.2 kbps, 93.75 kbps, 187.5 kbps, 500 kbps, 1500 kbps, 3 Mbps, 6 Mbps, and 12 Mbps.		
Transfer Distance	Baud Rates	Cable Length	
	12 Mbps	100 m	
	6 Mbps	100 m	
	3 Mbps	100 m	
	1500 kbps	200 m	
	500 kbps	400 m	
	187.5 kbps	1000 m	
	93.75 kbps	1200 m	
	19.2 kbps	1200 m	
	9.6 kbps	1200 m	
Maximum Stations	126 (including master unit and repeater)		
Data Length /	244 bytes		
Frame			
Cable	2-wire cable dedicated to PROFIBUS (2 wires for signal)		

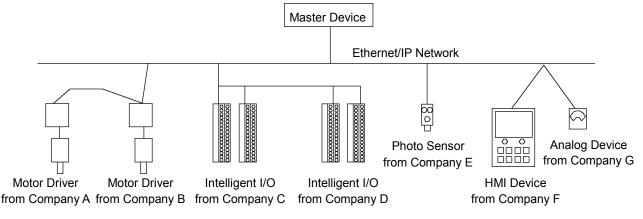
# PROFIBUS DP Communication Specifications

# 1.4 EtherNet/IP

#### 1.4.1 Overview of EtherNet/IP

EtherNet/IP is a fieldbus network that provides easy interconnection between control devices (PLC, PC, sensor, actuator, etc.).

EtherNet/IP was developed by Allen-Bradley as an open communication standard to connect various field devices (sensor, actuator, robot controller, etc.). Because of the open communication standard, EtherNet/IP users can easily construct a multi-vendor system with various devices developed around the world.



# 1.4.2 Features of EtherNet/IP

#### Reduced Wiring

Compared with parallel wiring, EtherNet/IP employs a standard Ethernet cable which substantially reduces the number of necessary wires, wiring time and cost.

Detachable communication connectors provide you with simple wiring between nodes and easy network separation or reconstruction.

Specified environment-resistance cables allow you to construct an environment-resistant system at low cost.

NOTE

You can use the general Ethernet hub or Ethernet switch for EtherNet/IP. However, be sure to use a product complying with the industrial standards or a noise-

resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use an office use product or UTP cable, it may causes communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

#### Open Standard (Multi-vendor)

Due to an open communication standard, various devices from many manufacturers are available. Standardized communication connectors provide you with easy network construction.

Maintenance spare parts stored on site (factory, etc.) can be reduced because different manufacturers' devices can be used in case of a breakdown. Similar products are available around the world due to a global standard EtherNet/IP.

#### **Connection Types**

There are two types of messaging connections: I/O messaging connection and Explicit messaging connection. I/O messaging connection includes the following 2 methods explained below:

- Change Of State: A device sends data whenever it changes. Signals for device diagnosis are sent regularly in the background. This connection type is useful for remedying EtherNet/IP communication traffic.
- Cyclic : A slave device transfers data regularly according to its internal timer. This connection type is typically used for communicating with a temperature controller. The data transfer frequency is defined by master configuration.

NOTE

For Change of State and Cyclic, the ACK which verifies communication completion can be disabled by setting. However, never disable the ACK since communication errors cannot be detected.

## 1.4.3 General Specifications

EtherNet/IP Communication Specifications

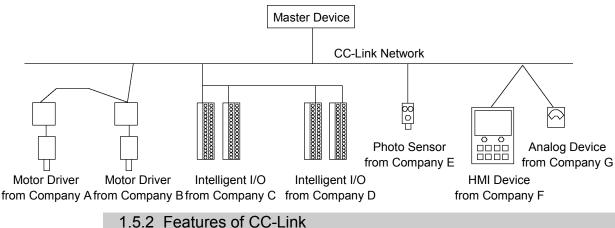
Item	Specification	
Supported	- I/O messaging connection	
Connection	(Cyclic, Change of State)	
	- Explicit messaging connection	
	All connections are conformed to EtherNet/IP	
	communication protocol.	
Baud Rates	100 Mbps, 10 Mbps	
Maximum Nodes	128 (including master unit)	
Data Length / Frame	244 bytes	
Access Control Type	CSMA/CD	
Cable	Universal Ethernet cable	

# 1.5 CC-Link

#### 1.5.1 Overview of CC-Link

CC-Link is a Fieldbus network that provides easy interconnection between control devices (PLC, PC, sensor, actuator, etc.).

CC-Link was developed as an open communication standard to connect various field devices (sensor, actuator, robot controller, etc.). Because of the open communication standard, CC-Link can easily construct multi-vendor system with various devices developed around the world.



# Reduced Wiring

Compared with a parallel wiring, CC-Link employs triplex shielded twisted pair cable which substantially reduces the number of necessary wires, wiring time and cost.

Detachable communication connector provides you a simple wiring between devices (nodes) and an easy network separation or reconstruction.

#### **Fast Communication**

From 156k bps to 10M bps is available. The speed of 10M bps is the fastest field network next to PROFIBUS-DP.

#### Transmission Control

The communication network includes master stations and slave stations. Normally, PLC becomes a master station. Up to 64 slave stations can be connected to a master station. The slave station includes remote device stations (handling the bit data and word data), remote I/O stations (handling the bit data), and others. The master station stores the information such as the type and address of slave stations in the network and controls the whole network.

#### Open Standard (Multi-vendor)

Due to an open communication standard, various devices from many manufactures are available. Standardized communication connectors allow you to reconstruct your network easily.

Maintenance parts stored on site (such as factory) can be reduced because different manufacturers' devices can be used in case of a breakdown. Similar products are available around the world due to a global standard PROFIBUS DP.

# 1.5.3 General Specifications

CC-Link Communication Specifications (Ver.1.10)

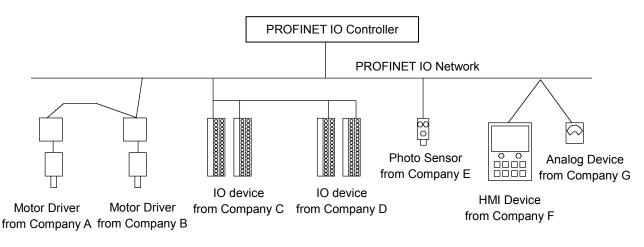
Item	Specification
Baud Rates (bps)	156 k, 625 k, 2.5 M, 5 M, 10 M (bps)
Connection Method	Broadcast polling
Synchronization Method	Frame synchronization
Encoding Method	NRZI
Transmission Channel Type	Bus (EIA RS485 compliant)
Transmission Format	HDLC compliant
Maximum Number of Devices	64 units
Slave Station Number	1 to 64
Connection Cable	CC-Link Ver1.10 cable (3 core twist cable with a shield)

# 1.6 PROFINET

## 1.6.1 Overview of PROFINET

PROFINET is a fieldbus network that uses industrial Ethernet.

PROFINET was developed as an open communication standard to connect various field devices (sensor, actuator, robot controller, etc.). Because of the open communication standard, PROFIBUS DP can easily construct multi-vendor system with various devices developed around the world.



# 1.6.2 Features of PROFINET

#### Everything on one cable

With its integrated, Ethernet-based communication, PROFINET satisfies a wide range of requirements, from extremely fast I/O data transmission to parameter monitoring and configurations of equipment.

#### Flexible network topology

PROFINET is 100% Ethernet compatible according to IEEE standards and adapts to the environment of existing plant due to its flexible line, ring, and star structures.

#### Standardization

PROFINET is defined by international standards "IEC 61158" and "IEC 61784".

Concept of PROFINET has been developed based on standard Ethernet of IEEE802 through a joint effort with its users. Functionality has been added to cover the area that standard Ethernet cannot satisfy.

#### 1.6.3 PROFINET Communication

PROFINET is designed to support all applications in a plant versatilely with one bus.

Therefore, PROFINET has three different performance levels as described below.

For RC620 option fieldbus I/O, "2: RT (Real-time)" communication is supported.

1: NRT (Non Real-time)

This communication is based on TCP/IP.

This is used for applications where real-time communication is not required, such as inter-unit communication and parameter communication.

#### 2: RT (Real-time)

By adding a software protocol to the standard Ethernet hardware, this method actualizes real-time communication with approximately 10 ms intervals.

In particular, by defining a priority in VLAN tag (IEEE803.1Q) in Ethernet frame, RT frame is processed with a higher priority to non-real-time data (NRT, TCP/IP, etc.)

RT can offer almost the same performance as the existing fieldbus.

3: IRT (Isochronous Real-time)

Isochronous real-time communication (IRT) guarantees that communication is surely executed within an arbitral communication time (Deterministic) at a higher level than Real-time communication (RT).

This enables a clock rate of < 1 ms and a jitter precision of < 1 µs.

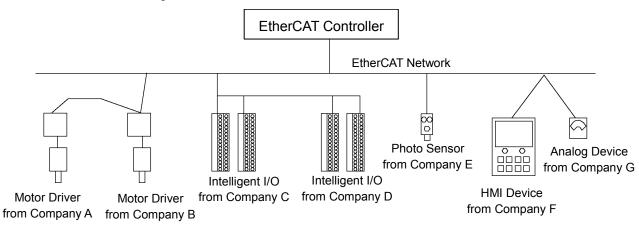
IRT is used for applications where a strict real-time performance is required, such as motion control. As a communication hardware, switch-function-embedded special ASIC is used. This method guarantees the real-time performance by dividing the communication band on Ethernet.

# 1.7 EtherCAT

## 1.7.1 Overview of EtherCAT

EtherCAT (Ethernet for Control Automation Technology) is a fieldbus network that provides easy interconnection between control devices (PLC, PC, sensor, actuator, etc.).

EtherCAT was developed as an open communication standard to connect various field devices (sensor, actuator, robot controller, etc.). Because of the open communication standard, EtherCAT can easily construct multi-vendor system with various devices developed around the world.



# 1.7.2 Features of EtherCAT

#### Protocol

EtherCAT uses only standard flames which comply with IEEE802.3. Therefore, EtherCAT flames are available for transmission from a general Ethernet controller (master) and are able to use standard tools (such as a monitoring tool).

EtherCAT protocol is optimized for the control data. It is directly stored in the Ethernet flame and transmitted.

#### **Reduced Wiring**

Compared with parallel wiring, EtherCAT employs a standard Ethernet cable which substantially reduces the number of necessary wires, wiring time and cost.

Detachable communication connectors provide you with simple wiring between nodes and easy network separation or reconstruction.

Specified environment-resistance cables allow you to construct an environment-resistant system at low cost.

Network topology of EtherCAT is usually line, but other topologies such as star, daisy chain, or ring can also be used.

NOTE

You can use the general network switch hub for EtherNet/IP. However, be sure to use a product complying with the industrial standards or a noise-resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use an office use product or UTP cable, it may causes communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

#### Open Standard (Multi-vendor)

Due to an open communication standard, various devices from many manufacturers are available. Standardized communication connectors provide you with easy network construction.

Maintenance spare parts stored on site (factory, etc.) can be reduced because different manufacturers' devices can be used in case of a breakdown. Similar products are available around the world due to a global standard EtherNet/IP.

#### Network Topology

Network topologies such as line, tree, star, and ring are supported and can be used in combinations.

Line topology, which is most commonly used for fieldbus, especially has no factor which reduces network performance since it does not require a network switch or hub. Therefore, the fastest and most reliable network construction is possible.

## 1.7.3 General Specifications

#### EtherCAT Communication Specifications

Item	Specification
Baud Rates (bps)	100 M (Full duplex)
Network Topology	Line, Tree, Star, Ring
Communication Range	Distance between nodes: within 100 m
Maximum Nodes	65535
Cable	STP cable Category 5

# 2. Installation

This chapter describes procedures for installing the network.

DeviceNet PROFIBUS DP

EtherNet/IP

PROFINET

EtherCAT

Refer to the sections according to the type of network you are installing.

# 2.1 DeviceNet



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the DeviceNet connecter from coming off.
<ol> <li>Use the connectors attached to the board.</li> <li>Insert the connectors all the way seated.</li> <li>Fix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the connectors.</li> </ol>

## 2.1.1 How to Setup a DeviceNet Network

The following is a basic procedure for setting up a DeviceNet network:

- Choose node layout and pathway on your network.
   For details, refer to the following section 2.1.2 DeviceNet Network Construction.
- Choose power supply method for communication.
   For details, refer to the following section 2.1.2 DeviceNet Network Construction.
- 3. Choose baud rate.

Choose the baud rate based on the network length. Select the fastest baud allowed for the length. Increasing network load due to slow baud rate may cause trouble including communication failure.

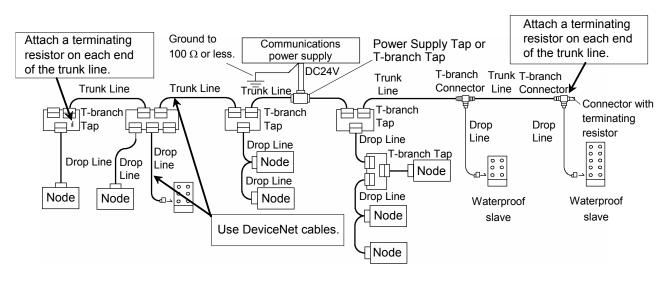
- Lay cables.
   For details, refer to the following section 2.1.2 DeviceNet Network Construction.
- Configure the nodes.
   For details, refer to respective manuals of your desired nodes.
- 6. Turn ON the communications power supply and nodes. Turn ON the communications power supply. After that (or simultaneously), turn ON the nodes to supply power. When the power to the nodes is supplied earlier than the power to the communication power supply, communication with the nodes may fail.

- 7. Install the DeviceNet board in your controller.
  When installing the DeviceNet master board, refer to the section 2.1.3 DeviceNet Master Board Installation later in this chapter.
  When installing the DeviceNet slave board, refer to the section 2.1.4 DeviceNet Slave Board Installation later in this chapter.
- 8. Operate the DeviceNet network.

# 2.1.2 DeviceNet Network Construction

#### Network Configuration

DeviceNet network is configured as shown in the following figure.



#### Node

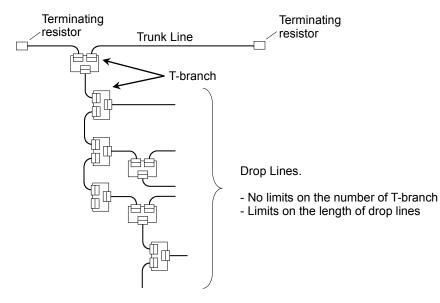
There are two types of nodes: master and slave. The master controls a network and gathers data from its slaves. The slaves, including external I/O and other devices, output data in response to the master's output order and informs the master of its input status.

You can install masters anywhere in the network. You can connect up to 64 nodes (including the server) in the network.

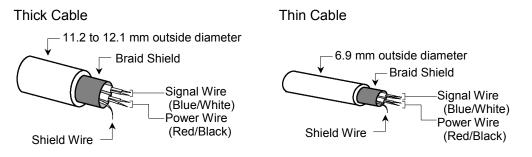
#### Trunk Line and Drop Line

Trunk line is a backbone cable of DeviceNet network with terminating resistors on the both ends.

Drop line is a branch of the trunk line.



For DeviceNet, 5-wire cables are used for trunk lines and drop lines. Commercially available DeviceNet cables can be used. There are two types of DeviceNet cables: Thick cable and Thin cable. Environment-resistant cable and flexible cable are available. For details of cables, see ODVA's Web site (http://www.odva.org/).



**Communications Cable Signal** 

Wire Type	Color	Details of Sig	gnal	Wire Identity
	Blue	Signal	Low	CAN L
Signal wire	White	Signal	High	CAN H
Power wire	Red	Communications Power	Positive	V+
	Black	Communications Power	Negative	V-
Shield wire	-	Shield		S

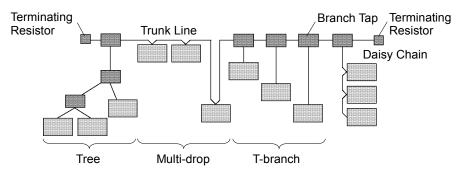
#### **Terminating Resistor**

To reduce reflections of communication signal, terminating resistors should be attached on both ends of the trunk line. For DeviceNet, nodes have no terminating resistor on the ends.

Attach 121  $\Omega$  +/-1%, 1/4W terminating resistors between the signal wires (CAN-H and CAN-L) of the trunk line cable. Some commercially available T-branch taps and connectors can accept terminating resistors. Molded terminating resistors with connectors are also available to attach to environment-resistant T-branch taps and connectors.

#### Node Connection

Nodes can be connected to a DeviceNet network by the following topologies: tree, multidrop, T-branch, daisy chain. For tree topology, there is no limitation of daisy chain layer but drop line length is limited. For details of drop line length, refer to the following section *Drop Line Length*.



#### **Communications Power Supply**

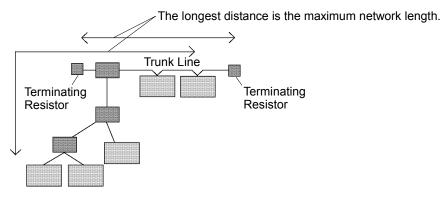
DeviceNet supplies 24V DC communications power to each node via 5-wire cables. You can install the communications power supply at any location in the DeviceNet network. Although the power can be shared to the node internal circuit power supply and I/O power supply, it is recommended to use a dedicated communications power supply.

#### Shield Ground of Signal Wire

Ground the DeviceNet network at one point with  $100 \Omega$  or less. As a noise countermeasure, you can leave the network ungrounded. For details, refer to *4. Trouble shooting*.

#### Maximum Network Length (Maximum Trunk Length)

The maximum network length is the longest distance either between terminating resistors or between the two most distant nodes on the network.



The maximum network length is determined by the type of cable and the baud rate.

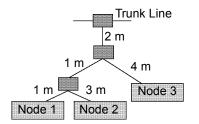
Poud Data	Maximum Ne	twork Length
Baud Rate	Thick Cable	Thin Cable
500 kbps	100 m	100 m
250 kbps	250 m	100 m
125 kbps	500 m	100 m

Both Thick Cable and Thin Cable can be combined and used for trunk lines. In this case, the maximum network length is calculated using the following formulas.

Baud Rate	Maximum Network Length
500 kbps	Thick Cable Length + Thin Cable Length $\leq 100$ m
250 kbps	Thick Cable Length + $2.5 \times$ Thin Cable Length $\leq 250$ m
125 kbps	Thick Cable Length + $5.0 \times$ Thin Cable Length $\leq 500$ m

#### **Drop Line Length**

Drop line length is the distance from a branch on the trunk line to the end of that branch.



In the figure above, each drop line length is as follows:

Drop Line to Node 1: 4 m

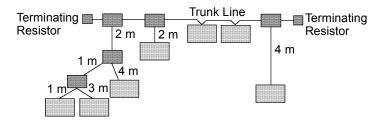
Drop Line to Node 2: 6 m

Drop Line to Node 3: 6 m

One drop line length should be 6m or less.

#### Total Drop Line Length

Total drop line length is the total distance of all drop lines in one network.



In the figure above, the total drop line length is 17 m.

The maximum total drop line length is restricted by baud rate as shown in the table below. The cable thickness is not related to the restriction.

Baud Rate	Max. Total Drop Line Length
500 kbps	39 m
250 kbps	78 m
125 kbps	156 m

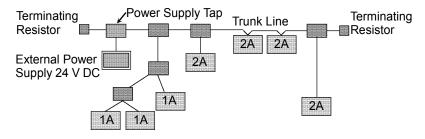
#### Cable Current Capacity

Current-carrying capacity of the DeviceNet network cable is restricted as below:

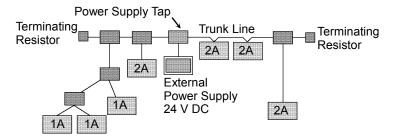
	Trunk Line		Drop Line (Llpit: A)
	Thick Cable Thin Cable Drop Line (Unit		Drop Line (Unit: A)
Current Capacity	8A	3A	$4.57$ / Drop Line Length (m) $\leq$ 3A

Following figures illustrate examples of power supply configuration.

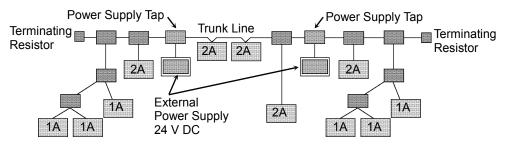
When an external power supply is installed in the network as shown in the figure below, the current capacity is 11A and it exceeds the permissible current of the cable.



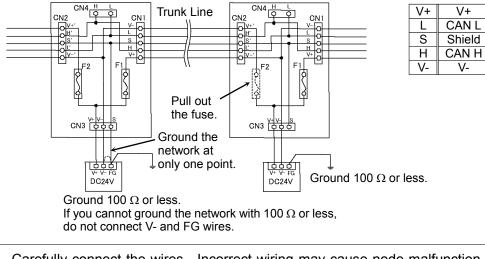
If the location of the external power supply is changed as shown in the figure below, the power supply can be used because the current capacity on the left side of the power supply tap is 5 A and 6 A on the right side.



If the current capacity consumed in the network exceeds the restriction of cable current capacity, it is possible to install more than one power supply in the network. If you attempt to install two or more power supplies, take necessary measures (pulling out a fuse on the power supply tap, etc.) to avoid conflicts between power outputs from multiple power supplies.



Following figure illustrates a sample wiring. An OMRON power supply tap is used in the example.





Carefully connect the wires. Incorrect wiring may cause node malfunction and severe damage to the entire DeviceNet network.

#### Modification and Installation of Communication Cables

Follow the steps described below to modify communication cables and connect them to connectors.



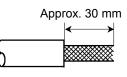
Be careful not to injure your hands or fingers on any sharp blades or tools used to modify the cable.

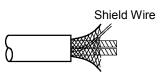
Use appropriate blades and/or tools to modify the cable. Using inappropriate blades and/or tools may result in bodily injury and/or equipment damage.

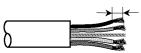
- Strip approx. 30 mm of the cable covering with extra care so that you do not scratch on the braided shield underneath. Do not strip the cable covering more than necessary. Excess stripping may cause short-circuit and/or make the cable more sensitive to noise.
- Carefully expand the meshes of the braided shield. Under the braided shield, there is one exposed bare twisted shield wire other than the signal wires and power wires that are wrapped with aluminum tape. The shield wire is slightly harder than the mesh.
- 3. Cut off the expanded braided shield and remove the aluminum tape around the signal wires and power wires. Then, strip the insulation from the signal wires and power wires for a length sufficient to connect them to crimp terminals.

Twist each stripped signal wire and power wire.

4. Set the crimping terminal on the stripped part of the wire and crimp it with a crimp tool. The following crimping terminals are recommended products.







Peel the coverings in enough length to connect the wires to crimping terminals.



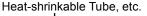
#### NICHIFU TC series

Model Number	Specifications	Special Tool
TMEV TC-0.5	For Thin Cable	
TMEV TC-2-11	For Thick Cable (power wire)	MH-32
TMEV TC-1.25-11	For Thick Cable (signal wire)	

Phoenix Contact AI series

Model Number	Specifications	Special Tool
AI 0.5-8WH	For Thin Cable (power wire)	
AI 0.25-8YE	For Thin Cable (signal wire)	CRIMPFOX UD6
AI 2.5-8BU	For Thick Cable (signal wire)	CRIVIPFOA UDO
AI 1-8RD	For Thick Cable (signal wire)	

5. Wrap or cover the cable with vinyl tape or heat-shrink tubing.





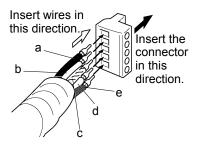


Loosen the screws securing the cables on the connector. If the screws are not loosened, the wires go into different openings on the rear of connector instead of the correct openings and the wires cannot be secured.

6. Ensure the correct connector orientation and insert the signal wires and shield wire to their respective holes on the connector.

As shown in the figure, insert the wires (black, blue, shield, white, and red) into the holes in the order named.

The following table shows the specified colors of the cables.

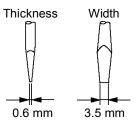


	Color	Details of Signal	Wire Identity
а	Black	Communications Power Supply (negative)	V-
b	Blue	Signal (Low)	CAN L
c	-	Shield	S
d	White	Signal (High)	CAN H
e	Red	Communications Power Supply (positive)	V+

7. Tighten each screw securing the wires on the connector.

Tighten the screw securing the wire at a correct tightening torque (0.25 to 0.3 N·m). To prevent thick cable from coming out due to cable tension, install the thick cable with enough length to allow for stretch.

Use a small flat blade screwdriver that has the correct width and thickness. If you use a typical screwdriver whose point is narrow, you cannot deeply insert it into the hole on the connector.



Specific screwdrivers for DeviceNet connector screw are:

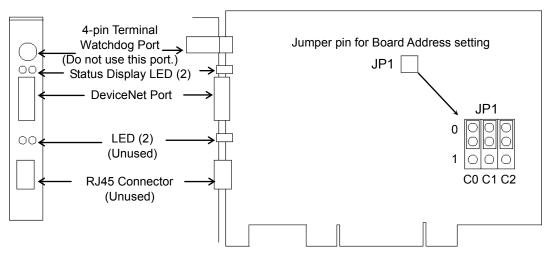
OMRON : XW4Z-00C Phoenix Contac : SZF-1 0.6×3.5

## 2.1.3 DeviceNet Master Board Installation

#### **Board Appearance**

Part names and functions of the DeviceNet master board are shown in the following figure. For details of the status display LEDs (Module/NetWork LED and IO LED), refer to *4. Troubleshooting* in this manual.

## PCU-DVNIO



Specifications		
Item	Specification	
Name	DeviceNet master board	
Modes	Master	
Baud rates	125, 250, 500 kbps	
Interface	1 DeviceNet port	
Supported Devices	Group 2 Only Server and U.C.M.M. capable	
Maximum Nodes	63	
Connection Types	Strobe, Polling, Cyclic and Change of State	
Explicit Messaging	N.	
Connection	Yes	
EDS Support	Yes	
Max. Input Data Size	1024 bits (128 bytes)	
Max. Output Data Size	1024 bits (128 bytes)	
Automatic Detection	Yes. Devices can be detected automatically.	

#### Modes

DeviceNet master board has the master mode and slave mode as motion modes. However, do not select the slave mode.

#### Master mode

The master device gathers and controls all nodes on one network.

DeviceNet master can control up to 64 nodes (max. 128 bytes) in one network.

PLC is typically configured as a master and controls all nodes in factory automation system, but EPSON RC+ is also capable of being a master.

DeviceNet network configuration is specified by configuration management software. This is normally provided by a master device manufacturer. The configuration management software determines parameters for each slave device via an Electronic Data Sheet (EDS).

Available connection types are Polling, Strove, Cyclic, Change Of State, and Explicit messaging.

Available baud rates are 125 kbps, 250 kbps, and 500 kbps.

For the setting instruction, refer to Master Mode later in this chapter.

#### Software Installation

Before adding DeviceNet master boards to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed, you must install the applicomIO Console application and drivers according to the type of the board you are using.

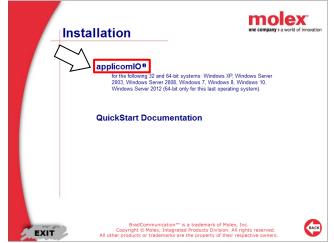
- 1. Insert the applicomIO Console CD-ROM to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed.
- 2. The dialog shown below appears. Select <Run setup.exe>.



3. The [Summary] dialog box appears. Select "Products Installation".



4. The [Installation] dialog box appears. Select "applicomIO".



5. If the Microsoft.NET Framwork 4.0 is not installed, following dialog window appears.

Click <i< th=""><th>nstall&gt;.</th></i<>	nstall>.
applicom	IO - InstallShield Wizard
	pplicomIO requires the following items to be installed on your computer. Click Install begin installing these requirements.
Status	Requirement
Pending	Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 Full
	Install

6. The applicomIO Console application installer runs and the [Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for applicomIO] dialog box appears.

Click <Next>.

🛃 applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard		
	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for applicomIO	
moleck	The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install applicomIO on your computer. To continue, click Next.	
	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.	
	< B Cancel	

7. The [License Agreement] dialog box appears.

Read the software license agreement and click <Next>.

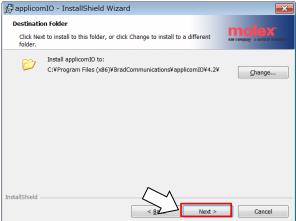
📸 applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard
License Agreement Please read the following license agreement carefully.
Software License Agreement
Please review the following terms and conditions carefully before installation. By installing this package, you indicate your acceptance of such terms and conditions.
License and Terms Woodhead Software & Electronics (WSE) grants you a license to:
I do not accept the terms in the license agreement      I do not accept the terms in the license agreement
InstallShield

8. The [Customer Information] dialog box appears. Now register the user information. Type in the user name (Name:) and company name (Company:).

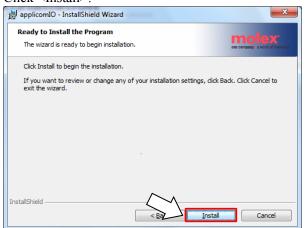
븅 applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard	×
Customer Information Please enter your information.	DIRE COMPANY I A WORLD OF EXPONENCE
User Name:	
Organization:	
~	
nstallShield	Next > Cancel

 The [Destination Folder] dialog box appears.
 Specify the installation folder for the applicomIO Console application. The default specifies here:

C:\Program Files(x86)\BoadCommunications\applicomIO\4.2 If you agree to the default installation folder, click <Next>.



10. The [Ready to Install the Program] dialog box appears. Click <Install>.



 Installation of applicomIO Console application starts. After the installation completes, the [InstallShield Wizard Completed] dialog box appears.

Click <Finish>.

applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard      InstallShield Wizard Completed      InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed applicomIO.      Click Finish to exit the wizard.		
	InstallShield Wizard Completed	
	The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed applicomIO. Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
	$\sim$	
	< Ba Finish Cancel	

12. The message prompting you to reboot your PC appears. Select "Yes" and reboot the PC.

🛃 applico	omIO Installer Informat	ion 🛛 🔍
i	changes made to applic	ystem for the configuration omIO to take effect. Click Yes you plan to restart later.
$\sum$	Yes	No

13. Refer to the next section Board Installation to install the DeviceNet master board.

# **Board Installation**



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

 Configure the board address jumper (JP1) on DeviceNet master board. You can install one Fieldbus master board to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed.

The board number should be "1".

Refer to the following table for JP1 configuration.

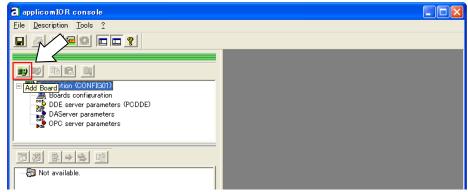
Short Socket Board No.	C0	C1	C2
1	0: Short	0: Short	0: Short

- 2. Install the DeviceNet master board to the PCI bus of the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed. Installation method of the DeviceNet board to the PCI bus and how to open the cover differ depending on the type of computers. Refer to the manuals of each computer on how to install the board to the PCI bus.
- 3. Connect the DeviceNet master board with the DeviceNet network.
- 4. Start up the PC.
- 5. Open the <applicomIO Console> installation folder and start the <applicomIO Console> application.

Following is specified for <applicomIO Console> installation folder as default. C:\Program Files(x86)\BoadCommunications\applicomIO\4.1



6. The [applicomIOR console] dialog box appears. Add the DeviceNet master board. Click the <Add Board> icon.



 The [Add New Board] dialog box appears. Confirm that "PCU-DVNIO" is displayed in [Board to Add]-[Board Type] and click <OK>.

Add New Board		? 🛛
Board 1: AD Board to AD Board Type : PCI/PCU-DVNIO Description : 1 DeviceNet channel	Informations A PCI/PCU-DVNIO board correctly detected. Press Ok to add this one in your configuration.	
PC104/ISA Board Parameters <u>D</u> PRAM Base Address : D4000		
	ОК	<u>C</u> ancel Help

If the board cannot be detected, the following dialog appears. Make sure that the board is correctly inserted.

Add New Board		? 🗙
Board 1: Board to Add Board Type : ABSENT Description : PC104/ISA Board Parameters DPRAM Base Address : 04000 V Diagnostic and Manual Configuration >> 1	Informations No board 1 was detected. Press the "Diagnostic and Manual Configuration" button to have more information or to manually configure this one.	
	OK <u>C</u> ancel Help	,

- 8. When you finish adding the DeviceNet master board to the applicomIO Console application, reboot the PC.
  - 8-1 Shutdown the applicomIO Console application.

When the applicomIO Console application shuts down, the message below appears. Click <Yes>.



8-2 The next message dialog follows. Click <OK>.

applicom	mIOR Console	×
¢,	You have to restart the PC in order to your new configuration takes effect o	n the applicomIO₃ driver.

- 8-3 Reboot the Windows.
- 9. After the PC is rebooted, refer to the next section *Master Mode* and continue the step.

#### Master Mode

- 1. Check that the DeviceNet master board is connected to the DeviceNet network.
- Open the <applicomIO Console> install folder and run the <console.exe> application. Following is specified for <applicomIO Console> install folder as default. C:\Program Files(x86)\BoadCommunications\applicomIO\4.1



3. The [applicomIOR console] dialog box appears. Register the device information (EDS file) that is necessary for the network setup.

applicomIOR console			
<u>File Description Library Network Protocol</u>	<u>T</u> ools <u>I</u> tems	ns <u>?</u>	
	1		
		P- 🔊 DeviceNet Master: MAC ID: 00 - Baud Rate: 125 Kbits/s	
🖃 🐺 Description (CONFIG01)	~		
Boards configuration	=		
🚽 🔊 Protocol (DeviceNet): DeviceNe	it, Master/S		
CDE server parameters (PCDDE)	~		
(5)		-	
Equipment Available	^		
⊡∰ AC Drives ⊡∰ Barcode Scanner			
🕀 🖑 Communication 🖌 Manter			
Contractor Contactor	~		
Equipment Library			
Loading description files complete			
Loading configuration files Loading configuration files complete			-
🛄 Output Message View			
Ready	Configured	red boards state : 1 F	14

- 4. Select [Protocol].
- 5. Select the [Equipment Library] tab.
- 6. Click the <Add> icon.
- The [Select configuration files] dialog box appears. Specify the EDS file that is supplied by the device manufacturer. Click <Open>.

Select configuration files	
Look jn: 🔁 Equipment Library 💽 🔶 🖆 🏢 🗸	
DeviceNet_eds  THERNET_IP_EDS  ThernetIX:ml  Multi_Messaging_Ethernet  Profinet  Profibus  Profibus  Profibus	
File name:	

- 8. Select [Protocol]-[Properties] from the applicomIOR console menu. applicomIOR console <u>File Description Library Network Protocol Tools Items ?</u> 9 9 9 9 9 7 7 8 <u>C</u>ollapse/Expand Þø 🗓 Duplicate Ctrl+D [NoAe] iceNet Local Sla 📓 Delete 10 🖻 🖻 🔍 Properties 🐯 Description (CONFIG01) Boards configuration ⊡ ■ Board 1: PCI/PCU-DV 🦻 Diagn<u>o</u>stic.. Protocol (DeviceNet) E Option. DDE server parameters (PCDDE) 2 > [종] (종) - **C**h c
- والطانعين 9. The [Device Net Master] dialog box appears. Configure the Baud Rate, MAC ID (master address), and so on for the DeviceNet

When the master sett	ting is completed, click <ok></ok>
DeviceNet Master	×
General Configuration 1/O Summ	hary
Baud Rate :	125 Kbits/s •
MAC ID :	
Interscan Delay (2 - 9000) :	2
Foreground to Background Poll Ratio (1- 32000):	
	M
	Help OK Cancel

network.

NOTE (P

Load on a bus can be controlled by the Baud Rate and Interscan Delay settings. When the load exceeds 60%, the DeviceNet network communication will be unstable, for example, more communication errors. Set the configuration to minimize the load.

For verification of the load on the bus using the applicomIO Console application, refer to 4. Troubleshooting in this manual.

10. Select [Network Detection].

a applicom IOR console		
File Description Library Network Protocol Too	Tools Items ?	لعار
	DeviceNet Master : MAC ID: 00 - Baud Rate: 125 Kbits/s	
	[None] DeviceNet Local Slave	
🖃 🕎 Description (CONFIG01)		
Boards configuration		
Board 1: PCI/PCU-DVNIO	Master /SI	
server parameters (PCDDE)		
< (11)		
(10)		
$\int \int (10)$		
🔄 Equipment Library 🙀 Network Detection		
		1
Loading description files complete		^
Loading configuration files Loading configuration files complete		
Output Message View		
Ready	Configured boards state : 1 F	14 //

- 11. Click the <Read Network Configuration> icon.
- 12. The following message appears. Click <Yes>.

applicomIO® console
Roard(s) is already initialized. Do you want to reinitialize your board(s) ?

13. The [Network Detection] dialog box appears and the devices on the Fieldbus will be read in.



14. The list of detected devices is displayed in [Network detection] panel.

applicomIOR console	
<u>File Description Library N</u> etwork <u>P</u> rotocol Tools Items	2
	Er 🔊 DeviceNet Master: MAC ID: 01 - Baud Rate: 500 Kbits/s
E-P Description (CONFIG01)	
🖻 💻 Boards configuration	
E 📲 Board 1: PCI/PCU-DVNIO	
Protocol (DeviceNet): DeviceNet, Master/SI	
DDE server parameters (PCDDE)	
Mile         Mac         ID: 2 - TDN-800-108           MAC         ID: 3 - TDN-808-118	
Equipment Library 🙀 Network Detection	

15. Select a device you want to scan.

applicomIOR console	
<u>File Description Library Network Protocol Tools Items</u>	2
	E 🦻
	□- g0 DeviceNet Master : MAC ID: 01 - Baud Rate: 500 Kbits/s □_@@ [None] DeviceNet Local Slave
Boards configuration Board 1: PCL/PCU-DVNIO G Protocol (DeviceNet): DeviceNet, Master/SI DDE servy rameters (PCDDE) (16)	
Image: Second	
Equipment Library	

- 16. Click the <Insert in Configuration> icon.
- 17. The following dialog box appears.

[002] – 16 Input	
General Configuration   EDS Information   Connection Configuration   Identification Equipment: 002 v MAC ID: 002 v Link v Active	Check Identification
Description	I Revision
<u>H</u> elp	<u>OK</u> <u>C</u> ancel

- 17-a Select [Connection Configuration] tab. Connections Parameters appear to communicate with the slave device.
  - Displayed items are different depending on the slave device.
  - Displayed Connections Parameters are information that is set on the Fieldbus master board. Make sure that the information matches with that of the slave device.

[002] - 16 Input	
General Configuration EDS Information Connection Conf	iguration
Polling	Change Of State
Input Size (0 - 255) : 🔋 🚊 Bytes	Input Size (0 - 255) : 🛛 📑 Bytes
Output Size (0 - 255) : 0 📑 Bytes	Output Size (0 - 255) : 📋 📃 Bytes
Poll Rate : Every scan 💌	Heartbeat Rate (48 - 30000) : 🔁 ms
Strobe	Cyclic
Input Size (0 - 8): 🛛 🚍 Bytes	Input Size (0 - 255) : 🛛 🚍 Bytes
	Output Size (0 - 255) : 📋 📃 Bytes
EDS <u>D</u> efault Values	Send Rate (48 - 30000) : 1000 🚍 ms
<u>V</u> alues from Device	
Name : Input 1 Description :	M
·	Help OK Cancel

Change parameters as necessary.

After completing setting, click <OK>.



Connections Parameters that are set for the Fieldbus master board and information of the slave device need to be matched.

Communication with the slave device is not performed if they do not match. Change the information of either Connections Parameters or Fieldbus master board.

Please consult with the slave device manufacturer if the information is unclear.

17-b <Expert Mode> will appear when the applicomIO Console application is used in the "Expert Mode".

[002] – 16 Input	×
General Configuration   EDS Information   Connection Confi ✓ Polling Input Size (0 - 255) : ③ ☆ Bytes Output Size (0 - 255) : ○ ☆ Bytes Poll Rate : Every scan ▼	ieuration Explicit Message EDS Viewer Change Of State Input Size (0 - 255) : 3 Bytes Output Size (0 - 255) : 0 Bytes Heartbeat Rate (48 - 30000) : 250 mmmm
T Strobe Input Size (0 - 8) : T Bytes	Cyclic Input Size (0 - 255) : 3 Bytes Output Size (0 - 255) : 0 Bytes
EDS Default Values Expert Mode	✓ Send Rate (48 - 30000): <u>1000</u> ms
Description :	Help <u>OK</u> <u>C</u> ancel

To configure details of "Change Of State" and "Cyclic", click <Expert Mode> and display the [Expert Mode] dialog box.

Expert Mode			×
Change Of State / Cyclic			
Change Of State Inhibit Timer (0 - 32000)	1	ms	<u>D</u> efault Values
Time Out (0 - 10000)	16	ms	
	<u>H</u> elp		<u>QK</u> <u>C</u> ancel

NOTE Ē

Never disable [Ack]. When the [Ack] checkbox is unchecked, a failed connection is not regarded as an error.

17-c When the system cannot identify the device you want to use (its EDS file is not registered), the following dialog box will appear.

MAC ID: 2 - TDN-8C0-108	×
Files Choice	
No EDS file matches to the device! Do you want to create an EDS file ?	
Device Name   File Name	
Qreate New EDS File	
Help <u>OK</u> Cancel	

In this case, obtain the EDS file from the device manufacturer and register it by following the step 7. After that, follow the step 10.

18. Check the communication status with each slave devices.

Click the <Diagnostic> icon.

a configuration (Dirac console       Image: Configuration (Dirac console         Image: Configuration (Dirac console       Image: Configuration (Dirac console)         Image: Configuration (Dirac console)       Image: Conf	8	
Image:	a applicomTOR console	_ 🗆 🗙
Mater:	Elle Description Library Network Protocol Iools Items 🔉 🦯	
Mater:		
Image: Second		
Description (CONFIGNT)     Description (CON		
Boards configuration     Boards configuration     Protocol (DeviceNet). DeviceNet, Ma     OPO server parameters      OPO server parameters      MAC ID: 2 = EPSON R0700 DeviceNet Si      MAC ID: 2 = EPSON R0700 DeviceNet Si      Estiment Library (M) Network Detecton      Surving configuration files      Surving configuration files complete      Updut Message Varv		
Saving configuration files		
Soving configuration files		
Corporation files		
Staving configuration files	OPC server parameters	
Staving configuration files		
Staving configuration files		
Staving configuration files		
Saving configuration files Saving configuration files Duput Message View		
Saving configuration files	에 타 수 속 사직	
MAC ID: 2 - EPSON RO700 DeviceNet St      Mac ID: 2 - EPSON RO700 DeviceNet St      Saving configuration files _     Saving configuration files _     Duput Message Vare      Duput Message Vare		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files       Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files complete	Equipment Library 98 Network Detection	
Saving configuration files complete		
Saving configuration files complete	Saving configuration files	
Dutput Message View		=
		-
Ready Configured boards state :	Dutput Message Verw	
	Ready Configured boar	ds state :

19. The [Diagnostic Board] dialog box is displayed.

L	0	 0	1 2	
🔁 Diagnos	stic Board : 1			_ 🗆 ×
Diagnostic	?			
Q 1/0				
_				
Boar	d 1 PCI/PCU_DVNIO			
- <u>-</u>	Channel 0 : DEVICENET			
	Equipment N*:2			
1				

If it cannot communicate with the slave device, the following dialog box appears.

Connections Parameters for the Fieldbus master board and information of the slave device may not be matched.

👱 Diagnostic Board : 1	_ 🗆 🗙
Diagnostic ?	
ou Q	
Board 1 PC/PCU_DVNIO	

Connections Parameters for the Fieldbus master board can be checked by the following procedure.

First, select the slave device which is registered to the Fieldbus master board.

Then, click the left mouse button and select < Properties>.

applicomIOR console	×
File Description Library Network Protocol Tools Items ?	
Bit Simple       Bescription (CONFIG01)         Bit Board configuration       Bit Board 1: POL/POLVDO         Bit Board 1: POL/POLVDO       Bit Board 1: POL/POLVDO         Bit Board 2: POLPOLVDO       Bit Board 1: POL/POLVDO         Bit Board 1: POL/POLVDO       Bit Board 1: POL/POLVDO         Bit Board 1: POLVDO       Bit Board 1: POLVDO         Bit Board 1: POLVDO <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
Saving configuration files Saving configuration files complete	
Output Message View	
Ready Configured boards state :	

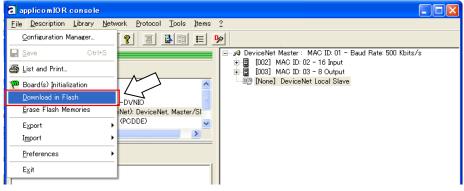
The property information of selected slave device is displayed.

[002] – EPSON RC700 DeviceNet Slave		×
General Configuration EDS Information Connection Configuration Onlin Identification Equipment : 002 V MAC ID : 002 V Link V Active	e Parameters	De l
		×
<< Brevious Next >> Help	<u>O</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel

Select the [Connection Configuration] tab. Connections Parameters appear to communicate with the slave device.

[002] – EPSON RC700 DeviceNet Slave	×
General Configuration EDS Information Connection (	Donfiguration Parameters
Polling	Change Of State
Input Size (0 - 255) : 📴 📑 Bytes	Input Size (0 - 255) : 32 😴 Bytes
Output Size (0 - 255) : 32 🐳 Bytes	Output Size (0 - 255) : 32 😴 Bytes
Poll Rate : Every scan 💌	Heartbeat Rate (48 - 30000) : 250 📩 ms
Strobe	Cyclic
Input Size (0 - 8) : B 😴 Bytes	Input Size (0 - 255) : 32 😴 Bytes
	Output Size (0 - 255) : 32 😤 Bytes
EDS Default Values	Send Rate (48 - 30000) : 1000 🚔 ms
<u>V</u> alues from De∨ice	
Name : Description :	* *
<< <u>Previous</u>	Help OK Qancel

20. Select [File]-[Download in Flash] from the applicomIOR console menu. Register the configuration to the Fieldbus master board.

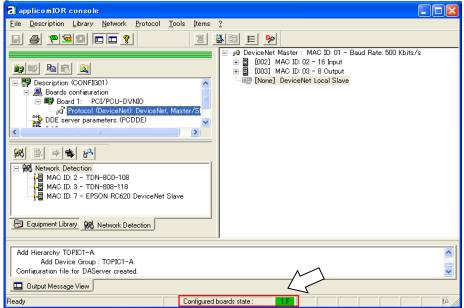


NOTE

Make sure that the flash memory of Fieldbus master board stores the configuration; otherwise the Fieldbus master board cannot correctly function. Also, you cannot control it from EPSON RC+7.0.

If you changed the configuration, select [File]-[Download in Flash] from the applicomIOR console menu and register the configuration to the fieldbus master board.

21. After few seconds, the display of "Configured boards state" on the status bar turns to green.



Now, the Fieldbus master board is ready to operate in the master mode.

- 22. Close the applicomIO Console application.
- 23. Refer to the section EPSON RC+7.0 configuration and continue the step.

# EPSON RC+ 7.0 configuration

To use the Fieldbus master board, the Robot system option setting and Fieldbus master setting should be enabled on the EPSON RC+ 7.0.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[Option Setting] and display the [Option] dialog box.
- 2. See the *EPSON RC+ Users Guide: 20. Installing Controller Options* and enable the Fieldbus Master option.
- 3. The following message dialog appears.

Changes will take affect during the next session.
onanges will take affect daring the flext session.
OK

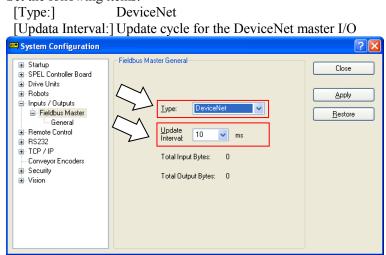
Click <OK> and reboot the EPSON RC+7.0.

After the EPSON RC+7.0 is started, the option setting is enabled.

4. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup SFEL Controller Board Drive Units Robots Robots Fieldbus Master Remote Control RS232 TCP / IP Conveyor Encoders Security Vision	Fieldbus Master General Iype: None Update Interval: 10 v ms Total Input Bytes: 0 Total Output Bytes: 0	Close Apply Restore

- 5. Select [Inputs/Outputs]-[Fieldbus Master]-[General].
- 6. Set the following items:



7. Click < Apply>.

Confirm that the following is displayed.

Total Input Bytes : Number of inputs the master controls (Bytes)

- Total Output Bytes : Number of outputs the master controls (Bytes)
- 8. Click <Close>. The following dialog box appears. The Robot Controller automatically starts rebooting.



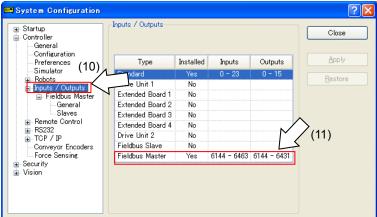
9. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Preferences (10)	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
	St ndard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	e Unit 1	No			Eestore
Fieldbus Master	Extended Board 1	No			
General	Extended Board 2	No			
Slaves	Extended Board 3	No			
Remote Control     RS232	Extended Board 4	No		. /	$\land$
TCP / IP	Drive Unit 2	No		$\sim$	(11)
Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	No			<u>``</u> ک
Force Sensing	Fieldbus Master	Yes	6144 - 6463	6144 - 6431	1
<ul> <li>ecurity</li> <li>Uision</li> </ul>					1

- 10. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 11. Confirm that "Fieldbus master" displays the following:

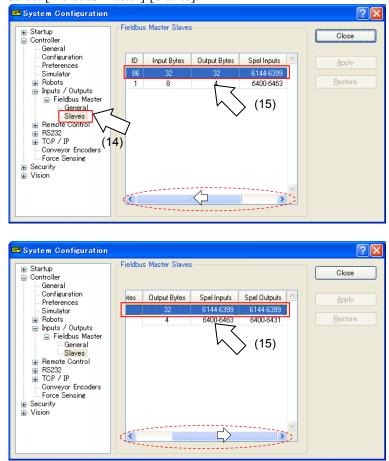
Installed : Yes Inputs : "6144" – "6144 + Number of inputs the master controls (Bits) ) Outputs : "6144" – "6144 + Number of outputs the master controls (Bits) )

12. Select [Fieldbus Master]-[General].



13. Confirm that the following is displayed.

Total Input Bytes: Number of inputs the master controls (Bytes)Total Output Bytes: Number of outputs the master controls (Bytes)

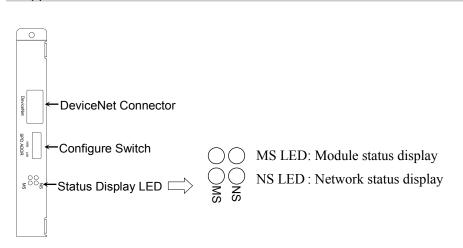


14. Select [Fieldbus Master]-[Slaves].

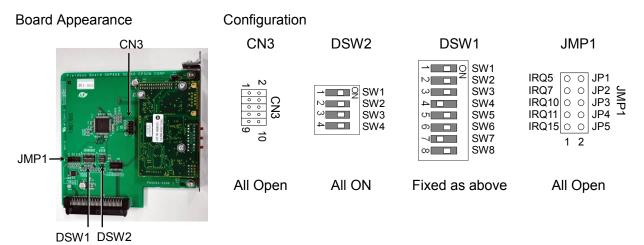
- 15. Confirm that the following information the master controls is displayed.
  - ID: Fieldbus station ID of slaveInput Bytes: Number of inputs per slave (Bytes)Output Bytes: Number of outputs per slave (Bytes)Spel Inputes: Number of inputs per slave (Bits)Spel Outputs: Number of outputs per slave (Bits)

# 2.1.4 DeviceNet Slave Board Installation

#### Appearance



The Fieldbus slave board is configured as follows at shipment.



DeviceNet Communication Specifications				
Item	Specification			
Name	DeviceNet s	lave board	•	
Supported Connection	I/O messagin	ng connection	n (Polling), Exp	licit message
	connection			
	DeviceNet c	ommunicatio	on protocol	
Baud Rates	125 k / 250 l	k / 500 k (bps	s)	
Transfer Distance		Max.		Total Drop Line
	Baud Rates	Network	Drop Length	Length
		Length		Longth
	500 k (bps)         100 m         6 m or under         39 m or under			
	250 k (bps)	250 m *	6 m or under	78 m or under
	125 k (bps)	500 m *	6 m or under	156 m or under
Cable	5-wire cable	dedicated to	DeviceNet	
	(2 wires for	signal, 2 wire	es for power sup	ply, 1 shield wire)
Communications	24 VDC (su	onlied from a	connector)	
Power Supply Voltage	24 VDC (Suj		t connector)	
Communication				
Power Supply Current	Maximum 3	0 mA		
Consumption				
Mode	Slave			
Interface	1 DeviceNet port			
Max. Input data size	2048 bits (256 bytes)			
Max. Output data size	2048 bits (256 bytes)			

\* When Thin cable is used for trunk line, the maximum network length is 100 m.

# LED Description of DeviceNet

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus board.

LED	status	NS	MS
OFF		Communications power supply OFF Disconnected	Device power supply OFF
GRN	ON	Link OK Online connected	Device operating
	Blinking	Online disconnected	Data size error
DED	ON	Link error	Critical error
RED	Blinking	Communication time out	Error

# Configure switch configuration



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Set the baud rates between the MAC address of the device and the master by setting the DeviceNet slave board configure switch.

1. Set the MAC address for DeviceNet slave board by setting the configure switch. Make sure that the MAC address is different from the other devices in the network. Refer to the following table for the configuration.

	Switch					
MAC address	sw3 (MSB)	sw4	sw5	sw6	sw7	sw8 (LSB)
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
3	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
62	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF
63 (at shipment)	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON

2. Set the DeviceNet slave baud rate. Check the master configuration and set the same baud rate. Refer to the following table for configuration settings.

Baud Rate	Switch		
Dauu Kale	sw1	sw2	
125 k	OFF	OFF	
250 k	OFF	ON	
500 k	ON	OFF	
Configuration prohibited	ON	ON	

#### Wiring

DeviceNet connector is a 5-pin open connector. Use the connector attached to the board for wiring.

Terminal name for each pin

Terminal Number	Terminal Name
1	V-
2	CAN_L
3	SHELD
4	CAN_H
5	V+

NOTE

Prepare the cable for DeviceNet sold in the market as a communication cable. Install terminating resistors at both ends of the network.

## **Board Installation**

WARNING

Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the board to the dedicated slot on the Robot Controller.

Reference manual:

Robot Controller RC700: Maintenance 6.10 Option Board Robot Controller RC90: Maintenance 6.8 Option Board

# Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When the DeviceNet slave board is installed to the controller, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the DeviceNet slave board using the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Bobots	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
E Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
Remote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	<u>Hestoie</u>
- PC222 T	Extended Board 2	No			
± TCP/IP (2)	Extended Board 3	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			
	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
🗄 - Vision	Fieldbus Master	No	Г	$\zeta$	
			h	→ <sub>(3)</sub>	

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that the following are displayed in the Fieldbus slave.

Installed : Yes Inputs : 512-767 (default setting) Outputs : 512-767 (default setting)

4. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

System Configuration			? 🛛
■- Startup ■- SPEL Controller Board ■- Drive Units	Fieldbus I/O Slave		Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	Fieldbus Type:	DeviceNet	Apply
- Fieldbus Slave - General	Fieldbus Slave ID:	63	<u>R</u> estore
Remote Control	Baud Rate:	500 Kbps	
	/ Input Bytes:	32 💌	
Conveyor Encoders	Output Bytes:	32 🔽	Z
🗄 - Vision			(5)

5. Make sure that the following is displayed.

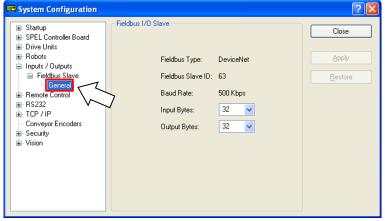
Fieldbus Type	: DeviceNet
Fieldbus Slave ID	: (Displays the configure switch MAC address)
Baud Rate	: (Displays the configure switch baud rate)
Input Bytes	: 32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	: 32 (default setting)

6. Click <Close>.

### Editing of input / output size

You can change the input/output size of DeviceNet slave board if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].



3. Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup SFEL Controller Board Drive Units Robots Inputs / Outputs Fieldbus Slave General Remote Control RS232 TCP / IP Conveyor Encoders Security Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: DeviceN Fieldbus Slave ID: 63 Baud Rate: 500 Kbps Input Bytes: 32 Output Bytes: 32	<u>R</u> estore

- 4. Click < Apply>.
- 5. Click <Close> and the following message dialog appears. The Robot Controller automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RC+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

6. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box

⊪ - Startup ⊪ - SPEL Controller Board ⊪ - Drive Units	<ul> <li>Inputs / Outputs</li> </ul>				Close
Bobots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0-23	0 - 15	Destaue
Remote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Restore
∎ RS232	Extended Board 2	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 3	No			
Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			
■ Security	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
Vision	Fieldbus Master	No			

- 7. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 8. Make sure that the following is displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Inputs :512 – (512 + Changed number of input (Bits)) Outputs :512 – (512 + Changed number of output (Bits))

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs.

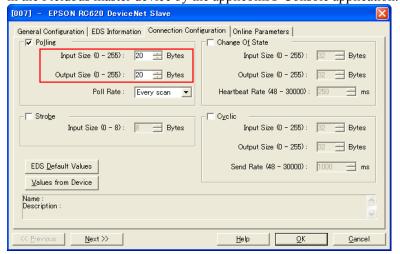
Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

9. Click <Close>.

NOTE (P

When you change the input/output size of DeviceNet slave board, you need to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the applicomIO Console application.



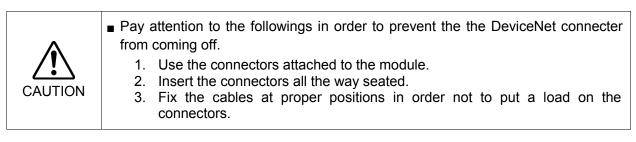
# Electronic Information File (EDS file)

An EDS file is supplied for DeviceNet slave board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

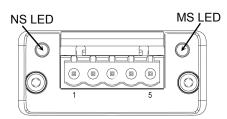
\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\DeviceNet

# 2.1.5 DeviceNet Slave Module Installation

Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.



# Appearance



DeviceNet	Communication S	pecifications
-----------	-----------------	---------------

Item		Specification				
Name	DeviceNet slave module					
Supported Connection	I/O messagin	I/O messaging connection (Polling), Explicit message				
	connection					
	DeviceNet c	ommunicatio	on protocol			
Baud Rates	125 k / 250 l	k / 500 k (bp	s)			
Transfer Distance		Max.		Total Drop Line		
	Baud Rates	Network	Drop Length	Length		
		Length		Length		
	500 k (bps)	100 m	6 m or under	39 m or under		
	250 k (bps)	250 m *	6 m or under	78 m or under		
	125 k (bps)	500 m *	6 m or under	156 m or under		
Cable	5-wire cable	dedicated to	DeviceNet			
	(2 wires for	signal, 2 wir	es for power sup	ply, 1 shield wire)		
Communications	24 VDC (su	nolied from	connector)			
Power Supply Voltage	24 VDC (Suj	ppned nom a	( connector)			
Communication						
Power Supply Current	Maximum 3	0 mA				
Consumption						
Mode	Slave					
Interface	1 DeviceNet	port				
Max. Input data size	2048 bits (256 bytes)					
Max. Output data size	2048 bits (2:	2048 bits (256 bytes)				

\* When Thin cable is used for trunk line, the maximum network length is 100 m.

#### LED Description of DeviceNet

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus module.

#### NS: Network Status LED

LED State	Indication
Off	Not online / No network power
Green	On-line, one or more connections are established
Flashing Green	On-line, no connections established
(1 Hz)	
Red	Critical link failure, fatal event
Flashing Red	One or more connections timed-out
(1 Hz)	
Alternating	Executing self test
Red/ Green	

# MS: MLED

LED State	Indication
Off	Not operating
Green	Operating in normal condition
Flashing Green	Missing, incorrect or incomplete configuration, device needs
(1 Hz)	commissioning.
Red	Unrecoverable Fault(s)
Flashing Red	Recoverable Fault(s)
(1 Hz)	
Alternating	Executing self test
Red/ Green	

# Configure switch configuration

The DeviceNet slave module requires no configurations.

All the DeviceNet communication configurations are set by the development software (EPSON RC+ 7.0).

### Wiring

DeviceNet connector is a 5-pin open connector. Use the connector attached to the board for wiring.

Terminal name for each pin

Terminal Number	Terminal Name	Description		
1	V-	Negative bus supply voltage		
1	v -	(DeviceNet bus power)		
2	CAN_L	CAN low bus line		
3	SHELD	Cable shield		
4	CAN_H	CAN high bus line		
5	V+	Positive bus supply voltage		
5	$\mathbf{v}$ +	(DeviceNet bus power)		



Prepare the cable for DeviceNet sold in the market as a communication cable. Install terminating resistors at both ends of the network.

#### Module Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the module to the dedicated slot on the T3 series Manipulator.

Reference manual:

T3 series Manipulator Setup&Operation 17. Fieldbus I/O

#### Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When the DeviceNet slave module is installed to the T3 series Manipulator, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the DeviceNet module board using the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog

box.					
System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	- Inputs / Outputs				Close
Bobots	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
Remote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Testoie
- pc222	Extended Board 2	No			
	Extended Board 3	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			
庄 Security	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
🛓 Vision	Fieldbus Master	No	Γ	$\langle$	
			V	~7	
				$\sim$ (3)	

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that the following are displayed in the Fieldbus slave.

Installed	: Yes
Inputs	: 512-767 (default setting)
Outputs	: 512-767 (default setting)

4. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

Startup Controller General	Fieldbus I/O Slave	Close
-Configuration -Preferences Simulator Drive Units Robots Hereidbus Master Fieldbus Master -Fieldbus Stave -General Remote Contra Resource Contra	Node Address: 1	Apply Restore
Remote Contro	7	5

5. Make sure that the following is displayed.

Fieldbus Type	: DeviceNet
Node Address	: Configure switch Node address
Baud Rate	: Configure switch baud rate
Input Bytes	: 32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	: 32 (default setting)

6. Click <Close>.

# Editing of configuration

You can change the configuration of DeviceNet slave module if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

Startup       Close         Controller       -General         -General       Fieldbus Type: DeviceNet         -Simulator       Fieldbus Type: DeviceNet         Simulator       Node Address: 1 •         Profe Units       Baud Rate: 250 Kbps •         Profutor / Outputs       Input Bytes: 32 •         Prekibus Slave       Output Bytes: 32 •         Browne Control       Fieldbus Slave         Brezzaz       Security         Brezzaz       Security	System Configuration	hours 12		? ×
	Controller -General -Configuration -Preferences -Simulator Drive Units Robots Robots -Robots -Fieldbus Master -Fieldbus Slave -General Remote Control RS232 TCP / IP Security	Fieldbus Type: Node Address: Baud Rate: Input Bytes:	1 • 250 Kbps • 32 •	Apply

3. Set the Node address.

Make sure that the Node address is different from the other devices in the network.

# 4. Set the baud rate.

Check the master configuration and set the same baud rate.

- 5. Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes].
- 6. Click < Apply>.
- 7. Click <Close> and the following message dialog appears.

T3 series Manipulator (Controller) automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RO+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

8. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inputs / Outputs</li> </ul>				Close
Robots	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Inputs / Outputs     Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Bastara
Remote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 · 95	Restore
I BS232	Extended Board 2	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 3	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			
. Security	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	]
😟 Vision	Fieldbus Master	No			

- 9. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 10. Make sure that the following is displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Inputs :512 - (512 + Changed number of input (Bits)) Outputs :512 - (512 + Changed number of output (Bits))

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs.

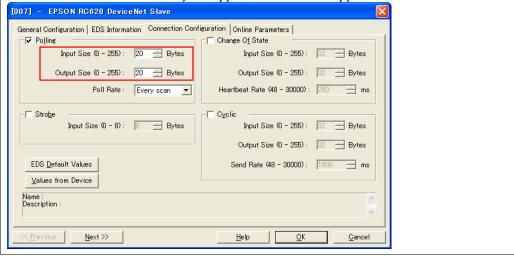
Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

11. Click <Close>.



When you change the input/output size of DeviceNet slave module, you need to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the applicomIO Console application.



#### Electronic Information File (EDS file)

An EDS file is supplied for DeviceNet slave board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\DeviceNet

# 2.2 PROFIBUS-DP



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

# 2.2.1 How to Setup a PROFIBUS DP Network

The following is a basic procedure for setting up a PROFIBUS DP network:

- Choose station layout and pathway in your network.
   For details, refer to the following section 2.2.2 PROFIBUS DP Network Construction.
- 2. Choose the baud rate.

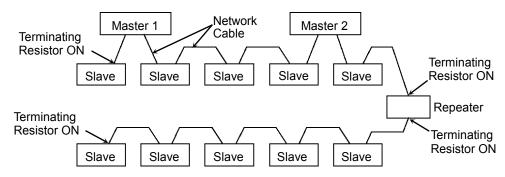
Choose the baud rate based on the network length. Select the fastest baud rate allowed for the length. Increasing network load due to slow baud rate may cause trouble including communication failure.

- Lay cables.
   For details, refer to the following section 2.2.2 PROFIBUS DP Network Construction.
- 4. Configure stations. For details, refer to respective manuals of your desired stations.
- 5. Turn ON the stations.
- 6. Install the PROFIBUS-DP board into the controller.
  When installing the PROFIBUS-DP master board
  Refer to the section 2.2.3 PROFIBUS-DP Master Board Installation.
  When installing the PROFIBUS-DP salve board
  Refer to the section 2.2.4 PROFIBUS-DP Slave Board Installation.
- 7. Operate the PROFIBUS DP network.

# 2.2.2 PROFIBUS DP Network Construction

## **Network Configuration**

PROFIBUS DP network is configured as shown in the following figure.



#### Station

There are four types of stations (devices):

There are rout types of stations (devices).		
:Controls a network and gathers its slaves.		
:External I/O and other devices/ Slave outputs data as a response to a master's output order and informs the master of its input status.		
:Repeater is necessary for a network with more than 32 slaves to separate network segments.		
:Used only for network installation. It configures a scan list of the slaves on the master device.		

You can install masters anywhere in the network. You can connect up to 126 stations including server and repeater in the network. However, it is recommended to keep one device for the engineering device.

#### Network Cable

The PROFIBUS cable can be used as a network cable. There are four types (A, B, C, and D) of PROFIBUS cables. Normally, cable type A is used for PROFIBUS DP network. The cable type A specifications are shown in the table below.

Item	Specification
Impedance	135 to 165 Ω
Capacity	< 30 pf/m
Loop resistance	110 Ω/km
Wire diameter	0.64 mm
Core cross-section	> 0.34 mm2

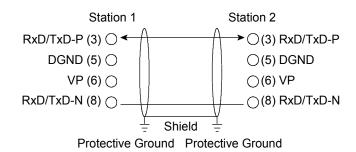
It is recommended to use a 9-pin D-Sub connector for protecting rating IP 20. For IP 65/67, M12 connector (IEC 947-5-2 compliant), Han-Bird connector (DESINA compliant), and Siemens hybrid connector are available.

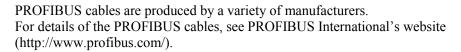
Pin No.	Signal	Assignment
1	Shield	Shield / Protective ground
2	M24	Ground of output voltage (24 V)
3	RxD/TxD-P	Data line B
4	CNTR-P	Repeater control signal (directional control)
5	DGND	Communications power supply (5 V)
6	VP	Supply voltage to terminating resistor (P5V)
7	P24	Output voltage (24 V)
8	RxD/TxD-N	Data line A
9	CNTR-N	Repeater control signal (directional control)

Pin assignment (9-pin D-Sub)

Use pins 2 and 7 for connecting a maintenance device without any power supply.

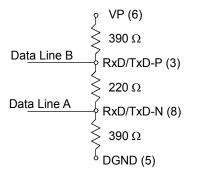
The following figure illustrates wiring sample.





# **Terminating Resistor**

To reduce reflections of communication signal, terminating resistors should be attached on both ends of each segment. Attach the terminating resistor as shown below.



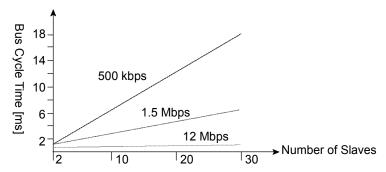
Some commercially available PROFIBUS 9-pin D-Sub connectors have functions of terminating resistor and they can enable/disable the terminating resistors. (Example: Woodhead MA9D00-32)

Molded terminating resistors with connector that can be attached to environment-resistant M12 connector are also available.

#### Baud Rate and Maximum Cable Length

Available baud rates are 9.6 kbps, 19.2 kbps, 93.75 kbps, 187.5 kbps, 500 kbps, 1500 kbps, 3 Mbps, 6 Mbps, and 12 Mbps.

PROFIBUS DP requires approximately 1ms at 12 Mbps for transmission of 512 bits input data and 512 bits output data distributed over 32 stations. The following figure shows typical PROFIBUS DP transmission times depending on the number of stations and baud rate.



The maximum cable length is restricted by the baud rate.

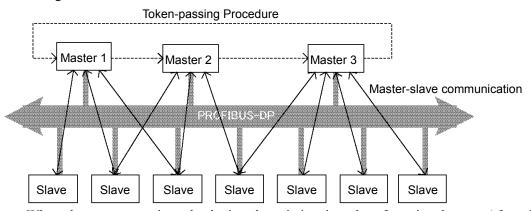
Baud Rate	Maximum Cable Length
12 Mbps	100 m
6 Mbps	100 m
3 Mbps	100 m
1500 kbps	200 m
500 kbps	400 m
187.5 kbps	1000 m
93.75 kbps	1200 m
19.2 kbps	1200 m
9.6 kbps	1200 m

#### Multi-Master Configuration

PROFIBUS DP allows you to install multiple masters in a single physical network.

All slave devices in the network can be accessed by different masters. Only one master on the network can be used for device configuration.

The following figure illustrates the communication procedure for a multi-master configuration.



When the master receives the logic token, it inquires data from its slaves. After all communications are completed, the master passes the token to another master. In this way,

the master can only communicate with its slaves while it is holding the token. The slaves respond to only the inquiry from the master. No slave can output any messages.

#### Modification and Installation of Communication Cables

The following procedure explains how to modify and install a Woodhead 9-pin D-Sub connector (MA9D00-32).

Follow the steps described below to modify communication cables and connect them to the connector.

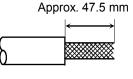
Be careful not to injure your hands or fingers on any sharp blades or tools used to modify the cable.

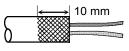
Use appropriate blades and/or other tools to modify the cable. Using inappropriate blades and/or other tools may result in bodily injury and/or equipment damage.

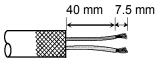
1. Strip approx. 47.5 mm of the cable covering with extra care so that you do not scratch on braided shield underneath.

Do not strip the cable covering more than necessary. Excess stripping may cause short-circuit and/or make the cable more sensitive to noise.

- 2. Carefully expand meshes of the braided shield and fold back the shield over the cable covering. Cut off the shield at approx. 10 mm from the stripped side of the cable covering.
- 3. Strip the covering of the signal wire as shown in the figure.







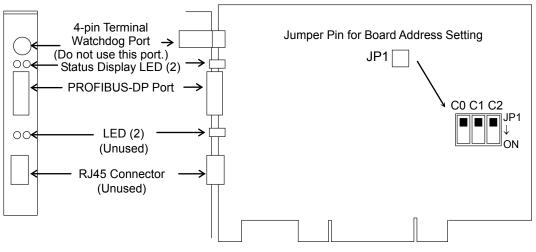
4. Insert the signal wires into the terminal block on the connector and secure the signal wires. Carefully connect the same signal wire to the same terminal on both ends. To prevent faulty wiring, make a rule of connection. For instance, connect the green signal wire to the A1/A2 terminal and the red signal wire to the B1/B2 terminal.

# 2.2.3 PROFIBUS-DP Master Board Installation

#### Appearance

Part names and functions of the PROFIBUS-DP master board are shown in the following figure. For details of the status display LEDs, refer to 4. Trouble shooting in this manual.

# PCU-DPIO



Specifications	
Item	Specification
Part Number	PROFIBUS-DP master board
Modes	Master
Baud Rates	9.6, 19.2, 93.75, 187.5, 500, 1500, 3000, 6000, 12000 kbps
Interface	1 PROFIBUS port (EN 50 170)
Output Current Capacity	Maximum 150mA
Supported Devices	All DP Devices
Maximum Stations	126 (32 per segment)
GDS Support	Yes
PROFIBUS DP Class 1	Yes
PROFIBUS DP Class 2	Yes
Max. Input Data Size	1024 bits (128 bytes)
Max. Output Data Size	1024 bits (128 bytes)
Automatic Detection	Yes. Devices can be detected automatically.

#### Moiton Mode

PROFIBUS-DP master board has two motion modes; Master mode and Slave mode. However, do not select the Slave mode.

Master Mode

There are two types of PROFIBUS DP master: DPM1 and DPM2. DPM1 (DP Master Class 1) gathers and controls all stations in one PROFIBUS DP network. DPM2 (DP master Class 2) operates network configurations, network maintenance, and diagnosis.

PROFIBUS DP master can control up to 126 stations (max. 128 bytes) in one network.

PLC is typically configured as a master and controls all devices in factory automation system, but EPSON RC+ is also capable of being a master.

PROFIBUS DP network configuration is specified by the configuration management software. This software is normally provided by a master device manufacturer. The configuration management software determines parameters for each slave device via an Electronic Data Sheet (GSD).

The connection type is token passing procedure and master-slave communication. The token passing procedure is applied to the PROFIBUS DP network with more than two master devices to transfer network control between masters. The master-slave communication is applied to the communication between the master device with network control and its slave devices.

Available baud rates are 9.6 kbps, 19.2 kbps, 93.75 kbps, 187.5 kbps, 500 kbps, 1500 kbps, 3 Mbps, 6 Mbps, and 12 Mbps.

For the instruction of configuration, refer to the section Master Mode.

## Software Installation

Before installing the PROFIBUS-DP master board to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed, you must install the applicomIO Console application and drivers according to the type of board you are using.

- 1. Insert the applicomIO Console CD-ROM to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed.
- 2. The following dialog box appears. Select <Run setup.exe>.

AutoPlay
DVD RW Drive (D:) applicomIO_V4.2
Always do this for software and games:
Install or run program from your media
Published by woodhead software & electron
General options
Open folder to view files using Windows Explorer
View more AutoPlay options in Control Panel

3. The [Summary] dialog box appears. Select "Products Installation".

	Summary	one company > a world of innovation
	What's New?	
	Product Installatio	n
	Internet Site	1
	Browse Contents	The second secon
	Contact us	
	Acrobat Reader	
EXIT	Copyright © 2010 Molex, Int	pns <sup>ter</sup> is a trademark of Molex, Inc. epirated Products Division. All rights reserved. is a ret the propertive of their respective owners.

4. The [Installation] dialog box appears. Select "applicomIO".

Insta S	allation applicomIO® for the following 32 and 64-bit systems: 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Windows Server 2012 (64-bit only for th	7, Windows 8, Windows 10,
	QuickStart Documentation	L
EXIT	BradCommunication <sup>™</sup> is a trad Copyright © Molex, Integrated Produ All other products or trademarks are the pro	cts Division. All rights reserved.

5. If the Microsoft.NET Framwork 4.0 is not installed, following dialog window appears.

Click <Install>.

applicom	IO - InstallShield Wizard
	pplicomIO requires the following items to be installed on your computer. Click Install o begin installing these requirements.
Status	Requirement
rending	Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 Full
	Install Cancel

6. The applicomIO Console application installer starts up and the [Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for applicomIO] dialog box appears Click <Next>.

詞 applicomIO - InstallShield V	vizard
ene company > a world of Innovation	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for applicomIO
molex	The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install applicomIO on your computer. To continue, click Next.
O	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.
	< 52 Next > Cancel

7. The [License Agreement] dialog box appears. Read the software license agreement and click <Next>.

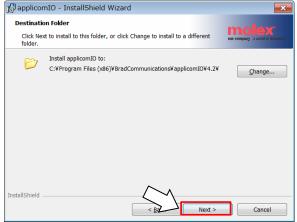
applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard	×
License Agreement Please read the following license agreement carefully.	<b>olex</b> mparg ) a world of innovation
Software License Agreement	-
Please review the following terms and conditions carefully before installation. By installing this package, you indicate your acceptance of such ter conditions.	
License and Terms Woodhead Software & Electronics (WSE) grants you license to:	a 🔫
I accept the terms in the license agreement	Print
I do not accept the terms in the license agreement	
InstallShield	Cancel

8. The [Customer Information] dialog box appears. Register the user information. Type in the user name (Name:) and company name (Company:).

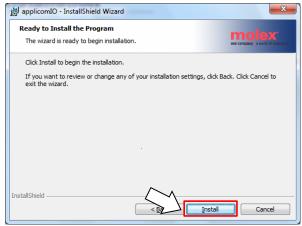
Customer Information Please enter your information.	and company is a world of Internation
User Name:	
Organization:	
$\sim$	

- 9. The [Destination Folder] dialog box appears. Specify the installation folder for the applicomIO console application.
  - The default specifies here: C:\Program Files(x86)\BoadCommunications\applicomIO\4.2

If you agree to the default installation folder, click <Next>.



10. The [Ready to Install the Program] dialog box appears. Click <Install>.



- 11. Installation of applicomIO Console application starts.
  - After the installation completes, the [InstallShield Wizard Completed] dialog box appears.

Click <finish>.</finish>	
🛃 applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard	
ane company is a world of innovation	InstallShield Wizard Completed
Mulex	The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed applicomIO. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
	< B? Finish Cancel

12. The message prompting you to reboot your PC appears. Select "Yes" and reboot the PC.



13. Refer to the next section Board Installation and install the PROFIBUS-DP master board.

# **Board Installation**



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

 Configure the board address dip switch (JP1) on PROFIBUS-DP master board. You can install one Fieldbus master board to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed.

The board number should be "1".

Refer to the following table for JP1 configuration.

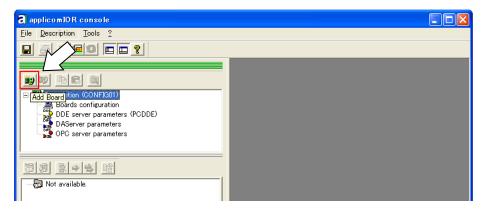
Switch Board No.	C0	C1	C2
1	OFF	OFF	OFF

- 2. Install the PROFIBUS-DP master board to the PCI bus of the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed. Installation method of the PROFIBUS-DP board to the PCI bus and how to open the cover differ depending on the type of computers. Refer to the manuals of each computer on how to install the board to the PCI bus.
- 3. Connect the PROFIBUS-DP master board with the PROFIBUS-DP netword.
- 4. Start up the PC.
- 5. Open the <applicomIO Console> installation folder and start the <applicomIO Console> application.

Following is specified for <applicomIO Console> installation folder as default. C:\Program Files(x86)\BoadCommunications\applicomIO\4.1



6. The [Add New Board] dialog box appears. Add the PROFIBUS-DP master board. Click <Add Board>.



- 7. The [Add New Board] dialog box appears.
  - Confirm that "PCU-DP2IO" is displayed in [Board to Add]-[Board Type] and click <OK>.

	Add New Board	×
Board 1 Board 1 Board 17 Description : 1 Profibus channel 12 Mb PC104/ISA Board Parameters <u>D</u> PRAM Base Address : D4000 V Please start the Console as Administrator to be able to set this value.	Informations A PCU-DP2IO board correctly detected. Press Ok to add this one in your configuration.	
Diagnostic and Manual Configuration »	OK Cancel He	lp

If the board cannot be detected, the following dialog appears. Make sure that the board is correctly inserted.

Add New Board		? 🗙
Board 1: Board to Add Board Type : ABSENT Description : PC104/ISA Board Parameters DPRAM Base Address : D4000 y	Informations No board 1 was detected. Press the "Diagnostic and Manual Configuration" button to have more information or to manually configure this one.	
	OK <u>C</u> ancel H	lelp

- 8. When you finish adding the PROFIBUS-DP master board to the application Console application, reboot the PC.
  - 8-1 Close the applicomIO Console application.
     When closing the applicomIO Console application, the following message box appears Click <Yes>

applicomIO® Console	
Save modifications ?	
<u>Y</u> es	Cancel

- 8-2 The following dialog appears. Click <OK>.

  applicomIOR Console

  You have to restart the PC in order to your new configuration takes effect on the applicomIO<sub>4</sub> driver.

  OK
- 8-3 Reboot the Windows.
- 9. After the PC is rebooted, refer to the next section Master Mode and continue the step.

# Master Mode

- 1. Check that the PROFIBUS-DP board is connected to the PROFIBUS-DP network.
- 2. Start the applicomIO Console application.



3. The [applicomIOR console] dialog box appears. Register the device information (GSD file) that is necessary for the network setup.

applicomIOR console			
<u>File Description Library N</u> etwork <u>P</u> rotocol	<u>T</u> ools <u>I</u> tems	2	
<u> 9 ⊡ 2 ⊒ ¶ @ 1</u>	8		
		PROFIBUS Master - Station: 000 - 9.6 kbit/s	
Description (CONFIG01)	^		
Board 1: PCI-DPI			
Protocol (Profibus): Profibus, Ma ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	ister/Slave		
(6) E server parameters (PCDDE) Server parameters	~		
	1		
Equipment Available     Equipment international	<u>^</u>		
🕂 🕂 Brad Harrison 🤨			
E SEIKO ERSO RPORATION E SST (5)	-		
Equipment Library R Network Detection	<b>×</b>		
Loading description files complete			
Loading configuration files			
Loading configuration files complete			<b>N</b>
Dutput Message View			
Ready	Configured	boards state : 1F	TA I

- 4. Select "Protocol".
- 5. Select the [Equipment Library] tab.
- 6. Click the<Add> icon.

7. The [GSD Management] dialog box appears. Register the GSD file that is supplied from the device manufactuerer in the Robot system. Click <Next>.

GSD Manager	ment ×
This Wizard allows you to add GSD files.	GSD
< Back Ne	nt > Cancel Help

 Following dialog box appears. Specify the folder in which the GSD file is stored. Select <Add all the GSD from the Directory>.

GSD Management	×
p d o f 1 °	
Select the Location of the GSD File(s) : (8) Add File(s) (9 Add all the GSD from a Directory Look in Subfolders (9 Directory or File Name : Browse	)
E:\Fieldbus_for RC7.0\PROFIBUS The GSD files usable in the configuration console must be registered in the devices library.	_
Select the location of the file(s) to insert and click on Next button. (10)	
<back next=""> Cancel Help</back>	

- 9. Click <Browse>.
- 10. Click <Next>.

11. The following dialog box appears. Confirm the retrieved device information.

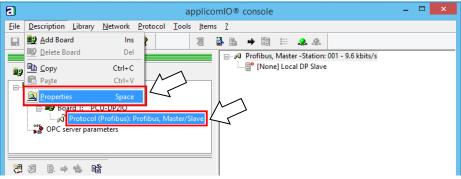
File Name	Status	Device Name	Revision	Manufa
6 EPSB0D5E.gsd	Replaced	EPSON RC90 PROFIBUS-DP Slave	Ver.2.0	SEIKO
		EPSON RC700 PROFIBUS-DP Slave	Ver.1.0	SEIKO
<				>

- 12. Click <Next>.
- 13. The following dialog box appears. Click <Finish> to complete the GSD file registration.

	GSD Management	×
Click on Finish to add the GSD.	GSD	
[	< Back Finish Cancel	- - - - Help

14. Configure the PROFIBUS-DP master.

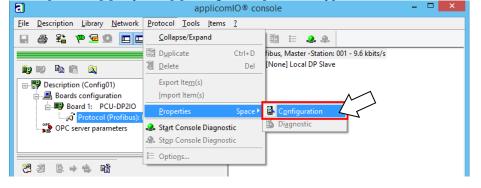
Select "Protocol" and then select [Description]-[Properties] from the applicomIOR console menu.



15. The [Channel Properties] dialog box appears. Selecct "Profibus, Master/Slave" and click <OK>.

Available Protocols           Protocol         Manufacturer           None         None           Profibus, Master/Slave         EN 50170           Profibus, Slave         EN 50170	Channel Properties		K
Profilus-DP	Available Protocols Protocol None Profibus, Master/Slave	None EN 50170	
	Profibus-DP		

16. Select [Protocol]-[Properties]-[Configuration] from the applicomIOR console menu.



# 2. Installation

- 17. The [Profibus Master] dialog box appears.
  - Set Baud Rate for the PROFIBU-DP network, the master address (Profibus Address of this Station), and Highest Station Address in the network.

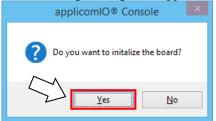
		_	: 001 - 9.6 kbits/s	
General Configuration	TTR Configuratio	n		
Name		Value	Unit	
Haud Rate		9.6	kbits/s	
► TS : Profibus Add ► HSA : Highest St		1		
- Horr, Highest of	allorrinderess	120		
Parameter				
Description : Profi be id	entical to the equip	oment sp	ne applicom master. This must sed. The baud reate range	^
Description : Profi be id	entical to the equip	oment sp		< >

When the PROFIBUS-DP master setting is completed, click <OK>.

18. Select the [Network Detection] tab.

8	applicomIO <sup>®</sup> console	-	□ ×
<u>File Description Library Network Protoco</u>	<u>I</u> ools <u>I</u> tems <u>?</u>		
s 🖧 🥮 🔤 🖬 🕄	🦉 🎍 🖨 🛤 🖽 🚇 🚇		
	Profibus, Master - Station: 001 - 9.6 kbits/s		
📺 🕸 🖻 🖻 🔍	[None] Local DP Slave		
Description (Config01)			
Boards configuration			
Protocol (Profibus): Profibus,	Master/Slave		
(13) OPC server parameters			
Ø			
Read Network Configuration			
\( <sup>12</sup>	2)		
Ľ			
Equipment Library 🙀 Network Detection			
Scanning network Scanning network complete			
🛄 Output Message View			
Show or hide the toolbar	Configured boards state : 1		MAJ NL

- 19. Clcik the <Read Network Configuration> icon.
- 20. The following message box appears. Click <Yes>.



21. The [Profibus Master] dialog box appears.

Set Baud Rate for the PROFIBU-DP network, the master address (Profibus Address of this Station), and Highest Station Address in the network.

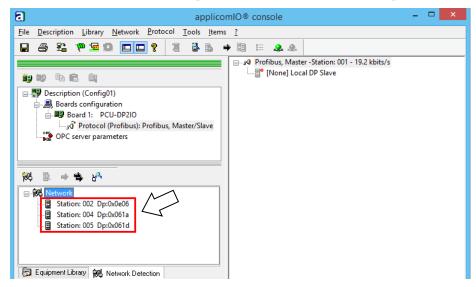
Click <OK>.

Profibus, Master -Station: 001 - 9.6 kbits/s				
General Configuration TTR Configuration	ı			
Name	Value	Unit		
► Baud Rate	9.6	kbits/s		
	1 126			
	ment sp	e applicom master. This must sed. The baud rate range iversal) and board type.	~ ~	
	<u>0</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u>	elp	

22. The [Network Detection] dialog box appears and starts scanning the devive information on the Fieldbus.

Network detection	×
<i>R</i>	
Scanning network	21%
<u>C</u> ancel	

23. The list of detected devices is displayed in the [Network Detection] panel.



- applicomIO® console - а <u>File Description Library Network Protocol Tools Items ?</u> [None] Local DP Slave 🐌 🕸 🖻 🚳 E Pescription (Config01) Boards configuration ାମ୍ମି Protocol (Profibus): Profibus, Master/Slave 🔁 OPC se parameters **(**18) 🕅 🗟 🏓 🕏 🔗 - R Network (17) -🔄 Equipment Library 🙀 Network Detection Scanning network... Scanning network complete ^ v 🛄 Output Message View MAJ NL Configured boards state : 1 Ready
- 24. Select a device you want to register as slave.

- 25. Click the <Insert in Configuration> icon.
- 26. The following dialog box appears.

The device name is displayed in the title of the dialog box.

[002] - EPSON RC700 PROFIBUS-D	P Slave	X
General Configuration GSD Informatio	on Module	
Identification	$\sim$	
Equipment : 002 🔻	🔽 Link	✓ Active
Station : 002 🔻		
Parameters		
Watchdog Control (0-255) :	50 x 100 ms	
Data Format :	Big Endian (Motorola) 🔻	
Description		
		*
		-
<pre></pre>	Help QK	Cancel

- 27. Select [Modules Configuration] tab. Connections Parameters appear to communicate with the slave device.
  - Displayed items are different depending on the slave device.
  - Displayed Connections Parameters are information that is set on the Fieldbus master board.

Make sure that the information matches with that of the slave device.

[0	02] - EPSON RC700 PROFIBUS-DP Slave	X
ſ	General Configuration GSD Information Modules Configuration	
	Informations	
	Input Size (0–244) : 32 Bytes Module Count (14	4
	Output Size (0-244) : 32 Bytes	
	Data Size (1-488) : 64 Bytes	
L		
	Available Module(s) Input Output Configuration	
L		
	%≥2 Bytes In 2 0 11	Add
	1823 Bytes In 3 0 12	
L	% 4 Bytes In 4 0 13	
L	00E D. 4.1	1
L	Configured Module(s) Input Output Configuration	Remove
L	✤16 Bytes Out 0 16 2F	<u>Tourse</u>
L	In Bytes Out 0 16 2F	Move <u>U</u> p
	16 Bytes In 16 0 1F	
	16 Bytes In 16 0 1F	Move <u>D</u> own
L	Δ	$\mathbf{\Sigma}$
	<< Previous Next >> Help OK	<u>C</u> ancel

NOTE

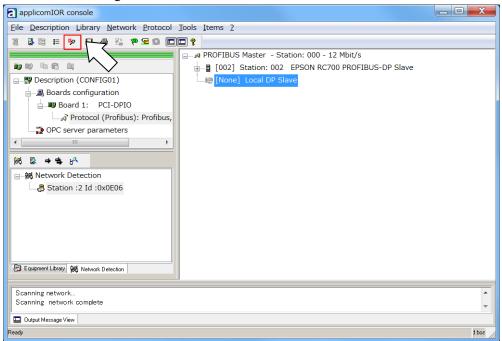
Connections Parameters that are set for the Fieldbus master board and information of the slave device need to be matched.

Communication with the slave device is not performed if they do not match. Change the information of either Connections Parameters or Fieldbus master board.

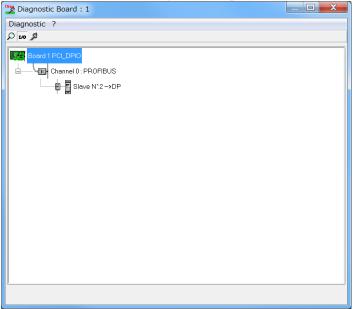
Please consult with the slave device manufacturer if the information is unclear.

28. Click <OK> to complete the registration.

29. Check the communication status with each slave devices. Click the <Diagnostic> icon.



The [Diagnostic Board] dialog box is displayed.



If it cannot communicate with the slave device, the following dialog box appears.

Connections Parameters for the Fieldbus master board and information of the slave device may not be matched.

Diagnostic Board : 1	
Diagnostic ?	
Board 1 PCL_DEIO Channel 0 : PROFIBUS Slave N*2 ->DP	
°	

Connections Parameters for the Fieldbus master board can be checked by the following procedure.

First, select the slave device which is registered to the Fieldbus master board.

Then, click the left mouse button and select < Properties>.

applicomIOR console	X
File Description Library Network Protocol Tools Items ?	
<ul> <li>PROFIBUS Master - Station: 000 - 12 Mbit/s</li> <li>Poscription (CONFIG01)</li> <li>Boards configuration</li> <li>Boards configuration</li> <li>Protocol (Profibus): Profibus,</li> <li>OPC server parameters</li> <li>Image: Station: 2 Id :0x0E06</li> <li>Station: 2 Id :0x0E06</li> </ul>	
Scanning network Scanning network complete	*
Dutput Message View	
Ready	j pos

02] - EPSON RC700 PROFIBUS-E		
General Configuration GSD Informat	ion Modules Configuration	
Identification		
Equipment : 002 💌		
Station : 002 💌	Link	Active Active
Parameters		
Watchdog Control (0-255) :	50 x 100 ms	
Data Format :	Big Endian (Motorola) 🔻	
Description		
		*
		-

The property information of selected slave device is displayed.

# Select the [Connection Configuration] tab.

Connections Parameters appear to communicate with the slave device.

02] - EPSON RC7	00 PRO	FIBUS-	DP Slave		×
General Configuratio	n GSD	Informa	ition Module	s Configuration	
Informations					
Input Size (0–24	4):	32	Bytes	Module Count (1-4) :	4
Output Size (0-2	244):	32	Bytes		
Data Size (1-48	3):	64	Bytes		
Available Module(s	) Input	Outpu	t Configurat		
℅1 Byte In				E	
%2 Bytes In	2	0	11		Add
≫3 Bytes In	3	0	12		_
≫4 Bytes In	4	0	13	-	
0.5E m. 1	-	0	4.4		
Configured Module	e(s) Inp	ut Out	put Configu	ration	Remove
😵16 Bytes Out	0	16	2F		_
I6 Bytes Out №16	0	16	2F		Move <u>U</u> p
✤16 Bytes In	16	0	1 F		
❤16 Bytes In	16	0	1 F		Move <u>D</u> own
		_			
<< <u>P</u> revious	<u>N</u> ext >>			Help OK	<u>C</u> ancel

30. Select [File]-[Download in Flash] from the applicomIOR console menu. Register the configuration to the Fieldbus master board.

applicomIO® console ×
<u>File Description Library Network Protocol Tools Items ?</u>
Configuration Manager 🔲 💡 📓 🖾 🤿 🗱 🔚 🤐 🤐
Save Ctrl+S Profibus, Master - Station: 001 - 19.2 kbits/s
GO2] Station: 002 EPSON RC700 PROFIBUS-DP Slave     [002] Station: 002 EPSON RC700 PROFIBUS-DP Slave
In the second se
E Download Firmware
P Board(s) Initialization
Download in Flash Profibus, Master/Slave
Erase Flash Memories
Export +
Import +
Preferences +
E⊻it
Station: 004 Dp:0x061a

NOTE (B

Make sure that the flash memory of the Fieldbus master board stores the configuration; otherwise, the Fieldbus master board cannot correctly function. Also, you cannot control it from EPSON RC+7.0.

If you changed the configuration, select [File]-[Download in Flash] from the applicomIOR console menu and register the configuration to the Fieldbus master board.

31. After a few seconds, the display of "Configured boards state" on the status bar turns to green.

а	applicomIO <sup>®</sup> console	- 🗆 🗙
<u>File Description Library Network Protoco</u>	I <u>I</u> ools <u>I</u> tems <u>?</u>	
🔋 🖉 🗳 🥐 🚘 🚇 🔲 😵	📓 🎍 🔿 🗱 😑 🚇 🚇	
	Profibus, Master - Station: 001 - 19.2 kbits/s	
🎒 193 Pa 🖻 🖓	[002] Station: 002 EPSON RC700 PROFIBUS-	DP Slave
Description (Config01)     Description (Config01)     Description     Descripti     Descr	sa ·	
Ю         Image: block		
Equipment Library 😥 Network Detection		
Scanning network Scanning network complete		<b>~</b>
🛄 Output Message View	M	
Ready	Configured boards state : 1F	MAJ NI

Now, the Fieldbus master board is ready to operate in the master mode.

- 32. Close the applicomIO console application.
- 33. Refer to the section EPSON RC+7.0 configuration and continue the step.

#### EPSON RC+7.0 configuration

To use the Fieldbus master board, the Robot system option setting and Fieldbus master setting should be enabled on the EPSON RC+ 7.0.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[Option Setting] and display the [Option] dialog box.
- 2. Refer to the EPSON RC+ Users Guide: 18. Installing Controller Options and enable the Fieldbus Master option.
- 3. The following message dialog appears.

EPSON RC+ 7.0
Changes will take affect during the next session.
ОК

Click <OK> and reboot the EPSON RC+7.0. After the EPSON RC+7.0 is started, the option setting is enabled.

4. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup SPEL Controller Board Drive Units Robots Fieldbus Master Fieldbus Slave Remote Control RS232 TCP / IP Conveyor Encoders Security Vision Fieldbus Slave Fieldbus Fieldbus Slave Fi	Iype: None v Update 10 v ms Interval: 0 Total Input Bytes: 0 Total Output Bytes: 0	Ciose

- 5. Select [Inputs/Outputs]-[Fieldbus Master]-[General].
- 6. Set the following items:

[Type:]	PROFIBUS-DP	
[Update Interval:]	] Update cycle for the PR	OFIBUS-DP master I/O
System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Fleidbus Master     General     Frieldbus Slave     Remote Control     RS232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision	Fieldbus Master General Ivpe: FROFIBUS-DP Update Underate Interval: 10 ms Total Input Bytes: 0 Total Output Bytes: 0	Close Apply Bestore

7. Click < Apply>.

Confirm that the following is displayed.

Total Input Bytes : Number of inputs the master controls (Bytes)

Total Output Bytes : Number of outputs the master controls (Bytes)

8. Click <Close>. The following dialog box appears.

The Robot Controller automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RO+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

9. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration  Startup Controller General	Inputs / Outputs				Close
- Configuration Preferences (1	0) Type	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Simulator	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	e Unit 1	No			<u>R</u> estore
Fieldbus Master	Extended Board 1	No			
General	Extended Board 2	No			
Slaves	Extended Board 3	No			
Remote Control     RS232	Extended Board 4	No			$\land$
TCP / IP	Drive Unit 2	No			N/
Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	No			<u>(11)</u>
Force Sensing	Fieldbus Master	Yes	6144 - 6463	6144 - 6431	, ,

- 10. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 11. Confirm that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Master". Installed : Yes

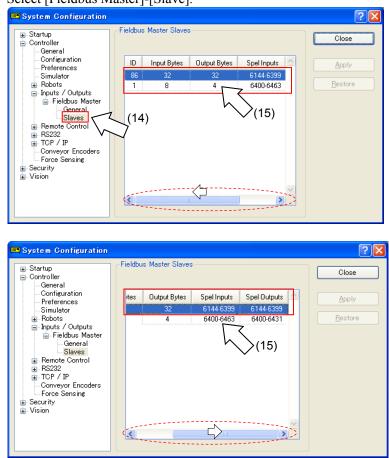
Inputs : "6144" – "6144+ Number of inputs the master controls (Bits) Outputs : "6144" – "6144 + Number of outputs the master controls (Bits)

12. Select [Fieldbus Master]-[General].

System Configuration  Startup  Controller  General	Fieldbus Master General	Close
<ul> <li>Configuration</li> <li>Preferences</li> <li>Simulator</li> <li>Robots</li> <li>Biputs / Outputs</li> <li>Fieldbus Master</li> <li>Generation</li> <li>Slaves</li> </ul>	Iype: PROFIBUS-DP ♥ Update Interval: 10 ♥ ms	<u>A</u> pply <u>R</u> estore
Remote Control     RS232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Force Sensing     Security     Vision	(12) Total Input Bytes: 40 Total Output Bytes: 36	

- 13. Confirm that the following are displayed.
  - Total Input Bytes : Number of inputs the master controls (Bytes)

Total Output Bytes : Number of outputs the master controls (Bytes)

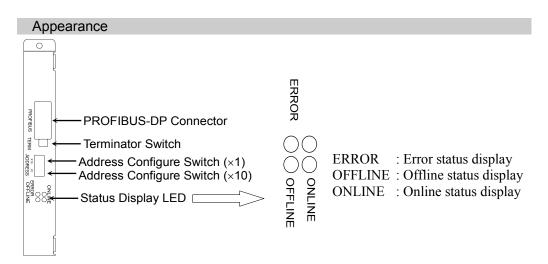


14. Select [Fieldbus Master]-[Slave].

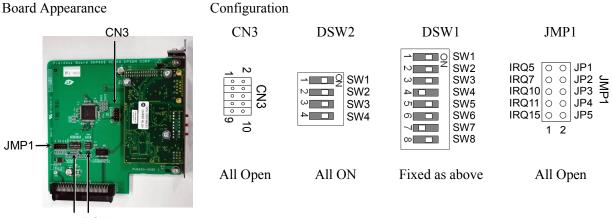
15. Confirm that the following information the master controls is displayed.

ID	: Fieldbus station ID of slave
Input Bytes	: Number of inputs per slave (Bytes)
Output Bytes	: Number of outputs per slave (Bytes)
Spel Inputs	: Number of inputs per slave (Bits)
Spel Outputs	: Number of outputs per slave (Bits)
Sper Outputs	. Rumber of outputs per slave (Bits)

# 2.2.4 PROFIBUS-DP Slave Board Installation



The Fieldbus slave board is configured as follows at shipment.



DSW1 DSW2

Item	Specifi	Specification			
Name	PROFIBUS-DP slave board				
Connection Method	Hybrid				
	(token passing procedure and n	naster-slave communication)			
Baud Rates (bps)	9.6 k, 19.2 k, 45.45 k, 93.75 k, 187.5 k, 500 k,				
	1.5 M, 3 M, 6 M, 12 M (bps)				
Transfer Distance	Baud Rates	Cable Length			
	12 M (bps)	100 m			
	6 M (bps)	100 m			
	3 M (bps)	100 m			
	1.5 M (bps)	200 m			
	500 k (bps)	400 m			
	187.5 k (bps)	1000 m			
	93.75 k (bps)	1200 m			
	45.45 k (bps)	1200 m			
	19.2 k (bps)	1200 m			
	9.6 k (bps)	1200 m			
Maximum Stations	Length / Frame     244 bytes       2-wire cable dedicated to PROFIBUS (2 wires for signal)       s     Slave       ice     1 PROFIBUS-DP port (EN 50170)       t     Maximum 150 mA				
Data Length / Frame					
Cable					
Modes					
Interface					
Output					
Current Capacity					
Max. Input Data Size	1952bits (244bytes) *				
Max. Output Data Size	1952bits (244bytes) *				
DP version	DP-V0				

\* The sum of input and output data size is restricted as follows:

For Byte format : 372 bytes

For Word format : 208 words

# LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus board.

LED status	ONLINE GRN	OFFLINE RED	ERROR RED	
OFF	Offline	Online	Normal operation	
ON	Online	Offline		
ON	Data exchangeable	Data unexchangeable	_	
1 Uz blinking			Initialization error	
1 Hz blinking	-	-	(Mismatch with network configuration)	
			Initialization error	
2 Hz blinking	-	-	(Mismatch with user parameter)	
4 Uz blinking			Initialization error	
4 Hz blinking	-	-	(Module initialization error)	

### Configure switch configuration



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Set the node address of the device using the address configuration switch of the PROFIBUS-DP slave board. Set network termination ON or OFF with the terminator switch.

 Set the node address of the PROFIBUS-DP slave board using the address configuration switch. Make sure that the node address is different from the other devices in the network. Switch on the "×10" side is for tenths digit address configuration. Switch on the "×1" side is for units digit address configuration.



Generally, a node address from 0 to 125 is available for the PROFIBUS-DP device. However, this Robot system supports node addresses from 0 to 99.

Generally, node addresses are	Node address	Device Name
recommended to be configured	0	Service unit such as PG/PC
e	1	Operation panel such as HMI
as shown in the table.	2	Master station
	3-99 (-125)	DP slave station

2. Turn the network termination ON or OFF using the terminator switch.

#### Wiring

PROFIBUS-DP connector is standard 9-pins D-sub connector.

Terminal name for each pin

Terminal No	Terminal Name
Case	Shield
1	NC
2	NC
3	B line
4	RTS
5	GND BUS
6	+5V BUS
7	NC
8	A line
9	NC



Prepare the cable for PROFIBUS-DP sold in the market as a communication cable. Install terminating resistors at both ends of the network.

A terminating resistor is installed in the PROFIBUS-DP slave board. Turn the terminating resistor ON or OFF using the terminator switch on the front panel.

# **Board Installation**



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the board to the dedicated slot on the Robot Controller.

Reference manual:

Robot Controller RC700: *Maintenance 6.10 Option Board* Robot Controller RC90: *Maintenance 6.8 Option Board* 

# Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When a PROFIBUS-DP slave board is installed to the controller, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the PROFIBUS-DP board using the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🔀
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots	<ul> <li>Inputs / Outputs</li> </ul>				Close
Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	8hbh
😑 Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Tourse
🗄 Remote Control (2)	Extended Board 2	No			
. BS232	Extended Board 3	No			
. TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
😟 Security	Fieldbus Master	No	57		
B. Vision			h	)(3)	

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Installed	: Yes
Inputs	: 512-767 (default setting)
Outputs	: 512-767 (default setting)

4. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

Fieldbus I/O Slave     Controller     Configuration     Preferences     Simulator     Robots     Fieldbus Slave ID: 1     Access Type:     Byte     Word     Input Bytes:     32     Output Bytes:     32
Conveyor Encoders Force Sensing Security (4)

5. Make sure that the following are displayed.

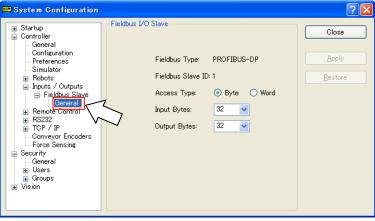
Fieldbus Type	: PROFIBUS-DP
Fieldbus Slave ID	: (Displays the configure switch node address)
Туре	: Byte (default setting)
Input Bytes	: 32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	: 32 (default setting)

6. Click <Close>.

# Editing of input / output size

You can change the input/output size of PROFIBUS-DP slave board if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].



3. Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup Controller Controller Configuration Preferences Simulator Robots Fieldbus Slave General Remote Control ReS232 TOP / IP Conveyor Encoders Fore Sensing Security General Users Groups Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: PROFIBUS-DP Fieldbus Slave ID: 1 Access Type:  Byte  Word Input Bytes:  Dutput Bytes:  Dutput Bytes:	Close Apply Restore

The sum of input and output data sizes is restricted as follows:

For Byte format : 372 bytes For Word format : 208 words

- 4. Click < Apply>.
- 5. Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears. The Robot Controller automatically starts rebooting.

The Robot Controller automatical
EPSON RC+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

6. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Bobots	Type	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	
E Inputs / Outputs	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	
Fieldbus Slave     General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	<u>R</u> estore
⊞ Remote Control	Extended Board 2	No			
	Extended Board 3	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	$\langle \Box$
🗐 Security	Fieldbus Master	No			N
B Vision					

- 7. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 8. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Inputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of input (Bits) ) Outputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of output (Bits) )

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs. Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

# NOTE

When you change the input/output size of PROFIBUS-DP slave board, you need to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the aplicomIO console application.

Input Size (0-32) :		20	Byte	s Module Count (	1-4) :	4
Output Size (0-32)	:	20	Byte	s		
Data Size (1-64) :		40	Byte	s		
	1.		la r			
Available Module(s)	Input 3	Output 0	t Configur 12	ation	<u> </u>	
≫3 Bytes In ≫4 Bytes In	3	0	12			
≫ 4 Bytes In ⊗5 Bytes In	4 5	0	14			<u>A</u> dd
≫6 Bytes In	6	0	15		~	
o c	X I T	. Lo i	ilo c			
Configured Module	i) Inpu 0	ut Outp 16	ut Configu 2F	iration		<u>R</u> emove
≫16 Bytes Out ≫4 Bytes Out	0	4	2F 23			Move Up
😵 16 Bytes In	16	4	23 1F			MOVE OD
😵 4 Bytes In	4	0	13			Move Down
• • •, ••• •		-				
				<u>H</u> elp	<u>0</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel
16 Byte Ou	ιì	$\Omega$	itmit .	20 Byte		

#### Editing of input / output format

You can change the input/output format of PROFIBUS-DP slave board. Change to the format to "byte" or "word" as necessary.

NOTE

When you change the input/output format of PROFIBUS-DP slave board, you need to change the input/output format of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output format of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the aplicomIO console application.

General Configuration GSD Information Modules Configuration	1
Input Size (0-32):         20         Bytes         Module Count (1-4):           Output Size (0-32):         20         Bytes           Data Size (1-64):         40         Bytes	4
Available Module(s)         Input         Output         Configuration           ⊗ 3 Bytes In         3         0         12           ⊗ 4 Bytes In         4         0         13           ⊗ 5 Bytes In         5         0         14           ⊗ 6 Bytes In         6         0         15	Add
Configured Module(s)         Input         Output         Configuration           \$216         Bytes Out         0         16         2F           \$24         Bytes Out         0         4         23           \$216         Bytes In         16         0         1F	Remove Move Up Move Down
🐦 4 Bytes In 4 0 13	
Sp 4 Bytes in         4         0         13           Help         OK         OK	<u>C</u> ancel

## Electronic Information File (GSD file)

A GSD file is supplied for PROFIBUS-DP slave board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+7.0 is installed.

\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\Profibus

For Robot Controller RC700 EPSN0E06.gsd For Robot Controller RC90 EPSB0D5E.gsd

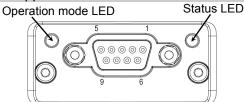
# 2.2.5 PROFIBUS-DP Slave Module Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

- Pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the the DeviceNet connecter from coming off.
   Use the connectors attached to the module.
   Insert the connectors all the way seated.
   Eix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the
  - 3. Fix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the connectors.

# Appearance



# Specifications

Item	Specifi	cation		
Name	PROFIBUS-DP slave module			
Connection Method	Hybrid			
	(token passing procedure and master-slave communication)			
Baud Rates (bps)	9.6 k, 19.2 k, 45.45 k, 93.75 k, 187.5 k, 500 k,			
Dadd Rates (ops)	1.5 M, 3 M, 6 M, 12 M (bps)			
Transfer Distance	1.5 M, 5 M, 6 M, 12 M (bps)       Baud Rates       Cable Length			
Tansier Distance	12 M (bps)	100 m		
	6 M (bps)	100 m 100 m		
	3 M (bps)	100 m		
	/			
	1.5 M (bps)	200 m		
	500 k (bps)	400 m		
	187.5 k (bps)	1000 m		
	93.75 k (bps)	1200 m		
	45.45 k (bps)	1200 m		
	19.2 k (bps)	1200 m		
	9.6 k (bps)	1200 m		
Maximum Stations	126 (including master unit and repeater)			
Data Length / Frame	244 bytes			
Cable	2-wire cable dedicated to PROFIBUS (2 wires for signal)			
Modes	Slave			
Interface	1 PROFIBUS-DP port (EN 50	170)		
Output				
Current Capacity	Maximum 150 mA			
Max. Input Data Size	1952bits (244bytes) *			
Max. Output Data Size	1952bits (244bytes) *			

\* The sum of input and output data size is restricted as follows:

For Byte format : 372 bytes

For Word format : 208 words

# LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus board.

Operation Mode

LED State	Indication
Off	Not online / No power
Green	Online, data exchange
Flashing Green	Online, clear
Flashing Red	Parameterization error
(1 flash)	
Flashing Red	PROFIBUS Configuration error
(2 flashes)	

#### Status

LED State	Indication	Comments
Off	Not initialized	Anybus state = SETUP or NW_INIT
Green	Initialized	Anybus module has left the NW_INIT
		state
Flashing Green	Initialized, diagnostic event(s) present	Extended diagnostic bit is set
Red	Exception error	Anybus state = EXCEPTION

### Configure switch configuration

The PROFIBUS-DP slave module requires no configurations. All the PROFIBUS-DP communication configurations are set by the development software (EPSON RC+ 7.0).

#### Wiring

PROFIBUS-DP connector is standard 9-pins D-sub connector.

Terminal name for each pin

Pin	Signal	Description
1	-	-
2	-	-
3	B Line	Positive RxD/TxD, RS485 level
4	RTS	Request to send
5	GND Bus	Ground (isolated)
6	+5 V Bus Output	+5 V termination power (isolated, short-circuit protected)
7	-	-
8	A Line	Negative RxD/TxD, RS485 level
9	-	-
Housing	Cable Shield	Internally connected to the Anybus protective earth via
		cable shield fil- ters according to the PROFIBUS
		standard.



Prepare the cable for PROFIBUS-DP sold in the market as a communication cable.

Install terminating resistors at both ends of the network.

A terminating resistor is installed in the PROFIBUS-DP slave board. Turn the terminating resistor ON or OFF using the terminator switch on the front panel.

## Module Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the module to the dedicated slot on the T3 series Manipulator.

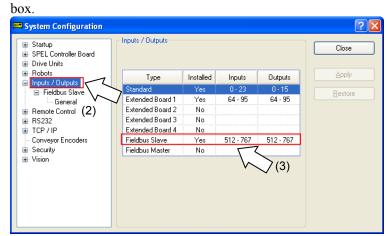
Reference manual:

T3 series Manipulator Setup&Operation 17. Fieldbus I/O

# Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When a PROFIBUS-DP slave module is installed to the T3 series Manipulator, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the PROFIBUS-DP module using the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog



- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Installed	: Yes
Inputs	: 512-767 (default setting)
Outputs	: 512-767 (default setting)

4. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

Controller	ldbus I/O Slave		Close
- General - Configuration - Preferences - Simulator Drive Units Robots - Inputs / Outputs - Fieldbus Master - Fieldbus Master - Fieldbus Stave - Remote Control	Fieldbus Type: Node Address: Access Type: Input Bytes: Output Bytes:	PROFIBUS-DP	Apply Restore
BERS232 V BETCP / IP Security Vision			(5)

5. Make sure that the following are displayed.

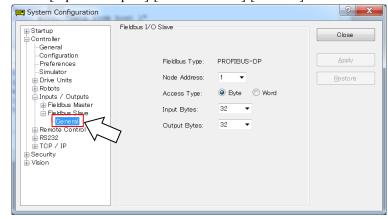
Fieldbus Type Node Address	: PROFIBUS-DP : Configure switch node address
Type	: Byte (default setting)
Input Bytes	: 32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	: 32 (default setting)
Click <close>.</close>	

6.

# Editing of configuration

You can change the configuration of PROFIBUS-DP slave module if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].



3. Confugure a node address.

A node address from 0 to 125 is available for the PROFIBUS-DP device.

Generally, node addresses are recommended to be configured as shown in the table.

;	Node address	Device Name
ed	0	Service unit such as PG/PC
a	1	Operation panel such as HMI
	2	Master station
	3-125	DP slave station

4. Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes]. The sum of input and output data sizes is restricted as follows:

> For Byte format : 372 bytes For Word format : 208 words

- 5. Click < Apply>.
- 6. Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears.

T3 series Manipulator (Controller) automatically starts rebooting.

ł	EPSON RC+ 7.0
	Rebooting Controller
(	
	Close

7. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box

<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Bobots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0.23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	<u>Mestore</u>
Remote Control	Extended Board 2	No			
■ RS232	Extended Board 3	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	$\langle \Box \rangle$
E Security	Fieldbus Master	No			N
u Vision					

- 8. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 9. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Inputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of input (Bits) ) Outputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of output (Bits) )

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs. Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

# NOTE

When you change the input/output size of PROFIBUS-DP slave module, you need to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the aplicomIO console application.

99] - EPSON RC	620 PR	O FIBU	IS-DP Slav	B		X
General Configuration	GSD I	nformati	on Modules	Configuration	1	
-Informations						
Input Size (0-32) :		20 Bytes Module Count (1-4) :			4	
Output Size (0-32):		20	20 Bytes			
Data Size (1-64) :		40	Bytes			
Available Module(s)	Input	Output	: Configurati	on		^
😵 3 Bytes In	3	0	12			5
😵 4 Bytes In	4	0	13			Add
≫ 5 Bytes In	5	0	14			
≫ 6 Bytes In	6	0	15			×
Configured Module(s)   Input   Output   Configuration						Remove
🐦 16 Bytes Out	0	16	2F			
😵 4 Bytes Out	0	4	23			Move <u>U</u> p
😵 16 Bytes In	16	0	1F			Harris David
😵 4 Bytes In	4	0	13			Move <u>D</u> own
				<u>H</u> elp	<u>O</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel
16 Byte Ou	tЪ	Οι	itput : 2	0 Bvte		
4 Byte Out			1	2		
-	۲					
16 Byte In	}	In	nput : 2	20 Byte		
4 Byte In			-	-		

### Editing of input / output format

You can change the input/output format of PROFIBUS-DP slave module. Change to the format to "byte" or "word" as necessary.

NOTE

When you change the input/output format of PROFIBUS-DP slave board, you need to change the input/output format of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output format of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the aplicomIO console application.

eneral Configuration   GSD Information   Modules Configuration					
Input Size (0-32): 20 Bytes Module Count (1-4):	4				
Output Size (0-32): [20] Bytes					
Data Size (1-64) : 40 Bytes					
	<u> </u>				
≫ 3 Bytes In 3 0 12					
%94 Bytes In 4 0 13 995 Bytes In 5 0 14	Add				
⊗5BytesIn 5 0 14 ⊗6BytesIn 6 0 15 •					
	×				
Configured Module(s) Input Output Configuration	<u>R</u> emove				
Sgr16 Bytes Out 0 16 2F Sgr4 Bytes Out 0 4 23	Move Up				
≫r4 Bytes Junt 0 4 23 Sp16 Bytes Jn 16 0 1F					
* 4 Bytes In 4 0 13	Move <u>D</u> own				
Help QK	<u>C</u> ancel				
te format					
Byte Out > Output: 32Byte					
Byte Out					
Byte In } Input: 32Byte					
Byte In					
Byte In					
Byte In					
. ,					
ord format					
Byte In ord format Word Out Output: 32Byte Word In Input: 32Byte					

## Electronic Information File (GSD file)

A GSD file is supplied for PROFIBUS-DP slave module network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+7.0 is installed.

 $\label{eq:profibus} $$ EpsonRC70 Fieldbus Profibus $$$ 

For T series Manipulator,

EPSN0FED.gsd

# 2.3 EtherNet/IP



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

# 2.3.1 How to Setup a EtherNet/IP Network

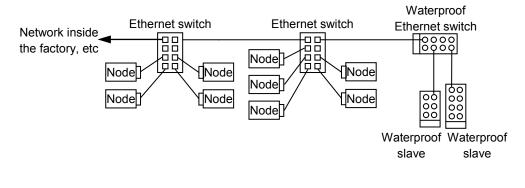
The following is a basic procedure for setting up an EtherNet/IP network:

- Choose node layout and pathway in your network.
   For details, refer to the following section 2.3.2 EtherNet/IP Network Construction.
- Lay cables.
   For details, refer to the following section 2.3.2 EtherNet/IP Network Construction.
- Configure nodes.
   For details, refer to respective manuals of your desired nodes.
- 4. Turn ON the nodes.
- Install the EtherNet/IP board in the controller. When installing the EtherNet/IP master board, Refer to 2.3.3 EtherNet/IP Master Board Installation. When installing the EtherNet/IP slave board, Refer to 2.3.4 EtherNet/IP Slave Board Installation.
- 6. Operate the EtherNet/IP network.

# 2.3.2 EtherNet/IP Network Construction

## Network Configuration

EtherNet/IP network is configured as shown in the following figure.



# Node

There are two types of node: master and slave. The master controls a network and gathers data from its slaves. The slaves, including external I/O and other devices, output data in response to the master's output order and informs the master of its input status.

You can install the master anywhere in the network. One master node can control up to 127 nodes.

Universal Ethernet cable is used for EtherNet/IP. Use a proper cable such as environmental resistance and refraction resistance that fulfills the environment. For details, see the website of ODVA. (http://www.odva.org/)

## Wiring

Wirings should be conformed to EtherNet/IP connection protocol.



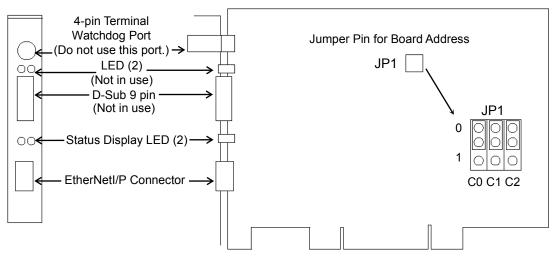
You can use the general Ethernet hub or Ethernet switch for the EtherNet/IP. However, be sure to use a product complying with the industrial standards or noise resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use an office use product or UTP cable, it may cause communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

# 2.3.3 EtherNet/IP Master Board Installation

## Appeance

Part names and functions of the EtherNet/IP Master Board are shown in the following figure. For details of the status display LEDs, refer to 4. Troubleshooting in this manual.

## PCU-ETHIO



Specifications	
Item	Specification
Part Number	EtherNet/IPMaster Board
Baud Rates	Master
Interface	10, 100 Mbps
Maximum Node	EtherNet/IP 1 port
Connection Type	127
Explicit message connection	Cyclic, Change of State
EDS support	Yes
Part Number	Yes
Max. Input Data Size	1024 bit (128 bytes)
Max. Output Data Size	1024 bit (128 bytes)
Automatic Detection	Yes. Devices can be detected automatically.

## Modes

EtherNet/IP master board has the Master mode and Slave mode as the motion mode. However, do not select the Slave mode.

Master mode

The Master device gathers and controls all nodes in one network.

EtherNet/IP master can control up to 127 nodes (max. 128 bytes) on one network.

PLC is typically configured as a master and controls all nodes in factory automation system, but EPSON RC+ is also capable of being a master.

EtherNet/IP network configuration is specified by configuration management software. This software is normally provided by a master device manufacturer. The configuration management software determines parameters for each slave device via an Electronic Data Sheet (EDS).

Available connection types are Cyclic, Change Of State, and Explicit messaging.

Available baud rates are 100 Mbps and 10 Mbps. (auto-detect)

For the instruction of configuration, refer to the section Master Mode in this chapter.

## Software Installation

Before installing the EtherNet/IP master board to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed, you must install the applicomIO Console application and drivers according to the type of board you are using.

- 1. Insert the applicomIO Console CD-ROM to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed.
- 2. The dialog shown below appears. Select <Run setup.exe>.



3. The [Summary] dialog box appears. Select "Products Installation".

Sum	nmary	one company > a world of innovation
$\sim$	What's New?	
$\sum$	Product Installation	
	Internet Site	1 Total
	Browse Contents	mole
	Contact us	
	Acrobat Reader	
 XIT	Copyright © 2010 Molex, Inter	ns"' is a trademark of Moley, Inc. grated Products Division. All rights reserved. s are the property of their respective owners.

4. The [Installation] dialog box appears. Select "applicomIO".

	applicomIC® for the following 32 and 64-bit systems 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Windows Server 2012 (64-bit only for th	7, Windows 8, Windows 10,
	QuickStart Documentation	
EXIT	BradCommunication™ is a trad Copyright © Molex, Integrated Produ All other products or trademarks are the pro	cts Division. All rights reserved.

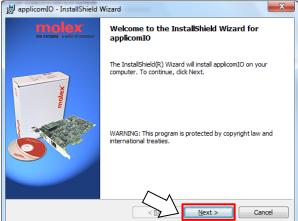
5. If the Microsoft.NET Framwork 4.0 is not installed, following dialog window appears.

Click <Install>.

applicom	nIO - InstallShield Wizard
	applicomIO requires the following items to be installed on your computer. Click Install to begin installing these requirements.
Status	Requirement
	Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 Full
	~~

The applicomIO Console application installer runs and the [Welcome to the 6. InstallShield Wizard for applicomIO] dialog box appears. Click <Next>.

🛃 applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard



7. The [License Agreement] dialog box appears. Read the software license agreement and click <Next>.

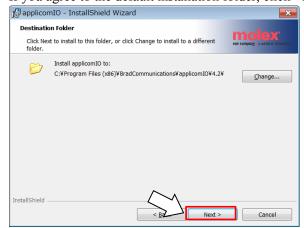


8. The [Customer Information] dialog box appears. Now register the user information. Type in the user name (Name:) and company name (Company:).

applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard      Customer Information      Please enter your information.	
Liser Name:	]
Organization:	]
$\sim$	
InstallShield	ext > Cancel

 The [Destination Folder] dialog box appears.
 Specify the installation folder for the applicomIO Console application. The default specifies here:

C:\Program Files(x86)\BoadCommunications\applicomIO\4.2 If you agree to the default installation folder, click <Next>.



10. The [Ready to Install the Program] dialog box appears. Click <Install>

🛃 applicomIO - InstallShield Wizard	×
Ready to Install the Program The wizard is ready to begin installation.	molex or company a world of transition
Click Install to begin the installation.	
If you want to review or change any of your installation se exit the wizard.	ttings, dick Back. Click Cancel to
InstallShield	Install Cancel

11. Installation of applicomIO Console application starts.

After the installation completes, the [InstallShield Wizard Completed] dialog box appears.

Click <Finish>.

😸 applicomIO - InstallShield	Wizard
molex are company ) a world of innovation	InstallShield Wizard Completed
Model of the second sec	The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed applicomIO. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
	$\sim$
	< Ba Finish Cancel

12. The message prompting you to reboot your PC appears. Select "Yes" and reboot the PC.

😸 applice	omIO Installer Informatio	on 🔀
1		stem for the configuration mIO to take effect. Click Yes ou plan to restart later.
$\sum$	Yes	No

13. Refer to the next section Board Installation to install the EtherNet/IP master board.

# **Board Installation**



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

 Configure the board address jumper (JP1) on EtherNet/IP master board. You can install one Fieldbus master board to the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed.

The board number should be "1".

Refer to the following table for JP1 configuration.

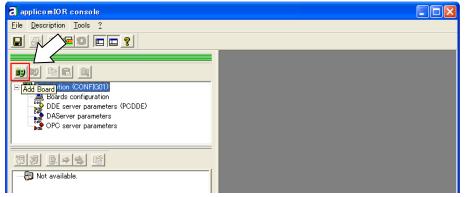
Short Socket Board No.	C0	C1	C2
1	0: Short	0: Short	0: Short

- Install the EtherNet/IP master board to the PCI bus of the PC with the EPSON RC+ 7.0 installed. Installation method of the EtherNet/IP board to the PCI bus and how to open the cover differ depending on the type of computers. Refer to the manuals of each computer on how to install the board to the PCI bus.
- 3. Connect the EtherNet/IP board with the EtherNet/IP network.
- 4. Start up the PC.
- 5. Open the <applicomIO Console> installation folder and start the <applicomIO Console> application.

Following is specified for <applicomIO Console> installation folder as default. C:\Program Files(x86)\BoadCommunications\applicomIO\4.1



6. The [applicomIOR console] dialog box appears. Add the EtherNet/IP master board. Click <Add Board>.



7. The [Add New Board] dialog box appears.

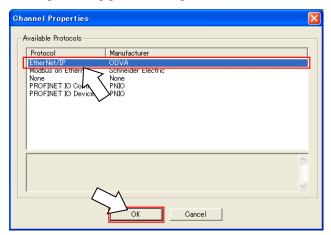
Confirm that "PCI/PCU-ETHIO" is displayed in [Board to Add]-[Board Type] and click <OK>.

Add New Board		? 🛛
Board 1: Board to PCL/PCU-ETHIO Description : 1 Ethernet channel 10/100 Mb PC104/ISA Board Parameters DPRAM Base Address : D4000	Informations A PCI/PCU-ETHIO board correctly detected. Press Ok to add this one in your configuration.	
Diagnostic and Manual Configuration ≫	OK Qancel H	

If the board cannot be detected, the following dialog box appears. Make sure that the board is correctly inserted.

Add New Board		? 🗙
Board 1: Board to Add Board Type : ABSENT Description : PC104/ISA Board Parameters DPRAM Base Address : D4000 y Diagnostic and Manual Configuration >> ]	Informations No board 1 was detected. Press the "Diagnostic and Manual Configuration" button to have more information or to manually configure this one.	
	OK Cancel He	elp

8. The [Channel Properties] dialog box appears. Select [Protocol]-[EtherNet/IP] and click <OK>.



9. The following dialog box appears. Set the IP address for the EtherNet/IP master board.

General       Advanced         Configuration :       Static         Image: Static information in the state st	P/IP: 000.000.000.000		
Name     Value     Unit       IP Address:	aeneral Advanced		
	Configuration : Static		•
_applicomIOR channel IP Address       000.000.0000         _Sub-Network Mask       255.255.255.000        Gateway IP Address       000.000.000.000         _DNS Server:	Name	Value	Unit
Sub-Network Mask 2552555000 Gateway IP Address 000.000.000 Phi DNS Server: Primary DNS Server Address 000.000.0000 Secondary DNS Server Address 000.000.0000 Host Name Host Name Parameter Description :			
Gateway IP Address 00000000000 DNS Server: Primary DNS Server Address 000000000000 Secondary DNS Server Address 00000000000 Domain Name Host Name		000.000.000.000	
DNS Server: Primary DNS Server Address 000.000.000 Secondary DNS Server Address 000.000.000 Domain Name Host Name Parameter Description :			
Primary DNS Server Address 000.000.0000 Secondary DNS Server Address 000.000.0000 Domain Name Host Name		000.000.000.000	
Escondary DNS Server Address 000.000.000 ► Domain Name ► Host Name Parameter Description :			
<ul> <li>Porain Name</li> <li>► Host Name</li> <li>Parameter</li> <li>Description :</li> </ul>			
Host Name Parameter Description :		000.000.000.000	
Parameter Description :			
Description :	⊫ Host Name		
Description :			
Description :			
Description :	Parameter		
OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp			Cancel Help

Select the IP address from [Configuration]. There are following three types (Do not select "Flash Memory")

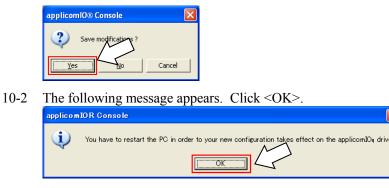
- "Static (assign as fixed IP address)"
- "DHCP (obtain from the DHCP server)"
- "BOOTP (obtain from the BOOTP server"

TCP/IP: 000.000.000.000		
General Advanced		
Configuration :	Static 💌	
Name PIP Address: applicomIOR channel IP Sub-Network Mask	DHCP BOOTP	I

If you select "Static (Fixed IP address)", enter the values in each item.

- 10. When you complete adding the DeviceNet master board to the applicomIO Console application, reboot the PC.
  - 10-1 Close the applicomIO Console application.

When closing the applicomIO Console application, the following message appears. Click <Yes>.



- 10-3 Reboot the Windows.
- 11. After the PC is rebooted, refer to the next section Master Mode and continue the step.

Master Mode

- 1. Check that the EtherNet/IP master board is connected to the EtherNet/IP network.
- 2. Start <applicomIO Console> application.



1. The [applicomIOR console] dialog box appears. Register the device information (EDS file) that is necessary for the network setup.

applicomIOR console		
<u>File Description Library Network Protocol T</u>	ools Items ?	
	Comparison of the set of th	
Dutput Message View		
Ready	Configured boards state : 1	14

- 4. Select "Protocol".
- 5. Select the [Equipment Library] tab.
- 6. Click the <Add> icon.

7. The [EDS Management] dialog box appears. Register the EDS file that is supplied from the device manufacturer in the Robot system. Click <Next>.

EDS Management	
This Wizard allows you to add EDS files.	EDS
$\leq \gamma$	
< Back	xt> Cancel Help

8. The following dialog box appears. Specify the folder in which the EDS file is stored. Select <Add all the EDS from the Directory>.

EDS Management			X
	EtherNet/IP		
Select the Location of the E C Add File(s) C Add all the	DS File(s) (8) EDS from the Directory	(9	$\sim 2$
Directory or File Name : D:\Program Files\Woodhea			Browse
The EDS files usable in the C file(s) and click on Next buttor			ocation of the
	(10)	Ľ	
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext	Cancel	Help

- 9. Click <Browse>.
- 10. Click <Next>.

11. The following dialog box appears. Confirm the retrieved device information.

	Ether	Net/IP	• 	
Product Name				^
DriveLogix572	5 Revision 10.1	$\sim$		-
🚯 DriveLogix572	5 Revision 11.1	$\int (11)$		
DriveLogix572				
1203 - SCANP	ort			
1203-SM1				
🚯 1305 AC Drive				
🚯 1305 AC Drive				
🚯 1305 AC Drive				
	// Fiber CNet Adapter			
1336 FORCE v				
🕄 1336 FORCE v	v/ Std Adapter			~
<				>
List of the files adde	ed in the base. Click on	Next to complete the	addition.	w Selected File

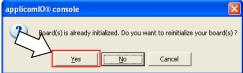
- 12. Click <Next>.
- 13. The following dialog box appears. Click <Finish> to complete the EDS file registration.

EDS Management		×
		EDS
The action is completed.		
		$\sim$
	< <u>B</u> ack Finis	Cancel Help

14. Select the [Network Detection] tab.

applicomIOR console		
<u>File Description Library Network Protocol</u>	[ools ]tems ?	
9 9 9 9 9 9		
	Ethernet: RJ45 Auto 10/100 Mb	
👿 🕸 🖻 🔍	ia. \$" TCP/IP: 192.168.101.110	
E-P Description (CONFIG01)		
⊟		
Protocol (TCP): EtherNet/IP		
(15) E server parameters (PCDDE)		
<u>₩</u> = + + +		
(14)		
Scanning network		1
Scanning network complete		
🛄 Output Message View		
Ready	Configured boards state : 1	1A /

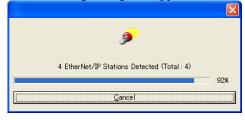
- 15. Click the <Read Network Configuration> icon.
- 16. The following message appears. Click <Yes>.



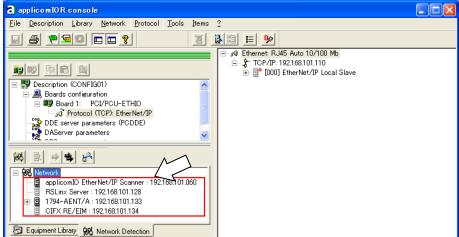
17. Specify the range of detection. If you do not change the range, click <OK>.

<b>Network Detection</b>				
General				
Name	Value	Unit		
🕞 Start IP Address	192.168.101.001			
⊨ Stop IP Address	192.168.101.255			
- Parameter				
Description : Us	ed to define the :	start address for network deter	ction 🔼	
	~		~	
	2	OK Ca	ancel Help	

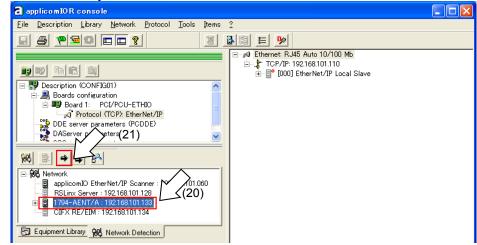
18. The following dialog box appears and read in the devices on the Fieldbus.



19. The list of detected devices is displayed in the [Network detection] panel.



20. Select a device you want to scan.



- 21. Click the <Insert in Configuration> icon.
- 22. The following dialog box appears. Uncheck the [Link Parameters] checkbox.

1794-AENT FLEX I	/O Ethernet Adapter	×
General Chassis   C	onnections   Online Parameters   Module Informations   Port Configuration   EDS File	I.,
Equipment Design	ation	
Topic Name : 🔟	023623	
Number : 0	T Link Parameters Active Configuration :	R
Comment :	(23) (22)	
Network Propertie		
H 1	lame Value Unit	
	IP Address 192.168.101.133	
Description : D	rfine address type: IP or host name.	
	QK Qancel	Help

23. Assign a number in the range from 1 to 127 in <Number: >. This number is "Device ID" and required to create a SPEL+ program.

- 24. Click <General> button on [Connections] tab.
  - Connections Parameters appear to communicate with the slave device.
  - Displayed items are different depending on the slave device.
  - Displayed Connections Parameters are information that is set for the Fieldbus master board.

Make sure that the information matches with that of the slave device

EPSON RC700 EtherNet			<u>ر</u>
General Connections Parameters M	odule Informations Port Co	nfiguration   EDS	File
Configured Connections	Connections Parameters		
EPSON RC700 Et	Name	Value	Unit
	⊩ Request Packet Interval	10	ms
	► Input - T->O		
Check Equipment Identity	► Input Size	32	bytes
-O Configuration Settings	► Input Mode	Multicast	
	► Input Type	Fixed	
	► Priority	Scheduled	
	► Trigger Type	Cyclic	
	► Output - O->T	32	1.1
	► Output Size ► Output Mode	32 Point to Point	bytes
	Cutput Mode ► Output Type	Fixed	
	Priority	Scheduled	
	1 noncy	ooncaalca	
	•		•
Add Remove			
Description			
General parameters of the connection.			
		M	<u> </u>
		$ \rightarrow $	
	<u></u> K		el <u>H</u> elp

NOTE

Connections Parameters that are set for the Fieldbus master board and information of the slave device need to be matched.

Communication with the slave device is not performed if they do not match. Change the information of either Connections Parameters or Fieldbus master board.

Please consult with the slave device manufacturer if the information is unclear.

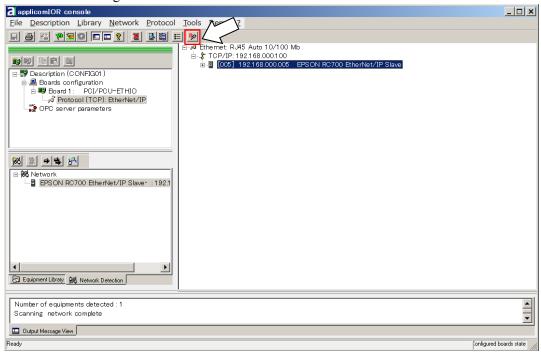
24-1 Double-click the items to change if necessary.

After changing items, click <OK> button. (The figure below is an example of edit screen of Output Size)

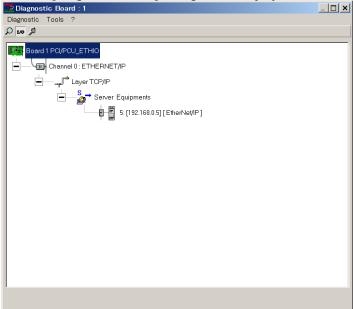
utput Size		
alue		
Parameter	Output She	
Name : Description	Output size : Output size in bytes. The default size in the EDS file is 32 bytes.	<u>^</u>
		<b>T</b>
o:		
Setting Maximum	256	
Setting Maximum :		
	256 32	bytes
Maximum :		bytes
Maximum : Default :	32 32 1	bytes

25. Click <OK> to complete the registration.

26. Check the communication status with each slave devices. Click the <Diagnostic> icon.



## 27. The [Diagnostic Board] dialog box is displayed.



If it cannot communicate with the slave device, the following dialog box appears.

Connections Parameters that are set for the Fieldbus master board and information of the slave device may not be matched.

💆 Diagnostic Board : 1	_ 🗆 🗙
Diagnostic Tools ?	
Q 100 B	
Soard 1 PC/PCU_ETHIO Channel 0: ETHERNET/IP Channel 0: ETHERNET/IP Caper TCP/IP Server Equipments Server Equipments S: [192.168.0.5] [EtherNet/IP]	

Connections Parameters for the Fieldbus master board can be checked by the following procedure.

First, select the slave device which is registered to the Fieldbus master board.

Then, click the left mouse button and select < Properties>.

a applicomIOR console	_ 🗆 ×
Eile Description Library Network Protocol Tools Items 2	
<ul> <li>Provenski RVS Auto 10/100 Mb</li> <li>Poscription (2 ONFIG01)</li> <li>Poscription (2 ONF</li></ul>	
Number of equipments detected : 1	
Scanning network complete	<b>•</b>
🔲 Output Message View	
Ready forfigu	red boards state

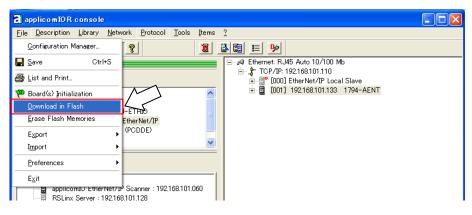
The property information of selected slave device is displayed.

1794-AENT FLE	X 1/O Ethernet Adapter	×
General Chassis	Connections   Online Parameters   Module Informations   Port Configuration   EDS Fil	e
Equipment Des	ignation	
Topic Name :	109.61=8	
Number :	001 💌 🗆 Link Parameters Active Configuration :	V
Comment :		2
Network Proper	rties	
	Name Value Unit	
	- rowress ryse i → IP Address 192.168.101.133	
Description :	Define address type: IP or host name.	X X
	QK Gancel	Help

Select <General> on the [Connections] tab. Connections Parameters appear to communicate with the slave device.

Configured Connections	Connections Parameters	Value	Unit
J-J2 Discrete Exclusive Owner	Request Packet Interval     Paquest Packet Interval     Input - T->O     Input Node     Input Mode     Input Mode     Trigger Type     Output - O->T     Output Size     Output Mode     Output Mode     Pointy		bytes
Add Remove Description General parameters of the connection.			

28. Select [File]-[Download in Flash] from the applicomIOR console menu. Register the configuration to the Fieldbus master board.

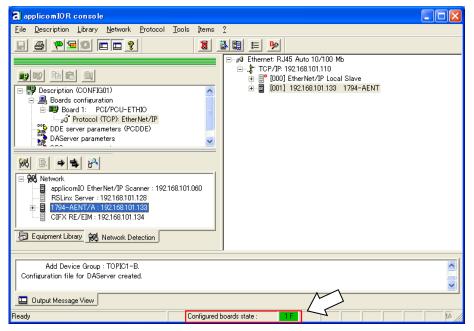


NOTE (P

Make sure that the flash memory of Fieldbus master board stores the configuration; otherwise, the Fieldbus master board cannot function correctly. Also, you cannot control it from EPSON RC+7.0.

If you changed the configuration, select [File]-[Download in Flash] from the applicomIOR console menu and register the configuration to the Fieldbus master board.

29. After a few seconds, the display of "Configured boards state" on the status bar turns to green.



Now, the Fieldbus master board is ready to operate in the master mode.

- 30. Close the applicomIO console application.
- 31. Refer to the section EPSON RC+7.0 configuration and continue the step.

## **EPSON RC+7.0 configuration**

To use the Fieldbus master board, the Robot system option setting and Fieldbus master setting should be enabled on the EPSON RC+ 7.0.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[Option Setting] and display the [Option] dialog box.
- 2. See EPSON RC+ User's Guide: 22. Installing Controller Options and enable the Fieldbus Master option.
- 3. The following dialog box appears.

EPSON RC+ 7.0
Changes will take affect during the next session.
ОК

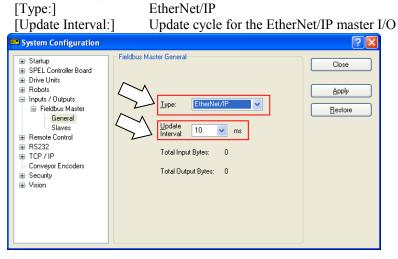
Click <OK> and reboot EPSON RC+7.0.

After EPSON RC+7.0 is started, the option setting is enabled.

4. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog

004.		
System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Inputs / Outputs     General     Slaves     Robot Control     RS232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision	Fieldbus Master General	Close Apply Restore

- 5. Select [Inputs/Outputs]-[Fieldbus Master]-[General].
- 6. Set the following items:



Click <Apply>.
 Confirm that the following are displayed.
 Total Input Bytes : Number of inputs the master controls (Bytes)
 Total Output Bytes : Number of outputs the master controls (Bytes)

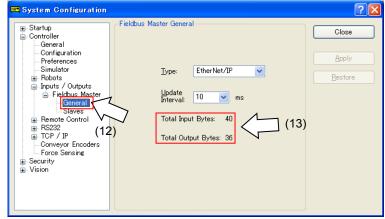
8. Click <Close>. The following dialog box appears. The Robot Controller automatically starts rebooting.



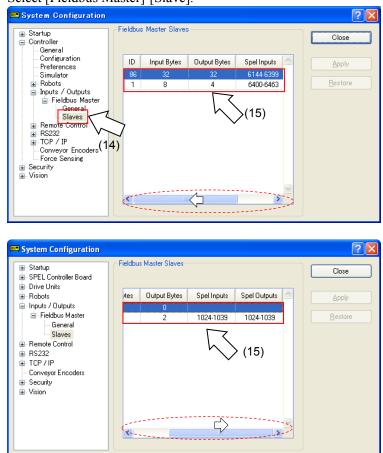
9. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

📟 System Configuration					? 🛛
Startup     Controller     General     Configuration	Inputs / Outputs—				Close
Preferences (10)	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Simulator (10)	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
Inputs / Outputs	e Unit 1	No			Lestore
Fieldbus Master	Extended Board 1	No			
General	Extended Board 2	No			
Slaves	Extended Board 3	No			
ia Remote Control ia RS232	Extended Board 4	No		./	San
TCP / IP	Drive Unit 2	No		Γ <sub></sub>	(11)
Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	No		كسا	
Force Sensing	Fieldbus Master	Yes	6144 - 6463	6144 - 6431	
⊕-Security ⊕-Vision					-

- 10. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 11. Confirm that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Master".
  Installed : Yes
  Inputs : 6144 (6144 + Number of inputs the master controls (Bits))
  - Outputs : 6144 (6144 + Number of outputs the master controls (Bits))
- 12. Select [Fieldbus Master]-[General].



13. Confirm that the following are displayed.
Total Input Bytes : Number of inputs the master controls (Bytes)
Total Output Bytes : Number of outputs the master controls (Bytes)



14. Select [Fieldbus Master]-[Slave].

15. Confirm that the following information the master controls are displayed.

ID	:	Fieldbus station ID of slave
Input Bytes	:	Number of inputs per slave (Bytes)
Output Bytes	:	Number of outputs per slave (Bytes)
Spel Inputs	:	Number of inputs per slave (Bits)
Spel Outputs	:	Number of outputs per slave (Bits)

# "Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout"

Fieldbus EtherNet/IP master board is not supported "Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout" which is added by EtherNet/IP standard update.

If connecting the EtherNet/IP slave device that supports "Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout", connection will be disconnected due to inconsistency with standard update on the above.

You need to change the set value of "Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout" on the Fieldbus EtherNet/IP master board side.

### How to change the set value on the master side Set "0x0000" of UINT below.

- TCP/IP Interface Object (F5h) class Instance #1 Attribute#13
  - Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout

Describe the procedures to set on applicomIO 4.2 Console application.

- (1) Connect the fieldbus master and the slave.
- (2) Select [Network]-[Online Action] on the menu of the [applicomIO Console] application.
- (3) The [Outline Action] dialog is displayed. Select the [Explicit Message] tab.

line Action			
Explicit Message Ping			
Address IP I	Service Number 16 Name Set_Attributes_Single		
Receive	Send to Device	Messaging C Connected © Unconnected	
I			▲ ▼ ▶
Status			4
		Close	<u>H</u> elp

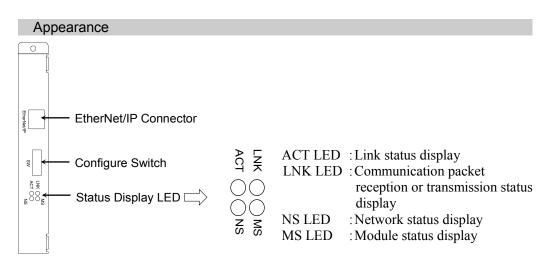
# Set as follows:

#### Address

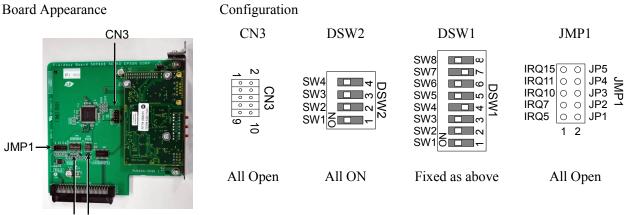
IP Address	:	IP address of the fieldbus EtherNet/IP slave
Class	:	0x000000F5
Instance	:	1
Attribute	:	13
Service		
Name	:	Set_Attribute_Single
Data	:	0000

- (4) Click the <Send to Device> button.
- (5) Confirm that the "CIP Status: 0x0. Success" is displaye on the [Status]. Now, changing the setting is complete.

# 2.3.4 EtherNet/IP Slave Board Installation



The Fieldbus slave board is configured as follows at shipment.



DSW1 DSW2

Specifications				
Item	Specification			
Name	EtherNet/IP slave board			
	I/O messaging connection (Cyclic),			
Supported Connection	Explicit messaging connection			
	EtherNet/IP communication protocol			
Baud Rates	10 M, 100 M (bps)			
Transfer Distance	Standard Ethernet protocol			
Cable	Standard Ethernet protocol			
Mode	Slave			
Interface	1 EtherNet/IP port			
Max. Input data size	2048bits (256bytes)			
Max. Output data size	2048bits (256bytes)			
Assembly Instance	Input: 100 (64h) size: Depending on I/O settings			
	Output: 150 (96h) size: Depending on I/O settings			
	Configuration: 1 size: 0			

## 2. Installation

LED I	Description		
LED status		MS	NS
OFF		Power supply OFF	Power supply OFF or IP address not configured
GRN		Master connected (executing)	Online operating
		Master connected (idling)	Waiting master connection
RED ON Blinking		Non-recoverable error	Wrong IP address (duplication)
		Recoverable error	Connection time out
GRN/RED		Self-diagnosing	Self-diagnosing
alternate			
-			1
LED status		LNK	ACT

LED status	LNK	ACT	
OFF	No link	No communication packet	
		reception or transmission	
ON	Linking	Communication packet	
ON	Linking	reception or transmission	

## Configure switch configuration

# WARNING Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Set all EtherNet/IP board configure switches OFF. Otherwise, the initialization error occurs.

All the EtherNet/IP communication configurations are set by the development software (EPSON RC+ 7.0).

## Wiring

Use a standard Ethernet connector for wiring to the board.



You can use the general Ethernet hub or Ethernet switch for the EtherNet/IP. However, be sure to use a product complying with the industrial standards or noise resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use an office use product or UTP cable, it may cause communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

## Board Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the board to the dedicated slot on the Robot Controller.

Reference manual:

Robot Controller RC700: *Maintenance 6.10 Option Board* Robot Controller RC90: *Maintenance 6.8 Option Board* 

## Confirmation and configuration of EPSON RC+ 7.0

When the EtherNet/IP slave board is installed to the controller, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the EtherNet/IP slave board using the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Testole
EtherNet/IP(2)	Extended Board 2	No			
Remote Control	Extended Board 3	No			
	Extended Board 4	No			
I TCP / IP	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Master	No	Γ	7	
⊞ Security ⊞ Vision			V	(3)	

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave". Installed : Yes
  - Inputs : 512-767 (default setting) Outputs : 512-767 (default setting)
- 4. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

L	J L J		
System Configuration			? 🔀
<ul> <li>Startup</li> <li>SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>Drive Units</li> <li>Robots</li> <li>Inputs / Outputs</li> <li>Fieldbus Slave</li> <li>EtherNet/IP</li> <li>Remote Control</li> <li>RS232</li> <li>TCP / IP</li> <li>Conveyor Encoders</li> <li>Security</li> <li>Vision</li> </ul>	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: Input Bytes: Output Bytes:	EtherNet/IP 32 v 32 v	Close Apply Restore (5)

5. Make sure that the following are displayed.

Fieldbus Type	:	EtherNet/IP
Input Bytes	:	32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	:	32 (default setting)

- 6. Click <Close>.
- 7. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[EtherNet/IP].

System Configuration			?
Conveyor Encoders Conveyor En	EtherNet/IP MAC Address: Host Name: Domain Name: Primary DNS: Secondary DNS: Secondary DNS: Imeout: Address Configuration: IP Address: IP Mask: IP Gateway:	00-30-11-03-93-49 ETHIP0000 EpsonRobots 0.0.0 0.0.0 75 seconds Static • DHCP/ <u>B</u> DOTP/ARP 192.168.0.100 255.255.255.0 0.0.0	Close Apply Restore

- 8. Set each item to the specific value to connect the Ethernet network. For information about the setting values, contact your network administrator. Address Configuration is set to "DHCP/BOOTP/ARP" at shipment.
- 9. When the configuration is completed, click <Apply> to apply the setting.
- 10. Click <Close>.

NOTE

When Address Configuration is set to "DHCP/BOOTP/ARP", the controller waits for DHCP/BOOTP/ARP sever response for 30 seconds at controller startup. When DHCP/BOOTP/ARP does not respond within the time, the Controller stops the request to the DHCP/BOOTP/ARP server and waits ARP.

## Editing of input / output size

You can change the input/output size of the EtherNet/IP slave board if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

System Configuration			? 🛛
Startup SPEL Controller Board Drive Units Robots Fieldbus Slave Fieldbus Slave Fieldbus Slave Remail Remail	Fieldbus I/D Slave Fieldbus Type: Input Bytes: Output Bytes:	EtherNet/IP 32 v 32 v	Close Apply Restore

3. Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Input & Outputs     General     EtherNet/IP     Remote Control     FS232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision	<ul> <li>Fieldbus I/O Slave</li> <li>Fieldbus Type: EtherNet/IP</li> <li>Input Bytes: 20 </li> <li>Output Bytes: 20 </li> </ul>	Close <u>Apply</u> <u>Restore</u>

- 4. Click < Apply>.
- 5. Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears. The Robot Controller automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RC+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

6. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>B - Startup</li> <li>B - SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>Drive Units</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Bobots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Elektrice Slave A Z	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Pastara
General (7)	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Restore
EtherNet/IP	Extended Board 2	No			
Remote Control	Extended Board 3	No			
	Extended Board 4	No			
. TCP / IP	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	$\nabla$
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Master	No			<sup>™</sup> (8)
E Security	<b>E</b>				(-)
i Vision					

- 7. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 8. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave". Inputs : 512 - (512 + Changed number of input (Bits)) Outputs : 512 - (512 + Changed number of output (Bits))

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs.

Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

9. Click <Close>.

NOTE

When you change the input/output size of EtherNet/IP slave board, you need to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the aplicomIO Console application.

Electronic Information File (EDS file)

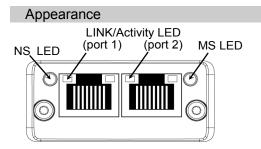
An EDS file is supplied for EtherNet/IP slave Board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

 $\label{eq:exponent} $$ EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\EtherNet/IP $$$ 

# 2.3.5 EtherNet/IP Slave Module Installation

Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the the DeviceNet connecter from coming off.
<ol> <li>Use the connectors attached to the module.</li> <li>Insert the connectors all the way seated.</li> <li>Fix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the connectors.</li> </ol>



WARNING

Specifications				
Item	Specification			
Name	EtherNet/IP slave module			
	I/O messaging connection (Cyclic),			
Supported Connection	Explicit messaging connection			
	EtherNet/IP communication protocol			
Baud Rates	10 M, 100 M (bps)			
Transfer Distance	Standard Ethernet protocol			
Cable	Standard Ethernet protocol			
Mode	Slave			
Interface	1 EtherNet/IP port			
Max. Input data size	2048bits (256bytes)			
Max. Output data size	2048bits (256bytes)			

## LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus module.

## NS: Network StatusLED

LED State	Description
Off	No power or no IP address
Green	Online, one or more connections established (CIP Class 1 or 3)
Green, flashing	Online, no connections established
Red	Duplicate IP address, FATAL error
Red, flashing	One or more connections timed out (CIP Class 1 or 3)

## MS: Module Status LED

LED State	Description			
Off	No power			
Green	Controlled by a Scanner in Run state			
Green, flashing	Not configured, or Scanner in Idle state			
Red	Major fault (EXCEPTION-state, FATAL error etc.)			
Red, flashing	Recoverable fault(s). Module is configured, but stored parameters differ from currently used parameters.			

## LINK/Activity LED

LED State	Description
Off	No link, no activity
Green	Link (100 Mbit/s) established
Green, flickering	Activity (100 Mbit/s)
Yellow	Link (10 Mbit/s) established
Yellow, flickering	Activity (10 Mbit/s)

## Configure switch configuration



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Set all EtherNet/IP modules configure switches OFF. Otherwise, the initialization error occurs.

All the EtherNet/IP communication configurations are set by the development software (EPSON RC+ 7.0).

## Wiring

CAUTION

Use a standard Ethernet connector for wiring to the board.

You can use the general Ethernet hub or Ethernet switch for the EtherNet/IP. However, be sure to use a product complying with the industrial standards or noise resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use an office use product or UTP cable, it may cause communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

## Module Installation

WARNING Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the module to the dedicated slot on the T3 series Manipulator.

Reference manual:

T3 series Manipulator Setup&Operation 17. Fieldbus I/O

## Confirmation and configuration of EPSON RC+ 7.0

When the EtherNet/IP slave module is installed to the T3 series Manipulator, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the EtherNet/IP slave module using the following procedure.

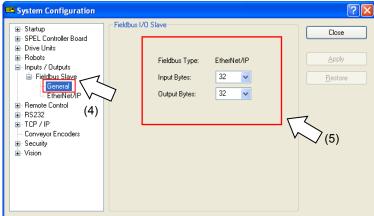
1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
E Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Hestore
EtherNet/IP(2)	Extended Board 2	No			
Remote Control	Extended Board 3	No			
■ RS232	Extended Board 4	No			
TCP / IP	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Master	No	Г	7	
⊞ Security ⊯ Vision			~	(3)	

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Installed		Yes
Inputs	:	512-767 (default setting)
Outputs	:	512-767 (default setting)

4. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].



- 5. Make sure that the following are displayed. Fieldbus Type : EtherNet/IP Input Bytes : 32 (default setting) Output Bytes : 32 (default setting)
- 6. Click <Close>.
- 7. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[EtherNet/IP].

System Configuration			?
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Fieldbus Slave <u>Energial     EtherNet/IP     Remote Control     R5232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision </u>	EtherNet/IP         MAC Address:         Host Name:         Domain Name:         Primary DNS:         Secondary DNS:         Imeout:         Address         Configuration:         IP Address:         IP Mask:         IP Gateway:	00-30-11-03-93-49 ETHIP0000 EpsonRobots 0.0.0 0.0.0 75 seconds • Static • DHCP/ <u>B</u> 00TP/ARP 192-168.0.100 255-255-255.0 0.0.0	Close

- 8. Set each item to the specific value to connect the Ethernet network. For information about the setting values, contact your network administrator. Address Configuration is set to "DHCP/BOOTP/ARP" at shipment.
- 9. When the configuration is completed, click <Apply> to apply the setting.
- 10. Click <Close>.

NOTE

When Address Configuration is set to "DHCP/BOOTP/ARP", the controller waits for DHCP/BOOTP/ARP sever response for 30 seconds at controller startup. When DHCP/BOOTP/ARP does not respond within the time, the Controller stops the request to the DHCP/BOOTP/ARP server and waits ARP.

#### Editing of input / output size

You can change the input/output size of the EtherNet/IP slave module if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

System Configuration			? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Injouts / Outputs     Fieldbus Slave     Ceneral     Reade Control     RS232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision	<ul> <li>Fieldbus I/O Slave</li> <li>Fieldbus Type: Input Bytes:</li> <li>Output Bytes:</li> </ul>	EtherNet/IP 32 v 32 v	Close Apply Restore

3. Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Inputs / Outputs     General     EthertVet/IP     Remote Control     RS232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: EtherNet/IP Input Bytes: 20 v Output Bytes: 20 v	Close Apply Restore

- 4. Click < Apply>.
- Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears.
   T3 series Manipulator (Controller) automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RC+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

6. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inputs / Outputs</li> </ul>				Close
Bobots	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
E Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Pastara
General (7	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Restore
EtherNet/IP	Extended Board 2	No			
Remote Control	Extended Board 3	No			
	Extended Board 4	No			
TCP / IP	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	R
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Master	No			<sup>−</sup> √(8)
■ Security	E				(-)
🗄 Vision					

- 7. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 8. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave". Inputs : 512 - (512 + Changed number of input (Bits)) Outputs : 512 - (512 + Changed number of output (Bits))

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs.

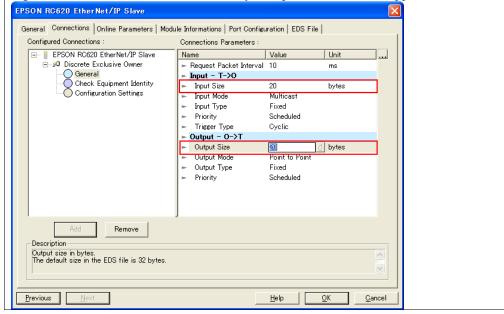
Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

9. Click <Close>.

```
NOTE
```

When you change the input/output size of EtherNet/IP slave module, you need to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device.

Use the window below to change the input/output size of the slave information registered in the Fieldbus master device by the aplicomIO Console application.



#### "Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout"

Fieldbus EtherNet/IP slave module supports"Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout" which is added by EtherNet/IP standard update.

If the EtherNet/IP master device is not supported for the standard on the above, connection will be disconnected.

You need to change the "Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout" set value of the slave on the EtherNet/IP master device side.

For more details, refer to 2.3.3 *EtherNet/IP Master Board Installation How to change the set value on the master side.* 

# Electronic Information File (EDS file)

An EDS file is supplied for EtherNet/IP slave module network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\EtherNet/IP

# 2. Installation

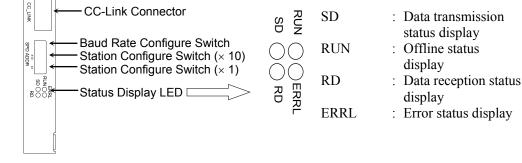
# 2.4 CC-Link

# 2.4.1 CC-Link Slave Board Installation

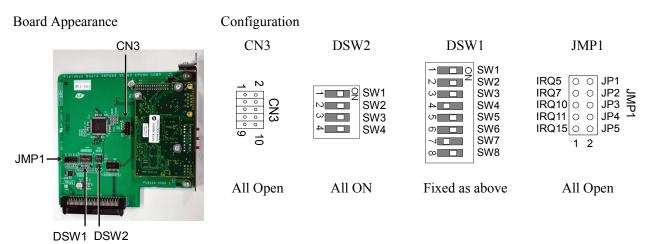
Appearance

# Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the the DeviceNet connecter from coming off.
<ol> <li>Use the connectors attached to the board.</li> <li>Insert the connectors all the way seated.</li> <li>Fix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the connectors.</li> </ol>



The Fieldbus slave board is configured as follows at shipment.



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Specifications				
Item	Specification			
Name	CC-Link Slave Board			
Connection Method	Broadcast polling			
Baud Rates (bps)	156 k, 625 k, 2.5 M, 5 M,	10 M (bps)		
Transfer Distance	Baud Rates	Cable Length		
	10 M (bps)	100 m		
	5 M (bps)	160 m		
	2.5 M (bps)	400 m		
	625 k (bps)	900 m		
	156 k (bps)	1200 m		
Maximum Device Number	64 units			
Cable	Dedicated cable supporting	g CC-Link Ver.1.10		
Mode	Slave			
Interface	1 CC-Link V1 port			
Occupied Stations	1 to 4 station(s) (Remote device station)			
Master Station's Handshake				
Max. Input Data Size	384bits (48bytes)			
Max. Output Data Size	384bits (48bytes)			

# LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus I/O board.

LED status	ERRL RED	RUN GRN	RD GRN	SD GRN	
	Normal operation	Offline	No data reception	No data transmission	
OFF	Device power supply	Device power supply	Device power supply	Device power supply	
	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
	CRC error: station				
ON	Address error	Normal operation	Data reception	Data transmission	
UN	Baud rate	Normal operation			
	configuration error				
Blinking	_	_	-	_	

# Configure switch configuration

WARNING Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Configuration of the device station is available with the station configure switch on the CC-Link slave board.

Baud rate configuration is available with baud rate configure switch on the CC-Link board.

 Set the station of the CC-Link slave board with the station configuration switch. Make sure that the station does not duplicate with the other devices inside the network at configuration.

Switches on the  $\times 10$  side are for tenths digit address value configuration. Switches on the  $\times 1$  side are for units digit address value configuration. Stations from 1 to 62 are available.

rate. Refer to the following table for configuration.				
Baud Rate	Switch			
156 k	0			
625 k	1			
2.5 M	2			
5 M	3			
10 M	4			
Configuration prohibited	5-9			

# 2. Set the CC-Link baud rate. Check the master configuration and set the same baud rate. Refer to the following table for configuration.

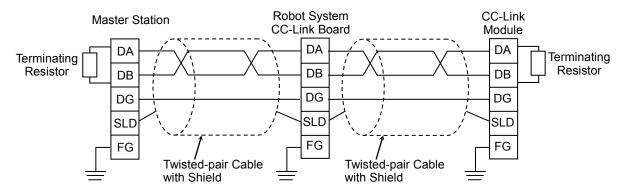
#### Wiring

The CC-Link connector is a 5-pin open connector. Use the connector attached to the board for wiring.

m · 1	c	1	•
Terminal r	name for	each	pin

Terminal Name	
DA	
DB	
DG	
SLD	
FG	

Connect the CC-Link master module and the CC-Link slave board as follows.





Prepare the cable for CC-Link Ver.1.10 sold in the market as a communication cable. Install terminating resistors at both ends of the network.

Use the terminating resistors attached to the CC-Link master station.

Make sure to disconnect the connectors only after turning OFF the power supply of the specific station.

Connect the shield wire for CC-Link to the "SLD" of each unit and ground the both ends via "FG".

#### Board Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the board to the dedicated slot on the Robot Controller.

```
Reference manual:
```

Robot Controller RC700: *Maintenance 6.10 Option Board* Robot Controller RC90: *Maintenance 6.8 Option Board* 

Confirmation of EPSON RC+ 7.0

When the CC-Link slave board is installed to the controller, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the CC-Link board using the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
Bemote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	<u>n</u> estore
T	Extended Board 2	No			
	Extended Board 3	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			
	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	2.767	
😟 Vision	Fieldbus Master	No			
				v (3)	

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave".

Installed: YesInputs: 512-767 (default setting)Outputs: 512-767 (default setting)

4. Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Inputs / Dutputs     General     Rescie Control     RS232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: CC-Link Input Bytes: 32 v Output Bytes: 32 v	Close

5. Make sure that the following are displayed.

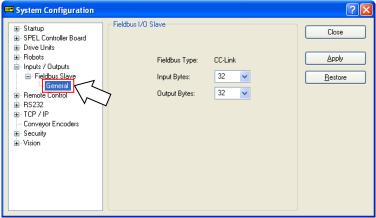
Fieldbus Type	:	CC-Link
Input Bytes	:	32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	:	32 (default setting)

6. Click <Close>.

#### Editing of input / output size

You can change the input/output size of the CC-Link slave board if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].



3. Change the settings of [Input Byte] and [Output Byte]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

System Configuration		? 🛛
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Inputs / Outputs     Fieldbus Slave     General     Remote Control     RS222     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security     Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: CC-Link Input Bytes: 20 v Output Bytes: 20 v	Close Apply Restore

- 4. Click <Apply>.
- 5. Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears. The Robot Controller automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RC+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

6. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box

System Configuration  Startup  SPEL Controller Board  Drive Units  77	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Boline Chiles	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	
Remote Control	Extended Board 2	No			
. BS232	Extended Board 3	No			(8)
I TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			M
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	$\triangleleft$
. Security	Fieldbus Master	No			
B- Vision					

- 7. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 8. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave".

Inputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of input (Bits) ) Outputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of output (Bits) )

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs.

Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

9. Click <Close>.

#### Operation

When the CC-Link is installed, some operation differs from the other Fieldbus I/O options. This section describes about these differences.

#### Remote Input

Remote input (RX) and remote output (RY) indicates ON/OFF information. Remote data is bit data and the FROM/TO command is executed per 16 bits (1 word).

"n" in the following tables is address configured as a master station with the station configure. This is calculated by the following expression.

 $n = (Station - 1) \times 2$ 

Result of the calculation is in decimal number. Substitute the result to "n" after converting to hexadecimal number.

#### (Example)

When CC-Link board station is 1

Remote Input	RXn0 to RX(n+5)F $\rightarrow$ RX00 to RX5F
Remote Output	RYn0 to RY(n+5)F $\rightarrow$ RY00 to RY5F

When CC-Link board station is 4

Remote Input	RXn0 to RX(n+5)F $\rightarrow$ RX60 to RXAF
Remote Output	RYn0 to RY( $n+5$ )F $\rightarrow$ RY60 to RYAF

Remote Input List (3 stations occupied, Default configuration \*1)

Signal direction: Remote device station (CC-Link board)  $\rightarrow$  Master station (PLC)

Bits indicated as "NA" are left for user. Use these free for SPEL+ program.

Address	Signal Name		Controller Bit No
RXn0	Ready	*1	512
RXn1	Start	*1	513
RXn2	Paused	*1	514
RXn3	Error	*1	515
RXn4	EStopOn	*1	516
RXn5	SafeguardOn	*1	517
RXn6	SError	*1	518
RXn7	Waning	*1	519
RXn8	MotorsOn	*1	520
RXn9	AtHome	*1	521
RXnA	CurrProg1	*1	522
RXnB	CurrProg2	*1	523
RXnC	CurrProg4	*1	524
RXnD	AutoMode	*1	525
RXnE	TeachMode	*1	526
RXnF	ErrorCode1	*1	527
RX(n+1)0	ErrorCode2	*1	528
RX(n+1)1	ErrorCode4	*1	529
RX(n+1)2	ErrorCode8	*1	530

Address	Signal Name		Controller Bit No
RX(n+1)3	ErrorCode16	*1	531
RX(n+1)4	ErrorCode32	*1	532
RX(n+1)5	ErrorCode64	*1	533
RX(n+1)6	ErrorCode128	*1	534
RX(n+1)7	ErrorCode256	*1	535
RX(n+1)8	ErrorCode512	*1	536
RX(n+1)9	ErrorCode1024	*1	537
RX(n+1)A	ErrorCode2048	*1	538
RX(n+1)B	ErrorCode4096	*1	539
RX(n+1)C	ErrorCode8192	*1	540
RX(n+1)D	CmdRunning	*1	541
RX(n+1)E	CmdError	*1	542
RX(n+1)F	NA		543
RX(n+2)0	NA		544
:	:		
RX(n+4)F	NA		591
RX(n+5)0	NA		592
RX(n+5)1	NA		593
RX(n+5)2	NA		594
RX(n+5)3	NA		595
RX(n+5)4	NA		596
RX(n+5)5	NA		597
RX(n+5)6	NA		598
RX(n+5)7	NA		599
RX(n+5)8	NA		600
RX(n+5)9	NA		601
RX(n+5)A	NA		602
RX(n+5)B	Remote Ready	*2	603
RX(n+5)C	NA		604
RX(n+5)D	NA		605
RX(n+5)E	NA		606
RX(n+5)F	NA		607

\*1: Remote control inputs and outputs are not allocated to fieldbus slave I/O by default. To allot remote control input and output to fieldbus slave I/O, refer to 3.5 Remote Control Input and Output setting later in this manual.

 \*2 When initialization of the CC-Link board is completed at the Controller turn-on, Remote Ready flag [RX(n+5)B] turns ON.
 I/O assignment of Remote Ready cannot be changed or disabled (NA).

#### Remote Output List (3 stations occupied, Default configuration \*1)

Signal direction: Master station (PLC)  $\rightarrow$  Remote device station (CC-Link board)

Bits indicated as "NA" are left for user	. Use these free for SPEL+ program.
--	-------------------------------------

Address	Signal Name		Controller Bit No
RYn0	Start	*1	512
RYn1	SelProg1	*1	513
RYn2	SelProg2	*1	514
RYn3	SelProg4	*1	515
RYn4	Stop	*1	516
RYn5	Pause	*1	517
RYn6	Continue	*1	518
RYn7	Reset	*1	519
RYn8	SetMotorsOn	*1	520
RYn9	SetMotorsOff	*1	521
RYnA	Home	*1	522
RYnB	Shutdown	*1	523
RYnC	NA		524
RYnD	NA		525
RYnE	NA		526
RYnF	NA		527
RY(n+1)0	NA		528
:	:		
RY(n+4)F	NA		591
RY(n+5)0	NA		592
RY(n+5)1	NA		593
RY(n+5)2	NA		594
RY(n+5)3	NA		595
RY(n+5)4	NA		596
RY(n+5)5	NA		597
RY(n+5)6	NA		598
RY(n+5)7	NA		599
RY(n+5)8	NA		600
RY(n+5)9	NA		601
RY(n+5)A	NA		602
RY(n+5)B	NA		603
RY(n+5)C	NA		604
RY(n+5)D	NA		605
RY(n+5)E	NA		606
RY(n+5)F	NA		607

\*1: Remote control inputs and outputs are not allocated to fieldbus slave I/O by default. To allot remote control input and output to fieldbus slave I/O, refer to 3.5 Remote Control Input and Output setting later in this manual.

#### **Remote Register**

Remote register (RWr, RWw) is numeric value

"m" indicated in the following tables are master station address configured with station configure. This is calculated by the following expression.

 $m = (Station - 1) \times 4$ 

Result of the calculation is in decimal number. Substitute the result to "m" after converting to hexadecimal number.

(Example)

When the CC-Link board is 1

Remote Register	emote Register RWrm to RWrm+B $\rightarrow$ RWr0 to RWrB		
Remote Register RWwm to RWwm+B $\rightarrow$ RWw0 to RWwE			
When the CC-Link board is 4			
Remote Register RWrm to RWrm+B $\rightarrow$ RWrC to RWr17			
Remote Register	RWwm to RWwm+B $\rightarrow$ RWwC to RWw17		

#### Remote Register List (3 stations occupied, Default configuration \*1)

Signal direction: Remote device station (CC-Link board)  $\rightarrow$  Master station (PLC)

Dits indicated us	Dits indicated as 1011 are left for user. Ose these five for St EL+ program.			
Address	Signal Name	Controller Word No	Controller Bit No	
RWrm	NA	38	608 to 623	
:	:			
RWrm+9	NA	47	752 to 767	
RWrm+A	System reserved	-	-	
RWrm+B	System reserved	-	-	

Bits indicated as "NA" are left for user. Use these free for SPEL+ program.

Signal direction: Master station (PLC)  $\rightarrow$  Remote device station (CC-Link board)

			1 8
Address	Signal Name	Controller Word No	Controller Bit No
RWwm	NA	38	608 to 623
:	:		
RWwm+9	NA	47	752 to 767
RWwm+A	System reserved	-	-
RWwm+B	System reserved	-	-

Input / Output Size ( x )	Occupied Stations	Remote I/O (Bytes)	Remote Register (Bytes)
0 < x = < 4	1	S	0
4 < x = < 12	1	4	x – 4
12 < x = < 24	2	8	x – 8
24 < x = <36	3	12	x – 12
36 < x = <48	4	16	x – 16

The number of stations, remote I/O range, and remoteregister range depend on the input / output size.

The number of occupied stations is the ones on the CC-Link network. Set this number to the master station.

Remote I/O is the information of ON/OFF.

Remote I/O data is in bit data and the FROM/TO command are executed in units of 16 bits. Remote register is in numeric data.

#### Electronic Information File (CSP File)

A CSP file is supplied for the CC-Link slave board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder in where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\CCLink

According to the inpout/output size, the CSP file you use differs. See the table below and select the CSP file.

#### For Robot Controller RC700

Input / Output Size (x)	Occupied stations	Electronic file name
0 < x = < 12	1	EPSN0400_1.csp
12 < x = < 24	2	EPSN0400_2.csp
24 < x = <36	3	EPSN0400_3.csp
36 < x = <48	4	EPSN0400_4.csp

#### For Robot Controller RC90

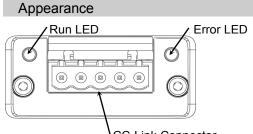
Input / Output Size (x)	Occupied stations	Electronic file name
0 < x = < 12	1	EPSN0301_1.csp
12 < x = < 24	2	EPSN0301_2.csp
24 < x = <36	3	EPSN0301_3.csp
36 < x = <48	4	EPSN0301_4.csp

# 2.4.2 CC-Link Slave Module Installation

WARNING

Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the the DeviceNet connecter from coming off.
 Use the connectors attached to the module.
 Insert the connectors all the way seated.
 Fix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the connectors.



CC-Link Connector

Specifications			
Items	Specification		
Name	CC-Link Slave Module		
Connection Method	Broadcast polling		
Baud Rates (bps)	156 k, 625 k, 2.5 M, 5 M, 1	0 M (bps)	
Transfer Distance	Baud Rates	Cable Length	
	10 M (bps)	100 m	
	5 M (bps)	160 m	
	2.5 M (bps)	400 m	
	625 k (bps)	900 m	
	156 k (bps)	1200 m	
Maximum Device Number	64 units		
Cable	Dedicated cable supporting CC-Link Ver.1.10		
Mode	Slave		
Interface	1 CC-Link V1 port		
Occupied Stations	1 to 4 station(s) (Remote device station)		
Master Station's Handshake			
Max. Input Data Size	384bits (48bytes)		
Max. Output Data Size	384bits (48bytes)		

# Specifications

#### LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus I/O board.

LED	Status		
	OFF	No network participation, timeout status (no power)	
Run LED Green Participating, normal operation		Participating, normal operation	
	Red	Major fault (FATAL error)	
	OFF	No error detected (no power)	
	Red	Major fault (Exception or FATAL event)	
Error LED	Red,	CRC error (temporary flickering)	
EII0I LED	blinking		
	Red, ON	Station Number or Baud rate has changed since startup	
		(flashing)	

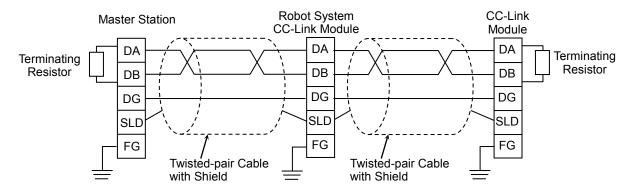
#### Wiring

The CC-Link connector is a 5-pin open connector. Use the connector attached to the module for wiring.

Terminal name for each pin

Terminal No	Terminal Name
1	DA
2	DB
3	DG
4	SLD
5	FG

Connect the CC-Link master module and the CC-Link slave module as follows.



NOTE (P

Prepare the cable for CC-Link Ver.1.10 sold in the market as a communication cable. Install terminating resistors at both ends of the network.

Use the terminating resistors attached to the CC-Link master station.

Make sure to disconnect the connectors only after turning OFF the power supply of the specific station.

Connect the shield wire for CC-Link to the "SLD" of each unit and ground the both ends via "FG".

#### Module Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the module to the dedicated slot on the T3 series Manipulator.

Reference manual:

T3 series Manipulator Setup&Operation 17. Fieldbus I/O

#### Confirmation of EPSON RC+ 7.0

When the CC-Link slave module is installed to the T3 series Manipulator, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the CC-Link board using the following procedure.

(1) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Destaur
Remote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Restore
1	Extended Board 2	No			
	Extended Board 3	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			
	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767 🗸	2.767	
🛓 Vision	Fieldbus Master	No			
				v (3)	

- (2) Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- (3) Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave".

Installed: YesInputs: 512-767 (default setting)Outputs: 512-767 (default setting)

(4) Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

- Fie	ldbus I/O Slave			
Startup     Controller				Close
General Configuration				
-Preferences	Fieldbus Type:	CC-Link		Apply
Simulator	Station Number:	1 💌		<u>R</u> estore
Robots     □ Inputs / Outputs	Baud Rate:	156 Kbps 🔻		
Fieldbus Slave	Input Bytes:	32 🔹	-	
Remote Control	Output Bytes:	32 •		
TCP / IP     Gecurity     (4)		v	5	
Vision		(	5)	

- (5) Set each item to the specific value to connect the CC-Link network. For information about the setting values, contact your network administrator.
- (6) Click <Close>.

#### Editing of Input/Outout size

You can change the input/output size of the CC-Link slave module if necessary.

- (1) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- (2) Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

System Configuration			? ×
Startup     Controller     General     Configuration     Preferences     Simulator     Drive Units     Robots     Pieldbus Slave     General     Remote Control     R5232     DTOP / IP     Security     Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: Station Number: Baud Rate: Input Bytes: Output Bytes:	CC-Link 1 • 156 Kbps • 32 • 32 •	Close Apply Restore

(3) Change the settings of [Input Byte] and [Output Byte]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

- (4) Click < Apply>.
- (5) Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears.
   T3 series Manipulator (Controller) automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RC+ 7.0
Rebooting Controller
Close

(6) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🔀
Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Controller Board	)	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	
📄 Inputs / Outputs	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	
Fieldbus Slave General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	<u>R</u> estore
Remote Control	Extended Board 2	No			
	Extended Board 3	No			(8)
😟 TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			$M^{(8)}$
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	$\triangleleft$
🖮 Security	Fieldbus Master	No			
₽ Vision					

- (7) Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- (8) Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave". Inputs : 512 - (512 + Changed number of input (Bits) Outputs: 512 - (512 + Changed number of output (Bits))

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs.

Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

(9) Click <Close>.

#### Operation

When the CC-Link is installed, some operation differs from the other Fieldbus I/O options. This section describes about these differences.

#### Remote Input

Remote input (RX) and remote output (RY) indicates ON/OFF information. Remote data is bit data and the FROM/TO command is executed per 16 bits (1 word).

"n" in the following tables is address configured as a master station with the station configure. This is calculated by the following expression.

 $n = (Station - 1) \times 2$ 

Result of the calculation is in decimal number. Substitute the result to "n" after converting to hexadecimal number.

(Example)

When CC-Link board station is 1

Remote Input RXn0 to  $RX(n+5)F \rightarrow RX00$  to RX5F

Remote Output RYn0 to  $RY(n+5)F \rightarrow RY00$  to RY5F

When CC-Link board station is 4

Remote Input	RXn0 to RX(n+5)F $\rightarrow$ RX60 to RXAF
Remote Output	RYn0 to RY( $n+5$ )F $\rightarrow$ RY60 to RYAF

Remote Input List (3 stations occupied, Default configuration \*1)

Signal direction: Remote device station (CC-Link board)  $\rightarrow$  Master station (PLC)

Address Signal Name		Robot System Bit No	
RXn0	Ready	*1	512
RXn1	Running	*1	513
RXn2	Paused	*1	514
RXn3	Error	*1	515
RXn4	EStopOn	*1	516
RXn5	SafeguardOn	*1	517
RXn6	SError	*1	518
RXn7	Warning	*1	519
RXn8	MotorsOn	*1	520
RXn9	AtHome	*1	521
RXnA	CurrProg1	*1	522
RXnB	CurrProg2	*1	523
RXnC	CurrProg4	*1	523
RXnD	AutoMode	*1	525
RXnE	TeachMode	*1	526
RXnF	ErrorCode1	*1	527
RX(n+1)0	ErrorCode2	*1	528
RX(n+1)0 RX(n+1)1	ErrorCode4	*1	528
$\frac{RX(n+1)1}{RX(n+1)2}$	ErrorCode8	*1	530
RX(n+1)2 RX(n+1)3	ErrorCode16	*1	530
· · · ·		*1	
$\frac{RX(n+1)4}{PX(n+1)5}$	ErrorCode32	*1	532
$\frac{RX(n+1)5}{RX(n+1)6}$	ErrorCode64		533
RX(n+1)6	ErrorCode128	*1	534
RX(n+1)7	ErrorCode256	*1	535
RX(n+1)8	ErrorCode512	*1	536
RX(n+1)9	ErrorCode1024	*1	537
RX(n+1)A	ErrorCode2048	*1	538
RX(n+1)B	ErrorCode4096	*1	539
RX(n+1)C	ErrorCode8192	*1	540
RX(n+1)D	CmdRunning	*1	541
RX(n+1)E	CmdError	*1	542
RX(n+1)F	NA		543
RX(n+2)0	NA		544
•	:		
RX(n+4)F	NA		591
RX(n+5)0	NA		592
RX(n+5)1	NA		593
RX(n+5)2	NA		594
RX(n+5)3	NA		595
RX(n+5)4	NA		596
RX(n+5)5	NA		597
RX(n+5)6	NA		598
RX(n+5)7	NA		599
RX(n+5)8	NA		600
RX(n+5)9	NA		601
RX(n+5)A	NA		602
RX(n+5)B	Remote Ready	*2	603
RX(n+5)C	NA		604
RX(n+5)D	NA		605
RX(n+5)E	NA		606
RX(n+5)F	NA		607

Bits indicated as "NA" are left for user. Use these free for SPEL+ program.

- \*1: Remote control inputs and outputs are not allocated to fieldbus slave I/O by default. To allot remote control input and output to fieldbus slave I/O, refer to 3.5 Remote Control Input and Output setting later in this manual.
- \*2: When initialization of the CC-Link module is completed at the Robot system turn-on, Remote Ready flag [RX(n+5)B] turns ON.

I/O assignment of Remote Ready cannot be changed or disabled (NA).

# Remote Output List (3 stations occupied, Default configuration \*1)

Signal direction: Master station (PLC) → Remote device station (CC-Link module)

Address	Signal Name		Robot System Bit No
RYn0	Start	*1	512
RYn1	SelProg1	*1	513
RYn2	SelProg2	*1	514
RYn3	SelProg4	*1	515
RYn4	Stop	*1	516
RYn5	Pause	*1	517
RYn6	Continue	*1	518
RYn7	Reset	*1	519
RYn8	SetMotorsOn	*1	520
RYn9	SetMotorsOff	*1	521
RYnA	Home	*1	522
RYnB	Shutdown	*1	523
RYnC	NA		524
RYnD	NA		525
RYnE	NA		526
RYnF	NA		527
RY(n+1)0	NA		528
•			
RY(n+4)F	NA		591
RY(n+5)0	NA		592
RY(n+5)1	NA		593
RY(n+5)2	NA		594
RY(n+5)3	NA		595
RY(n+5)4	NA		596
RY(n+5)5	NA		597
RY(n+5)6	NA		598
RY(n+5)7	NA		599
RY(n+5)8	NA		600
RY(n+5)9	NA		601
RY(n+5)A	NA		602
RY(n+5)B	NA		603
RY(n+5)C	NA		604
RY(n+5)D	NA		605
RY(n+5)E	NA		606
RY(n+5)F	NA		607

Bits indicated as "NA" are left for user. Use these free for SPEL+ program.

\*1: Remote control inputs and outputs are not allocated to fieldbus slave I/O by default. To allot remote control input and output to fieldbus slave I/O, refer to 3.5 Remote Control Input and Output setting later in this manual. **Remote Register** 

Remote register (RWr, RWw) is numeric value

"m" indicated in the following tables are master station address configured with station configure. This is calculated by the following expression.

 $m = (Station - 1) \times 4$ 

Result of the calculation is in decimal number. Substitute the result to "m" after converting to hexadecimal number.

(Example)

When the CC-Link board is 1

Remote Register	RWrm to RWrm+B $\rightarrow$ RWr0 to RWrB			
Remote Register	RWwm to RWwm+B $\rightarrow$ RWw0 to RWwB			
When the CC-Link board is 4				
Remote Register	RWrm to RWrm+B $\rightarrow$ RWrC to RWr17			
Remote Register	RWwm to RWwm+B $\rightarrow$ RWwC to RWw17			

Remote Register List (3 stations occupied, Default configuration \*1)

Signal direction: Remote device station (CC-Link module)  $\rightarrow$  Master station (PLC)

Bits indicated as "NA" are left for user. Use these free for SPEL+ program.

Address	Signal Name	Robot System Word No	Robot System Bit No
RWrm	NA	38	608~623
:	:		
RWrm+9	NA	47	752~767
RWrm+A	System reserved	-	-
RWrm+B	System reserved	-	-

Signal direction: Master station (PLC)  $\rightarrow$  Remote device station (CC-Link board)

Bits indicated as "NA" are left for user. Use these free for SPEL+ program.

Address	Signal Name	Robot System Word No	Robot System Bit No
RWwm	NA	38	608~623
:	:		
RWwm+9	NA	47	752~767
RWwm+A	System reserved	-	-
RWwm+B	System reserved	-	-

Input / Output Size ( x )	Occupied Stations	Remote I/O (Bytes)	Remote Register (Bytes)
	Stations	(Bytes)	(Bytes)
0 < x = < 4	1	S	0
4 < x = < 12	1	4	x – 4
12 < x = < 24	2	8	x – 8
24 < x = <36	3	12	x - 12
36 < x = <48	4	16	x – 16

The number of stations, remote I/O range, and remoteregister range depend on the input / output size.

The number of occupied stations is the ones on the CC-Link network. Set this number to the master station.

Remote I/O is the information of ON/OFF.

Remote I/O data is in bit data and the FROM/TO command are executed in units of 16 bits. Remote register is in numeric data.

#### Electronic Information File (CSP File, CSP+ File)

CSP file, CSP+ file are supplied for the CC-Link slave board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder in where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\CCLink

#### CSPfile

According to the inpout/output size, the CSP file you use differs. See the table below and select the CSP file.

Input / Output Size (x)	Occupied stations	Electronic file name
0 < x = < 12	1	EPSN0500_1.csp
12 < x = < 24	2	EPSN0500_2.csp
24 < x = <36	3	EPSN0500_3.csp
36 < x = <48	4	EPSN0500_4.csp

CSP+file

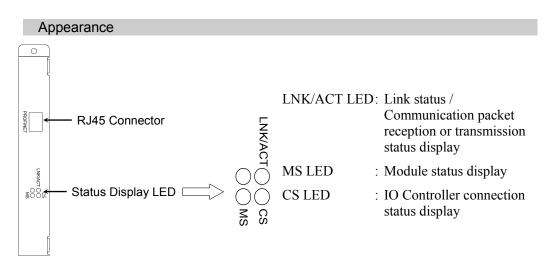
0x0353\_EPSON T Series\_1\_en.cspp

# 2.5 PROFINET



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electric shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

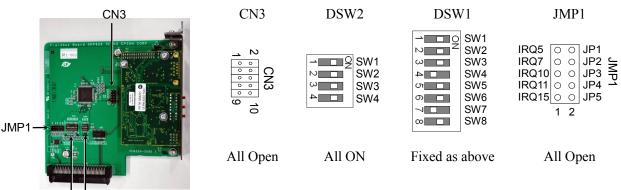
# 2.5.1 PROFINET Slave Board Installation



The Fieldbus slave board is configured as follows at shipment.



Configuration



DSW1 DSW2

# Specifications

Item	Specification
Name	PROFINET board
Connection Method	RT (Real-Time)
Protocol	PROFINET IO
Device type	IO device
Baud Rates (bps)	100 M bps, full duplex
Maximum segment length	100 m
Cable	RJ45 with connector 100BASE-TX (Cat5)
Cycle time	2 msec
Interface	RJ45 port $\times$ 1
Input Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)
Output Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)

#### LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus board.

	LED	status	MS	CS	LNK/ACT
	OFF		Power OFF or Device is being initialized	Offline	No link or Power OFF
	ON Blinking		Normal operation	Offline IO controller is in RUN	Linking
GRN			_	-	Receiving/transmitting communication packet
	Bli	nking once	Evaluating	Offline / IO controller is in STOP	-
RED	Blinking	Blinking once	Structure Error - Too many (Sub) Modules - I/O size set by IO controller is too large. - Structure mismatched (No module, wrong module)	-	-
	Q.d	Blinking 3 times	No station name has been set or No IP address has been set	-	-
		Blinking 4 times	Internal error	-	-

#### Configure switch configuration

The PROFINET board requires no configurations.

All the PROFINET communication configurations are set by the development software (EPSON RC+ 7.0).

#### Wiring

PROFINET connector is RJ45 connector. Use 100BASE-TX (STP type) cable.

CAUTION

Be sure to use cables and connectors complying with the industrial standards or noise resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use an office use product or UTP cable, it may cause communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

#### **Board Installation**

WARNING Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the board to the dedicated slot on the Robot Controller.

Reference manual:

Robot Controller RC700: *Maintenance 6.10 Option Board* Robot Controller RC90: *Maintenance 6.8 Option Board* 

#### Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When PROFINET slave board is installed in the controller, it is recognized automatically. Confirm that EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the board in the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	(2) Type	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 · 23	0 - 15	Restore
Remote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 · 95	<u>n</u> estore
■ BS232	Extended Board 2	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 3	No			
Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			1
Security	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	$\langle \square (3) \rangle$
🖭 Vision	Fieldbus Master	No			

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 3. Make sure that following are displayed in "Fieldbus".

Installed	: Yes
Inputs	: 512-767 (default setting)
Outputs	: 512-767 (default setting)

4. Click [Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

Fieldbus I/O Slave	📟 System Configuration			? 🛛
Startup SPEL Controller Board Drive Units Robots Inputs / Outputs Fieldbus Slave Generative Remote Control Res232 TCP / IP Conveyor Encoders Security Vision Close	Drive Units     Robots     Inputs / Outputs     Fieldbus Slave     General     Remote Control     Res232     TCP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security	Fieldbus Ty MAC Addres Station Type Input Bytes: Output Byte	ss: 00-30-11-05-52-E0 e: RC620-PROFINET-IO 32 V ss: 32 V	Restore

5. Make sure that following are displayed. Fieldbus Type : PROFINET IO

21	
Input Byte	: 32 (default setting)
Output Byte	: 32 (default setting)

6. Click <Close>.

Editing of input / output size and DAP mode

You can change the input/output size of the PROFINET slave board if necessary.

- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

📟 System Configuration			? 🔀
Startup SPEL Controller Board Drive Units Robots Inputs / Outputs Fieldbus Slave General Remote Control RS232 TOP / IP Conveyor Encoders Security Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: MAC Address: Station Type: Input Bytes: Output Bytes: DAP Mode:	PROFINET IO 00-30-11-05-52-E0 RC620-PROFINET-IO 32 v 32 v Ver 2 v	Close Apply Restore

- 3. Change the settings of [Input Byte] and [Output Byte].
  - In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

System Configuration	System Configuration		? 🔀
<ul> <li>Startup</li> <li>SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>Drive Units</li> <li>Robots</li> <li>Fieldbus Slave</li> <li>General</li> <li>Remote Control</li> <li>RS232</li> <li>TCP / JP</li> <li>Conveyor Encoders</li> <li>Security</li> <li>Vision</li> </ul> Fieldbus Type: PROFINET IO Apply Bestore Bestore Close Close Apply Bestore Close	Startup     SPEL Controller Board     Drive Units     Robots     Inputs / Outputs     General     Remote Control     RS232     TOP / IP     Conveyor Encoders     Security	Fieldbus Type: PROFINET IO MAC Address: 00-30-11-05-52-E0 Station Type: RC620-PROFINET-IC Input Bytes: 20 v Output Bytes: 20 v	Apply Restore

- 4. Change the setting of [DAP mode] if necessary.
- 5. Set [DAP mode] according to the PROFINET IO controller that you want to use. Usually, select DAP Ver.2. DAP Ver.1 is available for the obsolete PROFINET IO controller.



The PROFINET option does not have the alert function that is an optional function in DAP Ver.2.

rebooting.

- 6. Click < Apply>.
- 7. Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears.

The Robot Controller automatically start		
EPSON RC+ 7.0		
Rebooting Contr	oller	
Close	1	

8. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration -Startup -SPEL Controller Board -Drive Units -Robots	Inputs / Outputs —				Close
ia-Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
😑 Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Destaur
General ⊕ Remote Control	Drive Unit 1	No			Restore
ia RS232	Extended Board 1	No			
TOP / IP	Extended Board 2	No			
Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 3	No			
Security     Security	Extended Board 4	No			
ia Vision	Drive Unit 2	No			
	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	
	Fieldbus Master	No			

- 9. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- 10. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave".

Inputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of input (Bits) ) Outputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of output (Bits) )

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs. Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

11. Click <Close>.

NOTE

When setting this option to the PROFINET IO controller (Master), configure as below. The Robot Controller includes 16 pseudo I/O slots. In these slots, add 1 to 32 bytes input modules, output modules. Make sure to add the output modules first, and then, add the input modules. <Example> Input: 40 bytes / Output: 48bytes (set in the RC+ window) Slot 1 : 32 bytes output module Slot 2 : 16 bytes output module (Set 48 bytes in total for the Output.) Slot 3 :32 bytes input module Slot 4 : 8 bytes input module (Set 40 bytes in total for the Input.)

#### Electronic Information File (GSDML file)

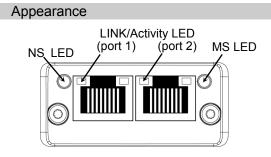
A GSDML file is provided for the PROFINET slave board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\PROFINET

# 2.5.2 PROFINET Slave Module Installation

Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the the DeviceNet connecter from coming off.
 Use the connectors attached to the module.
 Insert the connectors all the way seated.
 Fix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the connectors.



### Specifications

Item	Specification
Name	PROFINET Slave Module
Connection Method	RT (Real-Time)
Protocol	PROFINET IO
Device type	IO device
Baud Rates (bps)	100 M bps, full duplex
Maximum segment length	100 m
Cable	RJ45 with connector 100BASE-TX (Cat5)
Cycle time	2 ms
Interface	RJ45 port $\times$ 1
Input Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)
Output Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)

# LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus module.

NS: Network Status LED

LED State	Description	Comments
Off	Offline	No power
		No connection with IO Controller
Green	Online (RUN)	Connection with IO Controller established
		IO Controller in RUN state
Green, 1 flash	Online (STOP)	Connection with IO Controller established
		IO Controller in STOP state or IO data bad
		IRT synchronization not finished
Green, blinking	Blink	Used by engineering tools to identify the
		node on the network
Red	Fatal event	Major internal error (this indication is
		combined with a red module status LED)
Red, 1 flash	Station Name error	Station Name not set
Red, 2 flashes	IP address error	IP address not set
Red, 3 flashes	Configuration error	Expected Identification differs from Real
		Identification

# MS: Module Status LED

LED State	Description	Comments
Off	Not Initialized	No power OR Module in SETUP or
		NW_INIT state.
Green	Normal Operation	Module has shifted from the NW_INIT
		state.
Green, 1 flash	Diagnostic Event(s)	Diagnostic event(s) present
Red	Exception error	Device in state EXCEPTION.
	Fatal event	Major internal error (this indication is
		combined with a red net- work status
		LED)
Alternating Red/	Firmware update	Do NOT power off the module. Turning
Greed		the module off during this phase could
		cause permanent damage.

# LINK/Activity LED

LED State	Description	Comments
Off	No Link	No link, no communication present
Green	Link	Ethernet link established, no communication present
Green, flickering	Activity	Ethernet link established, communication present

#### Configure switch configuration

The PROFINET module requires no configurations.

All the PROFINET communication configurations are set by the development software (EPSON RC+ 7.0).

#### Wiring

PROFINET connector is RJ45 connector. Use 100BASE-TX (STP type) cable.

CAUTION Be sure to use cables and connectors complying with the industrial standards or noise resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use an office use product or UTP cable, it may cause communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

#### Module Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the module to the dedicated slot on the T3 series Manipulator.

Reference manual:

T3 series Manipulator Setup&Operation 17. Fieldbus I/O

Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When PROFINET slave module is installed in the T3 series Manipulator, it is recognized automatically.

Confirm that EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the module in the following procedure.

1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots	(2) Type	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
Bemote Control	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	<u>n</u> estore
BS232	Extended Board 2	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 3	No			
Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 4	No			1
Gecurity	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	(3)
🕀 Vision	Fieldbus Master	No			

- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- Make sure that following are displayed in "Fieldbus". Installed : Yes

```
Inputs: 512-767 (default setting)Outputs: 512-767 (default setting)
```

4. Click [Fieldbus Slave].

System Configuration			? ×
■ System Configuration Startup Controller Contiguration Preferences Simulator Prive Units Pobots Prive Units Pobots Prive Joutputs Prieldbus Master Fieldbus Slave Remote Control RS232 TOP / IP Security Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: PROFINET IO MAC Address: 00-30-11-17-C3-6C Station Type: TSERIES-PROFINET Input Bytes: 32 Output Bytes: 32 DAP Mode: Ver 2	Close Apply <u>R</u> estore	? ×

- 5. Make sure that following are displayed.
  Fieldbus Type : PROFINET IO
  Input Byte : 32 (default setting)
  Output Byte : 32 (default setting)
- 6. Click <Close>.

Editing of input / output size and DAP mode

You can change the input/output size of the PROFINET slave module if necessary.

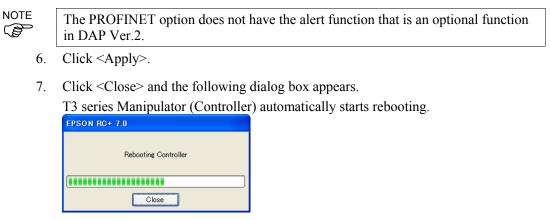
- 1. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 2. Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave].

- 398	tenii oonniguration			<u></u> .
		Fieldbus I/O Slave		
	artup			Close
	ontroller General			
	Configuration			
	Preferences	Fieldbus Type:	PROFINET IO	Apply
	Simulator			
	-Drive Units	MAC Address:	00-30-11-17-C3-6C	Restore
	Robots			
	Inputs / Outputs	Station Type:	TSERIES-PROFINET-IO	
	庄 Fieldbus Master			
	🕂 Fieldbus Slave	Input Bytes:	32 💌	
	-Remote Control			
	- RS232	Output Bytes:	32 💌	
	TOP / IP			
	ecurity	DAP Mode:	Ver 2 💌	
	ision		,	
1				

3. Change the settings of [Input Byte] and [Output Byte].

System Configuration		?	×
Startup     General     General	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: PROFINET IO MAC Address: 00-30-11-17- Station Type: TSERIES-PRO Input Bytes: 32 Output Bytes: 32 DAP Mode: Ver 2	-C3-6C Restore	

- 4. Change the setting of [DAP mode] if necessary.
- 5. Set [DAP mode] according to the PROFINET IO controller that you want to use. Usually, select DAP Ver.2. DAP Ver.1 is available for the obsolete PROFINET IO controller.



- 8. Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- 9. Select [Inputs / Outputs].

<ul> <li>Bestartup</li> <li>SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>Development</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs			Close	
i∎- Robots i⊟-Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
E Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Pestava
General ⊕ Remote Control	Drive Unit 1	No			Restore
RS232	Extended Board 1	No			
TOP / IP	Extended Board 2	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Extended Board 3	No			
ia Security ia Vision	Extended Board 4	No			
	Drive Unit 2	No			
	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	
	Fieldbus Master	No			

10. Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus slave".

Inputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of input (Bits) ) Outputs : 512 – ( 512 + Changed number of output (Bits) )

In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Inputs. Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and 512-671 is displayed in Outputs.

11. Click <Close>.

NOTE

When setting this option to the PROFINET IO controller (Master), configure as below. The Robot Controller includes 16 pseudo I/O slots. In these slots, add 1 to 32 bytes input modules, output modules. Make sure to add the output modules first, and then, add the input modules. <Example> Input: 40 bytes / Output: 48bytes (set in the RC+ window) Slot 1 : 32 bytes output module Slot 2 : 16 bytes output module (Set 48 bytes in total for the Output.) Slot 3 :32 bytes input module Slot 4 : 8 bytes input module (Set 40 bytes in total for the Input.)

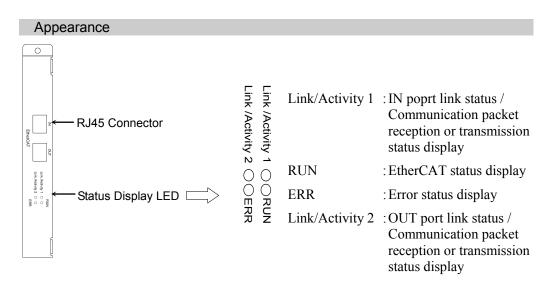
#### Electronic Information File (GSDML file)

A GSDML file is provided for the PROFINET slave module network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

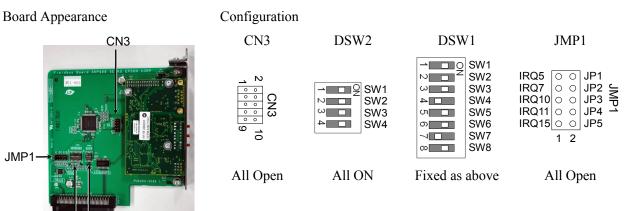
\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\PROFINET

# 2.6 EtherCAT

## 2.6.1 EtherCAT Slave Board Installation



The Fieldbus slave board is configured as follows at shipment



DSW1	DSW2

## Specifications

Item	Specification
Name	EtherCAT board
Protocol	EtherCAT
Transmission Type	100BASE-TX
Baud Rate	100 M bps, full duplex
Maximum Segment Length	100m
Maximum Number of Nodes	65535
Cable	100BASE-TX(Cat5) with RJ45 connector
Interface	Two RJ45 ports IN: EtherCAT input / OUT: EtherCAT Output
Input Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)
Output Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)
Device Profile	CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE) PDO (Process Data Object) SDO (Service Data Object)

#### LED Description

I	LED status	Link/Activity 1	RUN	ERR	Link/Activity 2
OFF		No IN port link	Initialized status	No error	No OUT port link
	ON	IN port linking	Operational status	-	OUT port linking
GRN	Blinking (Flickering)	IN port communication packet transmission and receiving	_	_	OUT port communication packet transmission and receiving
	Blinking (Blinking)	_	Preoperational status	_	_
	Blinking (Single flash)	_	Safe operational status	_	_
	ON	_	_	Critical error	-
RED	Blinking (Blinking)	_	_	EtherCAT communication configuration error	_
	Blinking (Single flash)	_	_	Communication synchronization	-
	Blinking (Double flash)	_	_	Watchdog error	-

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus board.

LED's blinking patterns are as follows:

Flickering	: Repeats lighting on and off every 50 ms.
Blinking	: Repeats lighting on and off every 200 ms.
Single flash	: Repeats 200 ms of lighting on and 1000 ms c of lighting off.
Double flash	: Repeats a cycle of 200 ms of lighting on, 200 ms of lighting off, 200 ms of lighting on and 1000 ms of lighting off.

#### Configure switch configuration

Configuration of an EtherCAT board is not necessary. All settings such as communication configuration for EtherCAT are done by the EPSON RC+ 7.0.

## Wiring

Wiring of an EtherCAT slave board uses RJ45 connectors. Make sure to use STP-type 100BASE-TX cables.



For cables and connectors, be sure to use a product complying with the industrial standards or a noise-resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use office use products or UTP cables, it may cause communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

#### **Board Installation**



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any boards or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the board to the dedicated slot on the Robot Controller.

Reference manual: Robot Controller RC700: Maintenance 6.10 Option Board Robot Controller RC90: Maintenance 6.8 Option Board

## Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When an EtherCAT slave board is installed to the controller, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the EtherCAT board using the following procedure.

(1) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>B - Startup</li> <li>B - SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>B - Drive Units</li> </ul>	- Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
E Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Testore
Remote Control (2)	Extended Board 2	No			
	Extended Board 3	No			
😟 TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
	Fieldbus Master	No	57		
B Vision			h	(3)	

- (2) Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- (3) Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Installed: YesInputs: 512-767 (default setting)Outputs: 512-767 (default setting)

(4) Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General]

∎-Startup ⊒-Controller General	-Fieldbus I	/O Slave		Close
General Configuration Preferences Simulator Proty Units Robots Fieldbus Slave Fieldbus Slave Rescass Rescass Force Sensing Security Vision	⊐ (4)	Fieldbus Type: Input Bytes: Output Bytes:	EtherCAT 32 V 32 V	Apply Restore (5)

(5) Make sure that the following are displayed.

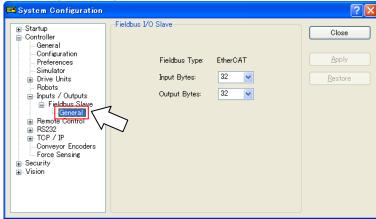
Fieldbus Type	: EtherCAT
Input Bytes	: 32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	: 32 (default setting)

(6) Click <Close>.

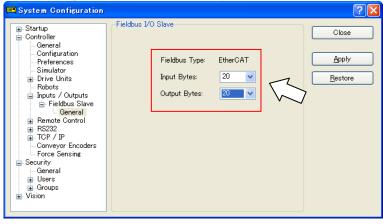
#### Editing of input / output size

You can change the input/output size of the EtherCAT slave board if necessary.

- (1) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- (2) Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].



(3) Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.



# NOTE

Cautions when connecting OMRON PLC and this option:

The input/output size has limitations.

Select any of 32 bytes, 64 bytes, 128 bytes, or 256 bytes for both [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes].

[Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes] may have a different size.

(4) Click < Apply>.

(5) Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears. The Robot controller automatically starts rebooting.



(6) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

⊪-Startup ⊪-SPEL Controller Board ⊪-Drive Units	- Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Hestole
- Bernote Control	Extended Board 2	No			
- RS232	Extended Board 3	No			
- TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	
Security	Fieldbus Master	No			
₽ Vision					

- (7) Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- (8) Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Inputs	: 512 – 512 + Changed number of input (Bits)
Outputs	: 512 – 512 + Changed number of output (Bits)

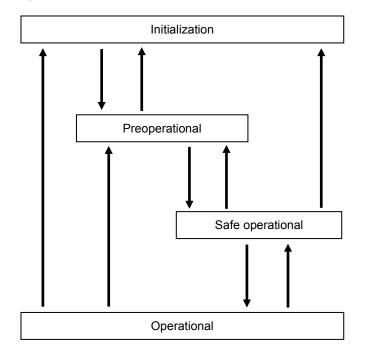
In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and "512-671" is displayed in "Inputs".

Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and "512-671" is displayed in "Outputs".

(9) Click <Close>.

#### **Communication State Transition**

The EtherCAT slave board goes into initialized state after the power is turned ON. Subsequent state transition is controlled by the EtherCAT master.



State	Description					
	Status after turning ON the power.					
Initialization	Initialization state is continued by the EtherCAT until preoperational state.					
	Set by the EtherCAT master.					
Preoperational	SDO (Service Data Object) communication is only available in this state.					
	Set by the EtherCAT master.					
Safe operational	PDO (Process Data Object) transmission, along with SDO (Service Data Object) communication is available in this state.					
	Set by the EtherCAT master.					
Operational	All communications are available in this state. Control of I/O data with the EtherCAT master is possible.					

#### Electronic Information File (ESI file)

An ESI (EtherCAT Slave Information) file is supplied for EtherCAT slave board network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

\EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\EtherCAT EPSN\_RC90\_ECT\_V2.3.xml EPSN\_RC700\_ECT\_V2.3.xml

# NOTE

When connecting the OMRON's PLC and this option: Use the following ESI files specialized for the OMRON's PLC. \EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\EtherCAT EPSN\_RC90\_ECT\_V2.3\_for\_OMRON\_rev1.xml EPSN\_RC700\_ECT\_V2.3\_for\_OMRON\_rev1.xml On the OMRON's setting tool (Sysmac Studio), set as follows according to the input/output size set for this option.

When "32" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select "RxPDO(32byte)" When "64" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select "RxPDO(64byte)" When "128" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select "RxPDO(128byte)" When "256" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select two of "RxPDO(128byte/256byte)" When "32" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(32byte)" When "64" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(64byte)" When "128" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(64byte)" When "256" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(128byte)" When "256" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(128byte)"

# (Example)

When [Inoput Bytes] is "256" bytes and [Output Bytes] is "256" bytes on this option, settings on the OMRON's setting tool (Sysmac Studio) are as follows:

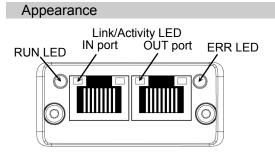
ОО Мар				PDO entries in	ncluded	in TxPDO(1	28byte/	256byte)		
	Process Da	ta Size : Input 2048 [bit] /		Index		Data type			Comment	
		Output 2048 [bit]	/ 2048 [bit]	0x2001:01	8 [bit]	USINT	and the second second	yte 0129		
Selection	Input/Output	Name	Flag	0x2001:02	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0130		
•		No option		0x2001:03	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0131		
0	Output	RxPDO(32byte)		0x2001:04	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0132		
•	Output	RxPDO(64byte)		0x2001:05	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0133		
0	Output	RxPDO(128byte)		0x2001:06	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0134		
0	Output	RxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:07	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0135		
•		No option		0x2001:08	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0136		
ŏ	Output	RxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:09	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0137		
				0x2001:0A	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0138		
		No option		0x2001:0B	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0139		
2	Input	TxPDO(32byte)		0x2001:0C	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0140		
	Input	TxPDO(64byte)		0x2001:0D	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0141		
	Input	TxPDO(128byte)		0x2001:0E	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0142		
•	Input	TxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:0F	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0143		
•		No option		0x2001:10	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0144		
$\odot$	Input	TxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:11	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	yte 0145		
				0x2001:12	8 [bit]	USINT	Input B	vte 0146		
					M			Down		
				Edit PDO Er	ntry	Add PDC	) Entry	Delet	e PDO Ent	y
						[	ОК	Cance		

## 2. Installation

## 2.6.2 EtherCAT Slave Module Installation

WARNING Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the the DeviceNet connecter from coming off.
<ol> <li>Use the connectors attached to the module.</li> <li>Insert the connectors all the way seated.</li> <li>Fix the cables at proper positions in order not to put a load on the connectors.</li> </ol>



#### Specifications

Item	Specification	
Name	EtherCAT module	
Protocol	EtherCAT	
Transmission Type	100BASE-TX	
Baud Rate	100 M bps, full duplex	
Maximum Segment Length	100m	
Maximum Number of Nodes	65535	
Cable	100BASE-TX(Cat5) with RJ45 connector	
Interface	Two RJ45 ports IN: EtherCAT input / OUT: EtherCAT Output	
Input Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)	
Output Data Size	Max. 2048 bits (256 bytes)	
Device Profile	CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE) PDO (Process Data Object) SDO (Service Data Object)	

## LED Description

LED status represents the status of the fieldbus Module.

#### RUN LED

LED State	Indication	Description
Off	INIT	EtherCAT device in 'INIT'-state (or no
		power)
Green	OPERATIONAL	EtherCAT device in 'OPERATIONAL'-
		state
Green, blinking	PRE-OPERATIONAL	EtherCAT device in 'PRE-
		OPERATIONAL'-state
Green, single flash	SAFE-OPERATIONAL	EtherCAT device in 'SAFE-
		OPERATIONAL'-state
Flickering	BOOT	The EtherCAT device is in 'BOOT' state
Red	(Fatal Event)	If RUN and ERR turn red, this
		indicates a fatal event, forcing the bus
		interface to a physically passive state.

# ERR LED

LED State	Indication	Description
Off	No error	No error (or no power)
Red, blinking	Invalid configuration	State change received from master is not possible due to invalid register or object settings.
Red, single flash	Unsolicited state change	Slave device application has changed the EtherCAT state autonomously.
Red, double flash	Application watchdog timeout	Sync manager watchdog timeout.
Red	Application controller failure	Anybus module in EXCEPTION. If RUN and ERR turn red, this indicates a fatal event, forcing the bus interface to a physically passive state.
Flickering	Booting error detected	E.g. due to firmware download failure.

# Link/Activity

LED State	Indication	Description
Off	No link	Link not sensed (or no power)
Green	Link sensed, no activity	Link sensed, no traffic detected
Green, flickering	Link sensed, activity	Link sensed, traffic detected

#### Configure switch configuration

Configuration of an EtherCAT module is not necessary. All settings such as communication configuration for EtherCAT are done by the EPSON RC+ 7.0.

#### Wiring

Wiring of an EtherCAT slave board uses RJ45 connectors. Make sure to use STP-type 100BASE-TX cables.



For cables and connectors, be sure to use a product complying with the industrial standards or a noise-resistant Ethernet cable (STP cable). If you use office use products or UTP cables, it may cause communication errors and may not offer the proper performance.

#### Module Installation



Make sure that the power is turned OFF before installing/removing any modules or connecting/disconnecting any cables. Working with the power ON is extremely hazardous and may result in electrical shock and/or malfunction of equipment.

Install the module to the dedicated slot on the T3 series Manipulator.

Reference manual:

T3 series Manipulator Setup&Operation 17. Fieldbus I/O

#### Confirmation with EPSON RC+ 7.0

When an EtherCAT slave module is installed to the T3 series Manipulator, it is recognized automatically. Confirm whether EPSON RC+ 7.0 has recognized the EtherCAT module using the following procedure.

(1) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

System Configuration					? 🛛
<ul> <li>■ Startup</li> <li>■ SPEL Controller Board</li> <li>■ Drive Units</li> </ul>	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
Inputs / Outputs     Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restaur
General General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	Restore
⊞ Remote Control (2)	Extended Board 2	No			
	Extended Board 3	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 767	512 - 767	
Security	Fieldbus Master	No	57		
⊞ Vision			h	)(3)	

- (2) Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- (3) Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Installed	: Yes
Inputs	: 512-767 (default setting)
Outputs	: 512-767 (default setting)

(4) Select [Fieldbus Slave]-[General]

Gontroller	∼Fieldbus I/O	) Slave		Close
General - General - Configuration - Preferences - Simulator - Robots - Robots - Fieldbus Slave - General - Remote Control - Rescue Control - Conveyor Encoders - Force Sensing - Security - Vision	⊐(4)	Fieldbus Type: Input Bytes: Output Bytes:	EtherCAT	Apply Restore (5)

(5) Make sure that the following are displayed.

Fieldbus Type	: EtherCAT
Input Bytes	: 32 (default setting)
Output Bytes	: 32 (default setting)

(6) Click <Close>.

#### Editing of input / output size

You can change the input/output size of the EtherCAT slave module if necessary.

- (1) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.
- (2) Select [Inputs / Outputs]-[Fieldbus Slave]-[General].

📟 System Configuration			? 🔀
Startup Controller Central Configuration Preferences Simulator Drive Units Robots Fieldbus Slave Fieldbus Slave Force Sensing Security Vision	Fieldbus I/O Slave Fieldbus Type: Input Bytes: Output Bytes:	EtherCAT 32 V 32 V	Close Apply Restore

(3) Change the settings of [Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes]. In this example, both of them are changed to 20 Bytes.

- NOTECautions when connecting OMRON PLC and this option:<br/>The input/output size has limitations.<br/>Select any of 32 bytes, 64 bytes, 128 bytes, or 256 bytes for both [Input Bytes] and<br/>[Output Bytes].<br/>[Input Bytes] and [Output Bytes] may have a different size.
  - (4) Click < Apply>.
  - (5) Click <Close> and the following dialog box appears.T3 series Manipulator (Controller) automatically starts rebooting.

EPSON RC+ 7.0	
Rebooting Contr	oller
Close	

(6) Select [Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box.

⊞ Startup ⊪ SPEL Controller Board ⊪ Drive Units	Inputs / Outputs				Close
Robots     Inputs / Outputs	Туре	Installed	Inputs	Outputs	Apply
- Fieldbus Slave	Standard	Yes	0 - 23	0 - 15	Restore
General	Extended Board 1	Yes	64 - 95	64 - 95	
Remote Control	Extended Board 2	No			
⊕ RS232	Extended Board 3	No			
TCP / IP	Extended Board 4	No			
- Conveyor Encoders	Fieldbus Slave	Yes	512 - 671	512 - 671	
E Security	Fieldbus Master	No			
æ- Vision					

- (7) Select [Inputs / Outputs].
- (8) Make sure that the following are displayed in "Fieldbus Slave".

Inputs: 512 - 512 + Changed number of input (Bits)Outputs: 512 - 512 + Changed number of output (Bits)

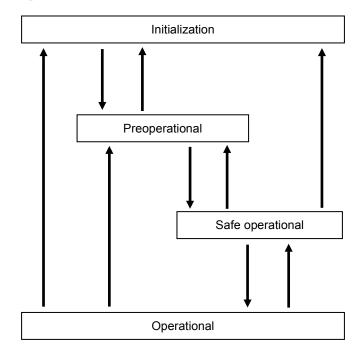
In this example, Input byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and "512-671" is displayed in "Inputs".

Also, Output byte is 20 bytes (160 bits) and "512-671" is displayed in "Outputs".

(9) Click <Close>.

#### **Communication State Transition**

The EtherCAT slave module goes into initialized state after the power is turned ON. Subsequent state transition is controlled by the EtherCAT master.



State	Description		
	Status after turning ON the power.		
Initialization	Initialization state is continued by the EtherCAT until preoperational state.		
	Set by the EtherCAT master.		
Preoperational	SDO (Service Data Object) communication is only available in this state.		
	Set by the EtherCAT master.		
Safe operational	PDO (Process Data Object) transmission, along with SDO (Service Data Object) communication is available in this state.		
	Set by the EtherCAT master.		
Operational	All communications are available in this state. Control of I/O data with the EtherCAT master is possible.		

#### Electronic Information File (ESI file)

An ESI (EtherCAT Slave Information) file is supplied for EtherCAT slave module network configuration. The file is located in the following folder where the EPSON RC+ 7.0 is installed.

 $\label{eq:exponential} $$ EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\EtherCAT $$$ 

EPSN\_TSERIES\_ECT\_V2.3.xml

# NOTE

When connecting the OMRON's PLC and this option: Use the following ESI files specialized for the OMRON's PLC. \EpsonRC70\Fieldbus\EtherCAT EPSN\_TSERIES\_ECT\_V2.3\_for\_OMRON\_Rev1.xml

On the OMRON's setting tool (Sysmac Studio), set as follows according to the input/output size set for this option.

When "32" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select "RxPDO(32byte)"
When "64" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select "RxPDO(64byte)"
When "128" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select "RxPDO(128byte)"
When "256" bytes is set for [Input Bytes], select two of "RxPDO(128byte/256byte)"
When "32" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(32byte)"
When "64" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(64byte)"
When "128" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(128byte)"
When "256" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(128byte)"
When "128" bytes is set for [Output Bytes], select "TxPDO(128byte)"

# (Example)

When [Inoput Bytes] is "256" bytes and [Output Bytes] is "256" bytes on this option, settings on the OMRON's setting tool (Sysmac Studio) are as follows:

PDO Map				PDO entries ir	ncluded i	n TxPDO(1	28byte/256	byte)	
	Process Dat	ta Size : Input 2048 [bit] /	/ 2048 [bit]	Index	Size	Data type	PDO entry	name IComr	nentl
		Output 2048 [bit]	/ 2048 [bit]	0x2001:01	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0129	
Selection	Input/Output	Name	Flag	0x2001:02	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte		
•		No option		0x2001:03	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0131	
0	Output	RxPDO(32byte)		0x2001:04	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0132	
•	Output	RxPDO(64byte)		0x2001:05	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0133	
•	Output	RxPDO(128byte)		0x2001:06	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0134	
0	Output	RxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:07	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0135	
•		No option		0x2001:08	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0136	
õ	Output	RxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:09	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0137	
				0x2001:0A	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0138	
0		No option		0x2001:0B	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0139	
0	Input	TxPDO(32byte)		0x2001:0C	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0140	
•	Input	TxPDO(64byte)		0x2001:0D	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0141	
0	Input	TxPDO(128byte)	777	0x2001:0E	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0142	
0	Input	TxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:0F	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0143	
•		No option		0x2001:10	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0144	
$\odot$	Input	TxPDO(128byte/256byte)		0x2001:11	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0145	
				0x2001:12	8 [bit]	USINT	Input Byte	0146	
					Me	ove Up	Move Dov	vn Al	ign
				Edit PDO Er	ntry	Add PDC			Entry
						Ī	ОК	Cancel	Apply

# 3. Operation

This chapter describes how to use the Fieldbus I/O option after installing it.

# 3.1 SPEL<sup>+</sup> Fieldbus I/O Commands

Here are the main commands for Fieldbus I/O. Input/output command and function for fieldbus I/O are same as these for the normal I/O. For details, refer to the *Online Help* or *SPEL*<sup>+</sup> *Language Reference manual*.

FbusIO_GetBusStatus	Returns the status of the specified fieldbus.	
FbusIO_GetDeviceStatus	Returns the status of the specified fieldbus device.	
FbusIO_SendMsg	Sends an explicit message to a device and returns the reply.	
In	Returns the status of an 8-bit input port.	
InW	Returns the status of a 16-bit input port.	
IONumber	Returns the I/O port number of the specified Fieldbus I/O label.	
Off	Turns an output off.	
On	Turns an output on.	
Out	Simultaneously sets eight output bits.	
OutW	Simultaneously sets 16 output bits.	
Sw	Returns the status of one input bit.	

NOTE (P

NOTE

(B)

Response times for Fieldbus I/O varies and depends on several factors, including baud rate, scan rate, number of tasks, communication error, etc. EPSON RC+ does not guarantee the real-time response for the fieldbus I/O and message inputs. When the fastest and most consistent response times are required, please use EPSON Standard digital I/O, which incorporates interrupt driven inputs and outputs.

# 3.2 Outputs Off by Emergency Stop and Reset Instruction

You can configure the system so that all outputs including the fieldbus outputs will be turned off when the emergency stop occurs and when a Reset instruction is executed. For details of the configuration, refer to the *EPSON RC+ User's Guide*.

A command that was issued just before an emergency stop can be executed after the emergency stop condition is cleared. If the outputs from the fieldbus involve risk, the "Outputs off during Emergency Stop" option should be enabled to remove all power to output devices when an emergency stop occurs.

## 3.3 Using FbusIO\_SendMsg

To use FbusIO\_SendMsg, install the Fieldbus master board.

FbusIO\_SendMsg is used to send an explicit message to a device and return a reply. This command operates according to the protocol.

The syntax is as follows:

FbusIO\_SendMsg bus, device, msgParam, sendBytes(), recvBytes()

#### Description of parameter

There are two arrays passed to the parameter. The sendData array contains the data that is sent to the device in bytes. This array must be dimensioned to the correct number of bytes to send. If there are no bytes to send, you must use "0" for the parameter. The recvData array returns the response in bytes. This array is automatically re-dimensioned to the number of bytes received.

For DeviceNet, you need to initialize the sendData array with the command, class, instance, and attribute, as shown in the example below. Consult the documentation that came with the device for the values that can be used. The msgParam parameter value is always "0" for DeviceNet messages.

Here is an example for DeviceNet and EtherNet/IP:

The following example acquires the information of a device MacID = 1.

```
' Send explicit message to the device
Byte sendData(5)
Byte recvData(10)
Integer i
sendData(0) = 14 ' Command (GetAttributeSingle)
sendData(1) = 1 ' Class
sendData(3) = 1 ' Instance
sendData(5) = 7 ' Attribute
FbusIO_SendMsg 16, 1, 0, sendData(), recvData()
For i = 0 To UBound(recvData)
    Print recvData(i)
Next i
```

For PROFIBUS DP, you need to specify the service number in the msgParam parameter. Consult the documentation that came with the device for the services that are supported. Some services require "0" send bytes. In this case, use "0" for the sendBytes parameter.

Here is an example for PROFIBUS DP:

```
' Send message to Profibus device
Byte recvData(10)
Integer i
' Service 56 - read all inputs
' sendBytes = 0
FbusIO_SendMsg 1, 1, 56, 0, recvData()
For i = 0 To UBound(recvData)
    Print recvData(i)
Next i
```

# 3.4 Explicit Message Connection (for DeviceNet, EtherNet/IP)

Issuing an Explicit message from the DeviceNet/EtherNet/IP master unit to the Robot System acquires and configures the DeviceNet and EtherNet/IP I/O area.

Supported function and Class ID configurations are as follows:

Function	Class ID	Instance	Service Code
Input acquisition	4 (04h)	100 (64h)	14 (0Eh)
Output configuration	4 (04h)	150 (96h)	16 (10h)
Output acquisition	4 (04h)	150 (96h)	14 (0Eh)

When using I/O Data	Mapping Object Class	(Class ID = 160, 161)

Function	Class ID	Instance	Service Code
Input acquisition	160 (A0h)	01 (01h)	14 (0Eh)
Output configuration	161 (A1h)	01 (01h)	16 (10h)
Output acquisition	161 (A1h)	01 (01h)	14 (0Eh)

#### Command response

It can acquire up to 32 bytes\* input/output data.

\* It depends on the input/output size setting.

## 3.5 Remote Control Input and Output Setting

Remote control inputs and outputs are not allocated to fieldbus I/O by default.

To allot remote control inputs and outputs to fieldbus I/O, follow the steps below.

 Select EPSON RC+7.0 menu-[Setup]-[System Configuration] and display the [System Configuration] dialog box. Select-[Controller]-[Remote Control]-[Inputs] or

System Configuration					
<ul> <li>General</li> <li>General</li> <li>General</li> </ul>	- Remote (	Control Inputs			Close
Preferences Simulator		Input Signal	Input #	^	Apply
Robots		Start	Not used	=	Restore
inputs / Outputs ■ Remote Control		SelProg1	Not used		
Inputs		SelProg2	Not used		Defaults
Outputs		SelProg4	Not used		Doldano
Ethernet		SelProg8	Not used		Load
		SelProg16	Not used		
🚡 TCP / IP		SelProg32	Not used		Save
ia Security ia Vision		Stop	Not used		
E. 4131011		Pause	Not used	~	

(2) <u>Click < Defaults > to display the [Default Remote Type] dialog box.</u>



- (3) Select [Fieldbus Master I/O] or [Fieldbus Slave I/O] and click <OK>.
- (4) Fieldbus I/O will be allotted default remote control input and output setting. Select bit numbers by clicking the input or output numbers corresponding to the signals to be used for remote control.
- (5) Click <Apply> to save the settings. Then, click <Close>.

To enable the remote control, refer to EPSON RC+ 7.0 User's Guide 12. Remote Control.

# Default Remote Control Input Setting for Fieldbus Master I/O

Default remote control input settings for fieldbus master I/O are as follows:

Input Signal	Robot System Input Bit No
Start	6144
SelProg1	6145
SelProg2	6146
SelProg4	6147
SelProg8	Not used
SelProg16	Not used
SelProg32	Not used
Stop	6148
Pause	6149
Continue	6150
Reset	6151
Shutdown	6155
SelRobot1	Not used
SelRobot2	Not used
SelRobot4	Not used
SelRobot8	Not used
SelRobot16	Not used
SetMotorsOn	6152
SetMotorsOff	6153
SetPowerHigh	Not used
SetPowerLow	Not used
ForcePowerLow	Not used
Home	6154
MCal	Not used
Recover	Not used
ExtCmdSet	Not used
ExtRespGet	Not used
ExtCmdReset	Not used
ExtCmd_0-15	Not used
ExtCmd_16-31	Not used
ExtCmd_32-47	Not used
ExtCmd_48-63	Not used
ExtCmd_64-79	Not used
ExtCmd_80-95	Not used
ExtCmd_96-111	Not used
ExtCmd_112-127	Not used

# Default Remote Control Output Setting for Fieldbus Master I/O

Default remote control output settings for fieldbus master I/O are as follows:

Output Signal	Robot System Output Bit No
Ready	6144
Running	6145
Paused	6146
Error	6147
EStopOn	6148
SafeguardOn	6149
SError	6150
Warning	6151
MotorsOn	6152
AtHome	6153
PowerHigh	Not used
MCalReqd	Not used
RecoverReqd	Not used
RecoverInCycle	Not used
WaitingRC	Not used
CmdRunning	6173
CmdError	6174
CurrProg1	6154
CurrProg2	6155
CurrProg4	6156
CurrProg8	Not used
CurrProg16	Not used
CurrProg32	Not used
AutoMode	6157
TeachMode	6158
TestMode	Not used
EnableOn	Not used
ErrorCode1	6159
ErrorCode2	6160
ErrorCode4	6161
ErrorCode8	6162
ErrorCode16	6163
ErrorCode32	6164
ErrorCode64	6165
ErrorCode128	6166
ErrorCode256	6167
ErrorCode512	6168
ErrorCode1024	6169
ErrorCode2048	6170
ErrorCode4096	6171
ErrorCode8192	6172
InsideBox1	Not used
InsideBox2	Not used

Output Signal	Robot System Output Bit No
InsideBox3	Not used
InsideBox4	Not used
InsideBox5	Not used
InsideBox6	Not used
InsideBox7	Not used
InsideBox8	Not used
InsideBox9	Not used
InsideBox10	Not used
InsideBox11	Not used
InsideBox12	Not used
InsideBox13	Not used
InsideBox14	Not used
InsideBox15	Not used
InsidePlane1	Not used
InsidePlane2	Not used
InsidePlane3	Not used
InsidePlane4	Not used
InsidePlane5	Not used
InsidePlane6	Not used
InsidePlane7	Not used
InsidePlane8	Not used
InsidePlane9	Not used
InsidePlane10	Not used
InsidePlane11	Not used
InsidePlane12	Not used
InsidePlane13	Not used
InsidePlane14	Not used
InsidePlane15	Not used
ExtCmdGet	Not used
ExtRespSet	Not used
ExtCmdResult	Not used
ExtError	Not used
ExtResp_0-15	Not used
ExtResp_16-31	Not used
ExtResp_32-47	Not used
ExtResp_48-63	Not used
ExtResp_64-79	Not used
ExtResp_80-95	Not used
ExtResp_96-111	Not used
ExtResp_112-127	Not used

# Default Remote Control Input Setting for Fieldbus Slave I/O

Default remote control input settings for fieldbus slave I/O are as follows:

Input Signal	Robot System Input Bit No
Start	512
SelProg1	513
SelProg2	514
SelProg4	515
SelProg8	Not used
SelProg16	Not used
SelProg32	Not used
Stop	516
Pause	517
Continue	518
Reset	519
Shutdown	523
SelRobot1	Not used
SelRobot2	Not used
SelRobot4	Not used
SelRobot8	Not used
SelRobot16	Not used
SetMotorsOn	520
SetMotorsOff	521
SetPowerHigh	Not used
SetPowerLow	Not used
ForcePowerLow	Not used
Home	522
MCal	Not used
Recover	Not used
ExtCmdSet	Not used
ExtRespGet	Not used
ExtCmdReset	Not used
ExtCmd_0-15	Not used
ExtCmd_16-31	Not used
ExtCmd_32-47	Not used
ExtCmd_48-63	Not used
ExtCmd_64-79	Not used
ExtCmd_80-95	Not used
ExtCmd_96-111	Not used
ExtCmd_112-127	Not used

# Default Remote Control Output Setting for Fieldbus Slave I/O

Default remote control output settings for fieldbus slave I/O are as follows:

Output Signal	Robot System Output Bit No
Ready	512
Running	513
Paused	514
Error	515
EStopOn	516
SafeguardOn	517
SError	518
Warning	519
MotorsOn	520
AtHome	521
PowerHigh	Not used
MCalReqd	Not used
RecoverReqd	Not used
RecoverInCycle	Not used
WaitingRC	Not used
CmdRunning	541
CmdError	542
CurrProg1	522
CurrProg2	523
CurrProg4	524
CurrProg8	Not used
CurrProg16	Not used
CurrProg32	Not used
AutoMode	525
TeachMode	526
EnableOn	Not used
ErrorCode1	527
ErrorCode2	528
ErrorCode4	529
ErrorCode8	530
ErrorCode16	531
ErrorCode32	532
ErrorCode64	533
ErrorCode128	534
ErrorCode256	535
ErrorCode512	536
ErrorCode1024	537
ErrorCode2048	538
ErrorCode4096	539
ErrorCode8192	540
InsideBox1	Not used
InsideBox2	Not used

Output Signal	Robot System Output Bit No
InsideBox4	Not used
InsideBox5	Not used
InsideBox6	Not used
InsideBox7	Not used
InsideBox8	Not used
InsideBox9	Not used
InsideBox10	Not used
InsideBox11	Not used
InsideBox12	Not used
InsideBox13	Not used
InsideBox14	Not used
InsideBox15	Not used
InsidePlane1	Not used
InsidePlane2	Not used
InsidePlane3	Not used
InsidePlane4	Not used
InsidePlane5	Not used
InsidePlane6	Not used
InsidePlane7	Not used
InsidePlane8	Not used
InsidePlane9	Not used
InsidePlane10	Not used
InsidePlane11	Not used
InsidePlane12	Not used
InsidePlane13	Not used
InsidePlane14	Not used
InsidePlane15	Not used
ExtCmdGet	Not used
ExtRespSet	Not used
ExtCmdResult	Not used
ExtError	Not used
ExtResp_0-15	Not used
ExtResp_16-31	Not used
ExtResp_32-47	Not used
ExtResp_48-63	Not used
ExtResp_64-79	Not used
ExtResp_80-95	Not used
ExtResp_96-111	Not used
ExtResp_112-127	Not used

# 4. Troubleshooting

# 4.1 DeviceNet Troubleshooting

## Exclusion

Every system has its special environment, conditions, specifications, and usages. This guide is provided as a general reference for troubleshooting a DeviceNet network. Every effort has been made to ensure the information is accurate. However, we do not guarantee the complete accuracy of the information and thus we decline any liability for damages or costs incurred by the use of this troubleshooting.

Before examining a problem on the network, please ensure that your established DeviceNet system satisfies network specifications. (Refer to this troubleshooting and the section *2.2 DeviceNet Network Construction*.)

#### Tools

Prepare the following tools for troubleshooting.

Philips screwdriver Flat-blade screwdriver Tester



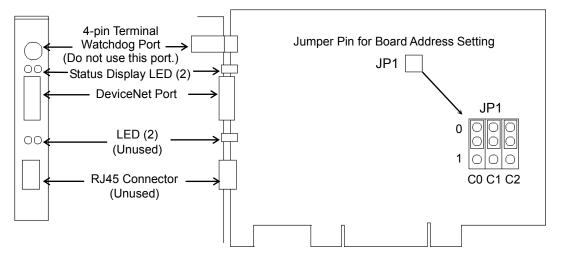
Using the Woodhead NetMeter (DeviceNet diagnostic tool) is a simple way to learn physical status of the DeviceNet network. For details of NetMeter, see Woodhead's Web site (http://www.mysst.com/diagnostics/NetMeter.asp).

## 4.1.1 Examining a Problem

#### 4.1.1.1 Scanner Board Diagnostic LEDs

The DeviceNet master board used with EPSON RC+ has two status display LEDs. The layout of the LEDs is shown in the following figure.

## PCU-DVNIO



The Module/NetWork LED is on the left side and the IO LED is on the right side seen from the rear panel. These LED names are used in applicomIO Console application and

this manual. Only in this troubleshooting section, general names of the status display of the DeviceNet device are used.

The Module/NetWork LED is referred to as the Network Status (NS) in this section.

The IO LED is referred to as the Module Status LED (MS) in this section.

#### 4.1.1.2 Check Network Status

(1) Master Status: MS/NS LEDs

LED	Col	or	L	ight Condition	1
MS (Module Status)	Green	□ Red	□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF
NS (Network Status)	Green	□ Red	$\Box$ ON	Blinking	□ OFF

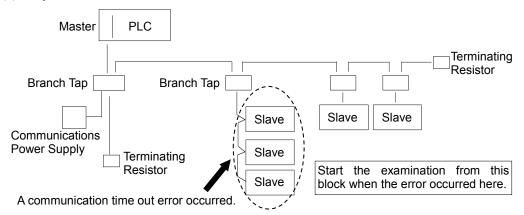
#### (2) Node Number of Absent Slaves

Absent slaves are disconnected from or not added to the network.

- 1. See the status flag regarding to the removal and addition if the master has status information.
- 2. See the MS/NE LEDs of all slaves if the master has no status information.
- (3) Absent Slave Status: MS/NS LEDs

,	LED	Co	or		Light Conditio	n
	MS (Module Status)	□ Green	□ Red	□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF
	NS (Network Status)	□ Green	□ Red	□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF

#### (4) Physical Node Location of Absent Slave



## (5) Error Occurrence Condition

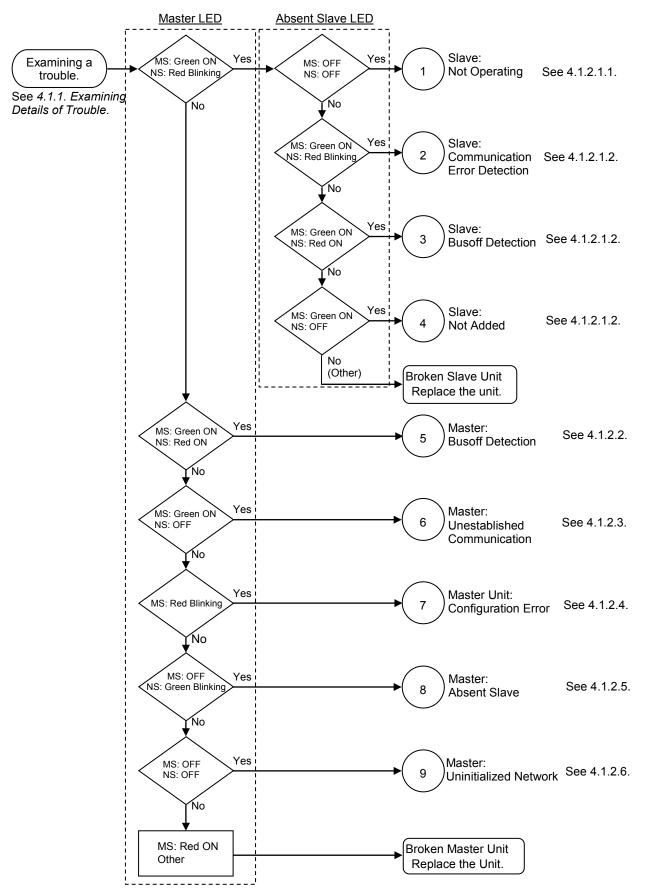
□ Immediate occurrence (high reproducibility)

□ Rare occurrence (low reproducibility)

Master	Unit LED	Error	Description [Deference]
MS	NS	Error	Description [Reference]
Green Light ON	Green Light ON	Normal communication	- Normal condition
Green Light ON	Green Light Blinking	During connection establishment	<ul> <li>Processing connection establishment (The NS LED will be ON in green in a few seconds.)</li> <li>Master function in stop state (When communication does not start, master analysis with NetMeter is required.)</li> </ul>
Green Light ON	Red Light Blinking	Communication error	<ul> <li>[Refer to the section 4.1.2.1 Master: Communication Error.]</li> <li>Slave disconnected from the network (Remote I/O communication error)</li> <li>Slave not added to the network (Scan list collation error)</li> <li>Communications power supply OFF (Error detection after the communication establishment)</li> </ul>
Green Light ON	Red Light ON	Busoff detection Duplicate MAC ID	<ul> <li>[Refer to the section 4.1.2.2 Master: Busoff Detection.]</li> <li>Busoff detection: Communication stopped due to critical error.</li> <li>Duplicate MAC ID: The MAC ID configuration was duplicated. (This error occurs only during unit start-up)</li> </ul>
Green Light ON	Light OFF	Unestablished communication	<ul> <li>[Refer to the section 4.1.2.3 Master: Unestablished Communication.]</li> <li>No slave (Error detection before communication establishment)</li> <li>Communications power supply OFF (Error detection before the communication establishment)</li> <li>Duplicate MAC ID: The MAC ID configuration was duplicated.</li> </ul>
Red Light Blinking	No Matter	Configuration error	<ul> <li>Master unit configuration error Refer to the respective device manuals.</li> <li>When EPSON RC+ was configured as a master: [Refer to the section 4.1.2.4 Master: Configuration Error.]</li> <li>Slave disconnected from the network (Remote I/O communication error)</li> <li>Slave not added to the network (Scan list collation error)</li> <li>Duplicate MAC ID: The MAC ID configuration was duplicated.</li> </ul>
Red Light ON	No Matter	Module error	- Broken master unit $\rightarrow$ Unit Replacement
Light OFF	Green Light Blinking	Absent slave	<ul> <li>[Refer to the section 4.1.2.5 Absent Slave.]</li> <li>No slave (Error detection before communication establishment)</li> <li>Communications power supply OFF</li> </ul>
Light OFF	Light OFF	Uninitialized network Absent slave	<ul> <li>[Refer to the section 4.1.2.6 Uninitialized Network.]</li> <li>Master unit start-up error</li> <li>No slave (Error detection before communication establishment)</li> <li>Communications power supply OFF</li> </ul>

# 4.1.2 Problems and Countermeasures

## Process Flowchart



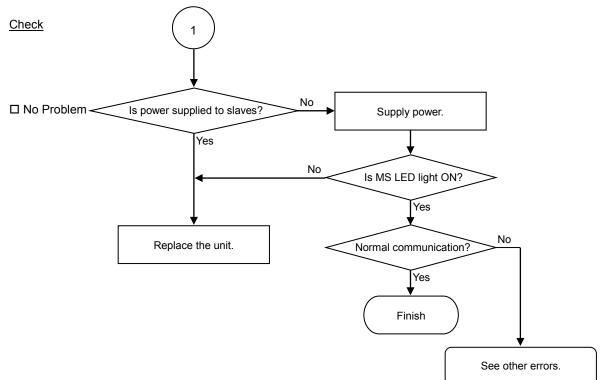
#### 4.1.2.1 Master: Communication Error

Master l	Jnit LED	Error	Description	
MS	NS	Error	Description	
Green	Red Light	Communication	- Slave disconnected from the network	
Light ON	Blinking	error	(Remote I/O communication error)	
			- Slave not added to the network	
			(Scan list collation error)	
			- Communications power supply OFF	
			(Error detection after the communication	
			establishment)	

## Slave: Not Operating

	MS	NS
Master LED Condition	Green Light ON	Red Light Blinking
Absent Slave LED Condition	Light OFF	Light OFF

Process Flowchart

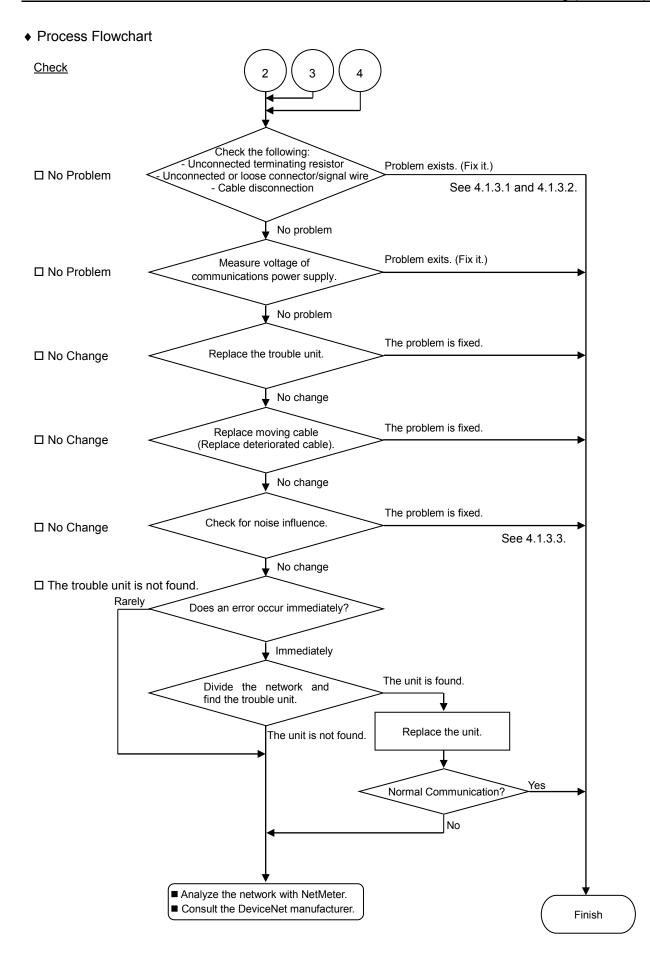


# • Causes of Error

Causes of Ellor		
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Slave power OFF	Measure the power voltage of the slaves. (It should be within the range of sufficient voltage for the slave operation.) NOTE: For slaves operating with communications power supply, measure voltage at the DeviceNet connector.	Supply power to the slave.
O Broken unit	Slave unit replacement	Replace the broken slave unit with a new one.

## Slave: Communication Error Detection / Busoff Detection / Not-added

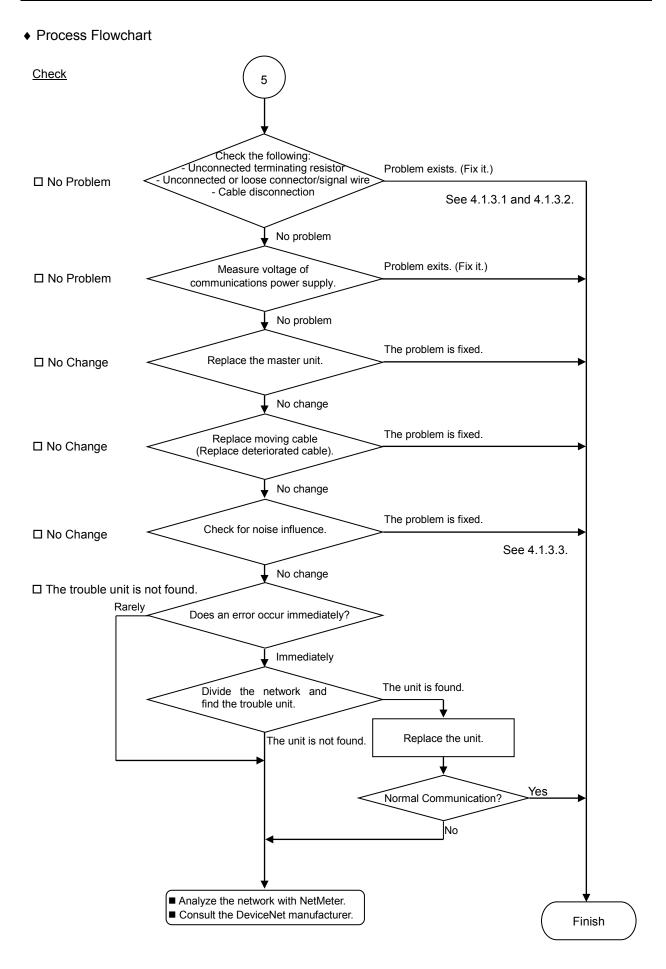
	MS	NS
Master LED Condition	Green Light ON	Red Light Blinking
<ul><li>(1) Absent Slave LED Condition</li><li>(Communication error detection)</li></ul>	Green Light ON	Red Light Blinking
(2) Absent Slave LED Condition (Busoff detection)	Green Light ON	Red Light ON
(3) Absent Slave LED Condition (Slave not added to the network)	Green Light ON	Light OFF



<ul> <li>Causes of Error</li> </ul>		
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
<ul> <li>O Disconnected terminating resistors</li> <li>O Cable disconnection</li> <li>O Disconnected connector</li> <li>O Disconnected signal wire</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Check that terminating resistors are connected to both ends of the network.</li> <li>(2) Measure resistance between signal wires with communications power supply OFF. → Normal: 50 to 70 Ω</li> <li>Measuring point: Connection of the trouble unit</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.1 Connection</li> </ul>	Fix the problem. How to find the trouble point: Remove the terminating resistor on one end of the network. The trouble point is where resistance changes from $120 \Omega$ .
O Loose connector O Loose signal wire	<ul> <li>Problem.</li> <li>Check for the connection of connectors and signal wires.</li> <li>→ The connectors and signal wires should be firmly connected.</li> <li>Checkpoint: all nodes and all branch taps</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.2 Loose Connector and Signal Wire.</li> </ul>	Connect the connectors and signal wires again.
O Voltage drop of communications power supply	<ul> <li>Measure voltage of communications power supply at the unit with a trouble.</li> <li>→ Normal: 11V or more between V+ and V-</li> <li>If the voltage is 11 to 14 V, the unit is a possible cause. Fix the problem on the unit.</li> </ul>	Check the voltage of the power supply. Calculate the current capacity of the cable and add more communications power supplies.
O Noise (external cause)	<ul> <li>Check the noise intrusion via the following paths (1) to (3).</li> <li>(1) Noise via DRAIN (FG)</li> <li>(2) Induced noise via communication cable</li> <li>(3) Communications power supply</li> <li>→ For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.3 Noise Intrusion.</li> </ul>	Take countermeasures against noise.
O Broken unit	Replace the broken unit with a new one. → Verify whether the problem is fixed.	Replace the unit with a new one.
<ul> <li>No cause is identified.</li> </ul>	Identify the trouble point by dividing the network. → For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.4 Broken Unit Examination.	

## 4.1.2.2 Master: Busoff Detection

Master L	Jnit LED	Free	Description	
MS	NS	Error	Description	
Green	Red Light	Busoff detection	Communication stopped due to critical	
Light ON	ON		error.	
		Duplicate MAC ID	The MAC ID configuration was	
			duplicated. (This error occurs only	
			during unit start-up)	



Causes of Error     Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Disconnected	(1) Check that terminating	Fix the problem.
terminating resistors	resistors are connected to	1
O Cable disconnection	both ends of the network.	How to find the trouble
O Disconnected	(2) Measure resistance between	point:
connector	signal wires with	Remove the terminating
O Disconnected signal	communications power	resistor on one end of the
wire	supply OFF.	network. The trouble poin
	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 50 to 70 $\Omega$	is where resistance
	<ul> <li>Measuring point: Connection</li> </ul>	changes from 120 $\Omega$ .
	of the problem unit	
	• For details, refer to the section	
-	4.1.3.1 Connection Problem.	
O Loose connector	Check for the connection of	Connect the connectors
O Loose signal wire	connectors and signal wires.	and signal wires again.
	$\rightarrow$ The connectors and signal	
	wires should be firmly	
	connected.	
	• Checkpoint: all nodes and all	
	branch taps	
	• For details, refer to the section	
	4.1.3.2 Loose Connector and	
O Voltage drop of	Signal Wire. Measure voltage of	Charle the voltage of the
communications	communications power supply at	Check the voltage of the power supply.
power supply	the trouble unit.	Calculate the current
power suppry	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 11V or more between	capacity of the cable and
	V+ and V-	add more communications
	• If the voltage is 11 to 14 V, the	power supplies.
	unit is a possible cause. Fix the	po ner suppries.
	problem on the unit.	
O Noise	Check the noise intrusion via the	Take countermeasures
(external cause)	following paths (1) to (3).	against noise.
· · · · · ·	(1) Noise via DRAIN (FG)	
	(2) Induced noise via	
	communication cable	
	(3) Communications power	
	supply	
	$\rightarrow$ For details, refer to the section	
	4.1.3.3 Noise Intrusion.	
O Broken unit	Replace the broken unit with a	Replace the unit with a
	new one.	new one.
	$\rightarrow$ Verify whether the problem is	
	fixed.	
• No cause is	Identify the trouble point by	
identified.	dividing the network.	
	$\rightarrow$ For details, refer to the section	
	4.1.3.4 Broken Unit	
	Examination.	

# 4. Troubleshooting (DeviceNet)

4.1.2.3 N	Aaster: Unestablished Communication

Master Unit LED		Frrer	Description
MS	NS	Error	Description
Green	Light	Master	Communications power supply OFF
Light ON	OFF	Unestablished	No slave
		communication	

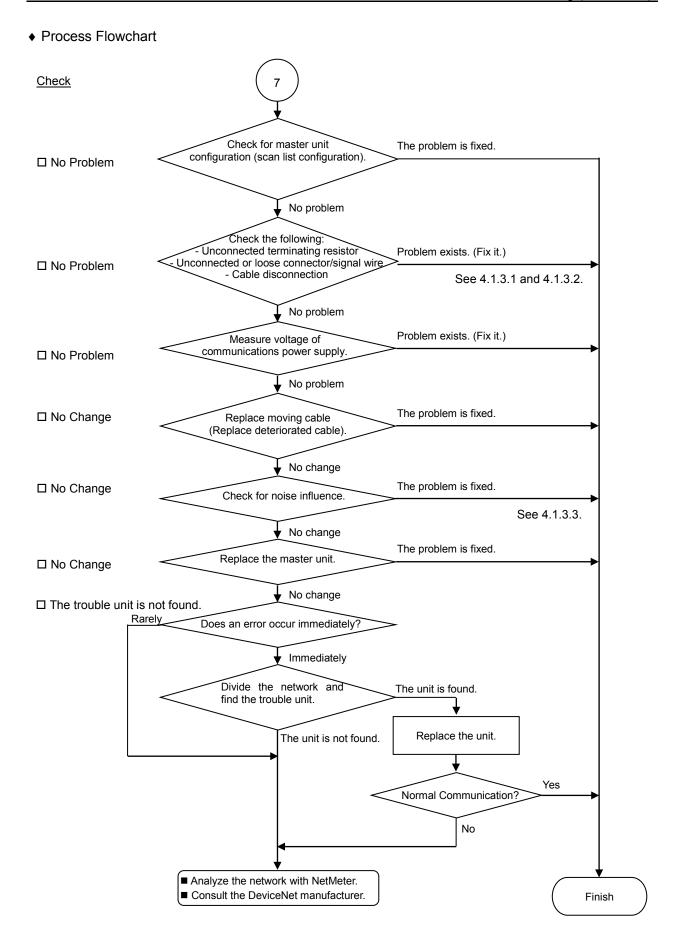
## Process Flowchart

<u>Check</u>	6	
□ No Problem	Measure voltage of communications power supply at the master unit.	Problem exists. (Fix it.)
	No problem	
□ No Problem	Unconnected terminating resistor     Unconnected or loose connector/signal wire         - Cable disconnection	Problem exists. (Fix it.) See 4.1.3.1 and 4.1.3.2.
	No problem	Problem exists. (Fix it.)
□ No Problem	Check that power is supplied to all slaves.	>>
□ No Problem	Check for master unit configuration.	Problem exists. (Fix it.)
	No problem	Finish
	Replace the master unit.	

<ul> <li>Causes of Error</li> </ul>		
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Voltage drop of communications power supply	Measure voltage of communications power supply at the master unit. → Normal: 11V or more between V+ and V-	Check voltage of the power supply.
	• If the voltage is 11 to 14 V, the master unit is a possible cause. Fix the problem on it.	
O Disconnected terminating	(1) Check that terminating resistors are connected to	Fix the problem.
resistors O Cable disconnection	<ul><li>both ends of the network.</li><li>(2) Measure resistance between signal wires with</li></ul>	How to find the trouble point: Remove the terminating
O Disconnected connector	communications power supply OFF.	resistor on one end of the network. The trouble point
O Disconnected signal wire	<ul> <li>→ Normal: 50 to 70Ω</li> <li>Measuring point: Connection of the master</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.1 Connection Problem.</li> </ul>	is where resistance changes from 120 $\Omega$ .
O Loose connector O Loose signal wire	Check for the connection of connectors and signal wires.	Connect the connectors and signal wires again.
	<ul> <li>→ The connectors and signal wires should be firmly connected.</li> <li>Checkpoint: Between the master and its slaves</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.2 Loose Connector and Signal Wire.</li> </ul>	
O All slaves power OFF	Measure the power voltage of the slaves. (It should be within the range of sufficient voltage for slave operation.)	Supply power to the slaves.
O Master unit configuration	<ol> <li>Start applicomIO Console application and check that the configuration has no difference with the network condition.</li> <li>Check that the configuration</li> </ol>	Change the configuration.
	<ul> <li>data were written in flash.</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.6 EPSON RC+ Master Configuration.</li> </ul>	

4.1.2.4 Master: Configuration Error

Master Unit LED		Freez	Description
MS	NS	Error	Description
Red	No	Configuration error	- Slave disconnected from the network
Light	Matter	Slave error	(Remote I/O communication error)
Blinking		detection	- Slave not added to the network
			(Scan list collation error)
			- Duplicate MAC ID: The MAC ID
			configuration was duplicated.

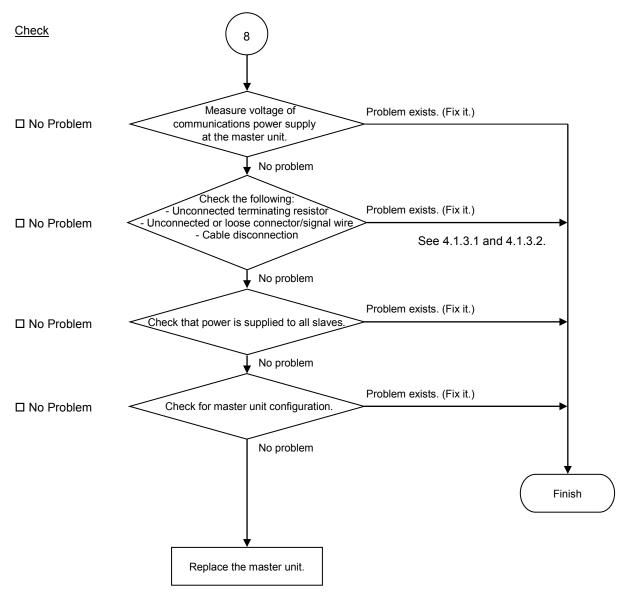


<ul> <li>Causes of Erro</li> </ul>	r	
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Master unit configuration	<ol> <li>Start applicomIO Console application and check that the configuration has no difference with the network condition.</li> <li>Check that the configuration data were written in flash.</li> <li>Check that the network load is within allowable range.</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.6 EPSON RC+ Master Configuration.</li> </ol>	Change the configuration.
O Disconnected	(1) Check that terminating resistors	Fix the problem.
terminating resistors O Cable disconnection	<ul><li>are connected to both ends of the network.</li><li>(2) Measure resistance between signal wires with communications power</li></ul>	How to find the trouble point: Remove the terminating
<ul> <li>O Disconnected connector</li> <li>O Disconnected signal wire</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>supply OFF.</li> <li>→ Normal: 50 to 70Ω</li> <li>Measuring point: Connection of the trouble unit</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.1 Connection Problem.</li> </ul>	resistor on one end of the network. The trouble point is where resistance changes from $120 \Omega$ .
O Loose connector O Loose signal wire	<ul> <li>Check for the connection of connectors and signal wires.</li> <li>→ The connectors and signal wires should be firmly connected.</li> <li>Checkpoint: all nodes and all branch taps</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.2 Loose Connector and Signal Wire.</li> </ul>	Connect the connectors and signal wires again.
O Voltage drop of communications power supply	<ul> <li>Measure voltage of communications power supply at the unit with a trouble.</li> <li>→ Normal: 11V or more between V+ and V-</li> <li>If the voltage is 11 to 14 V, the unit is a possible cause. Fix the problem on the unit.</li> </ul>	Check the voltage of the power supply. Calculate the current capacity of the cable and add more communications power supplies.
O Noise (external cause)	<ul> <li>Check the noise intrusion via the following paths (1) to (3).</li> <li>(1) Noise via DRAIN (FG)</li> <li>(2) Induced noise via communication cable</li> <li>(3) Communications power supply</li> <li>→ For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.3 Noise Intrusion.</li> </ul>	Take countermeasures against noise.
O Broken unit	Replace the broken unit with a new one. → Verify whether the problem is fixed.	Replace the unit with a new one.
• No cause is identified.	Identify the trouble point by dividing the network. $\rightarrow$ For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.4 Broken Unit Examination.	

# 4.1.2.5 Absent Slave

Master Unit LED		Fran	Description
MS	NS	Error	Description
Light	Green		- No slave (Error detection before
OFF	Light	Absent slave	communication establishment)
	Blinking		- Communications power supply OFF

Process Flowchart



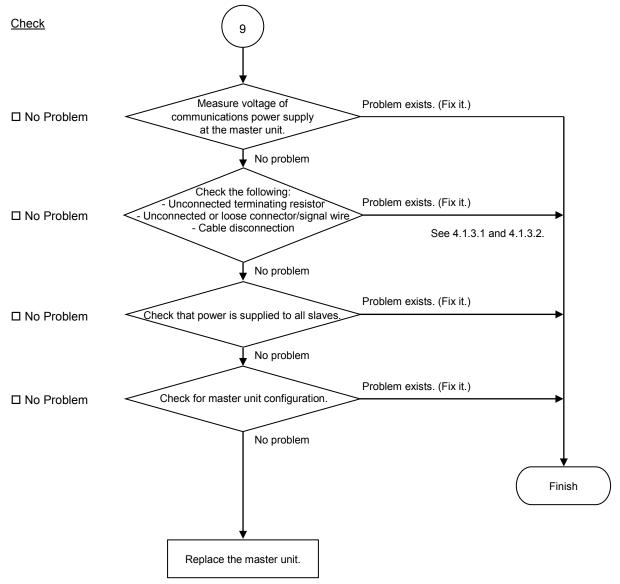
	٠	Causes	of	Error
--	---	--------	----	-------

Causes of Error     Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Voltage drop of	Measure voltage of	Check voltage of the power
communications	communications power supply at	supply.
power supply	the master unit.	suppry.
power suppry	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 11V or more between	
	V+ and V-	
	• If the voltage is 11 to 14 V, the	
	unit is a possible cause. Fix the	
	problem on the unit.	
O Disconnected	(1) Check that terminating	Fix the problem.
terminating	resistors are connected to both	The problem.
resistors	ends of the network.	How to find the trouble
O Cable	(2) Measure resistance between	point:
disconnection	signal wires with	Remove the terminating
O Disconnected	communications power supply	resistor on one end of the
connector	OFF.	network. The trouble point
O Disconnected	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 50 to 70 $\Omega$	is where resistance changes
signal wire	• Measuring point: Connection of	from 120 $\Omega$ .
8	the master	
	• For details, refer to the section	
	4.1.3.1 Connection Problem.	
O Loose connector	Check for the connection of	Connect the connectors and
O Loose signal wire	connectors and signal wires.	signal wires again.
	$\rightarrow$ The connectors and signal	
	wires should be firmly	
	connected.	
	• Checkpoint: Between the master	
	and its slaves	
	• For details, refer to the section	
	4.1.3.2 Loose Connector and	
	Signal Wire.	
O All slaves power	Measure the power voltage of the	Supply power to the slaves.
OFF	slaves.	
	(It should be within the range of	
	sufficient voltage for the slave	
O Master unit	operation.) (1) Start applicomIO Console	Change the configuration.
O Master unit configuration	(1) Start applicomIO Console application and check that the	Change the configuration.
configuration		
	configuration has no difference with the network	
	condition.	
	(2) Check that the configuration	
	data were written in flash.	
	4.1.3.6 EPSON RC+ Master	
	Configuration.	

# 4.1.2.6 Uninitialized Network

Master Unit LED		Error	Description
MS	NS	Error	Description
Light OFF	Light OFF	Uninitialized network	- Master unit start-up error
		Absent slave	- No slave (Error detection before
			communication establishment)
			- Communications power supply OFF

Process Flowchart



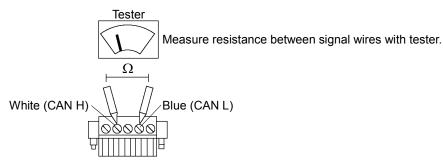
# Causes of Error

Causes of Error     Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Voltage drop of	Measure voltage of	Check voltage of the power
communications	communications power supply at	supply.
power supply	the master unit.	suppry.
power suppry	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 11V or more between	
	V+ and V-	
	• If the voltage is 11 to 14 V, the	
	master unit is a possible cause.	
	Fix the problem on it.	
O Disconnected	(1) Check that terminating	Fix the problem.
terminating resistors	resistors are connected to	i in the proofeni.
O Cable disconnection	both ends of the network.	
O Disconnected	(2) Measure resistance between	How to find the trouble
connector	signal wires with	point:
O Disconnected signal	communications power	Remove the terminating
wire	supply OFF.	resistor on one end of the
	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 50 to 70 $\Omega$	network. The trouble point
	• Measuring point: Connection	is where resistance
	of the master	changes from 120 $\Omega$ .
	• For details, refer to the section	C
	4.1.3.1 Connection Problem.	
O Loose connector	Check for the connection of	Connect the connectors
O Loose signal wire	connectors and signal wires.	and signal wires again.
_	$\rightarrow$ The connectors and signal	
	wires should be firmly	
	connected.	
	<ul> <li>Checkpoint: Between the</li> </ul>	
	master and its slaves	
	• For details, refer to the section	
	4.1.3.2 Loose Connector and	
	Signal Wire.	
O All slaves power	Measure the power voltage of the	Supply power to the slaves.
OFF	slaves.	
	(It should be within the range of	
	sufficient voltage for slave	
	operation.)	
O Master unit	(1) Start applicomIO Console	Change the configuration.
configuration	application and check that	
	the configuration has no	
	difference with the network	
	condition.	
	(2) Check that the configuration	
	data were written in flash.	
	• For details, refer to the section 4.1.3.6 EPSON RC+ Master	
	Configuration.	

## 4.1.3 Procedures for Examining Possible Causes

# 4.1.3.1 Connection Problem (Disconnected Terminating Resistors, Cable Disconnection, Disconnected Connector, and Disconnected Signal Wire)

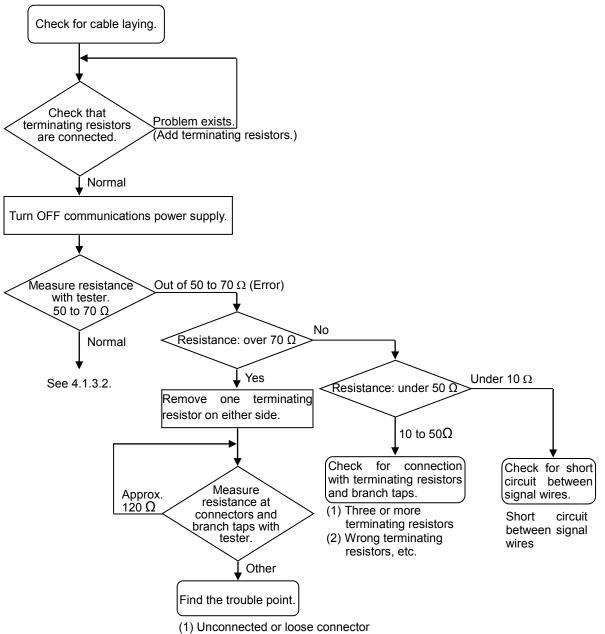
- (1) Ensure that two terminating resistors are connected to both ends of the network.
- (2) Turn OFF the communications power supply.
- (3) Measure resistance between CAN\_H and CAN\_L wires of the absent slave using the tester.



Resistance	Determination
0 Ω	Short circuit
Under 50 $\Omega$	Three or more terminating resistors on one network
50 to 70 Ω	Normal
70 to 120 $\Omega$	Error (cable disconnection or disconnected signal wire on the
	trunk line)
Over 120 Ω	Error (cable disconnection or disconnected signal wire on drop
	line or trunk line $\rightarrow$ Both CAN_H and CAN_L)

- (4) How to find the trouble point:
  - Remove the terminating resistor on one end of the network. (The resistance at the point where the terminating resistor is connected is  $120 \Omega$ .)
  - Measure resistance at branch taps of all units.
  - The trouble point is where resistance changes from 120  $\Omega$ .
  - After finding the trouble point, verify the connector and cable conditions.

Process Flowchart

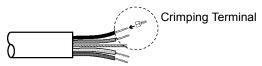


(2) Cable disconnection, etc.

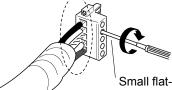
#### 4.1.3.2 Loose Connector and Signal Wire

Check for the connections of the following parts on the connector and cable.

(1) Crimping Terminal

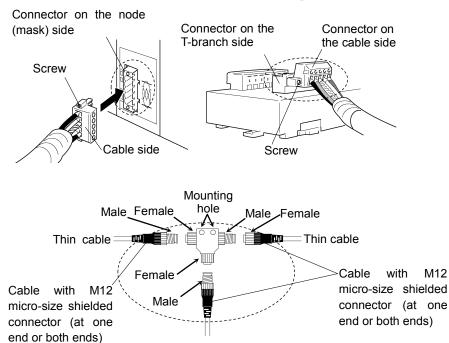


(2) Connection of the connector and the signal wire



Small flat-blade screwdriver with even thickness

(3) Connection of the connector and the unit (T-branch tap)



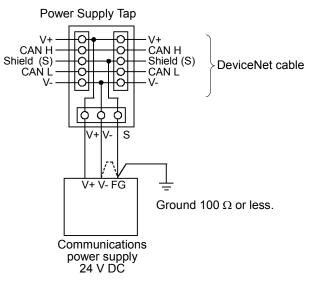
M12

# 4.1.3.3 Noise Intrusion

Verify how an error occurrence condition changes while taking the following countermeasures.

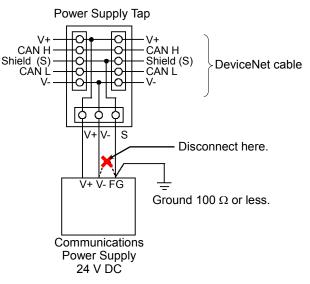
#### Ground of FG (DRAIN) wire

Normal Grounding: Ground the DeviceNet network at only one point.



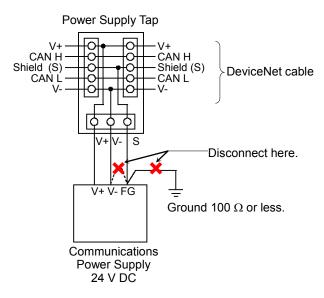
#### Countermeasure 1: Disconnect the wire between V- and FG.

Disconnect the wire between V- and FG when you cannot ground the FG wire.



Countermeasure 2: Disconnect the shield wire to isolate it from the ground.

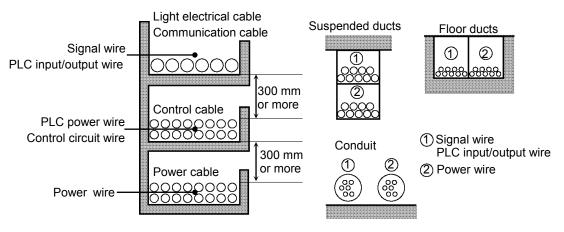
When noise intrudes the ground line due to a noise source such as an inverter installed near the communications power supply, disconnect the shield wire of the communication cable and isolate it from the ground to restrain noise intrusion.



Induced noise via communication cable

Separate the DeviceNet signal wire from the other wires (especially power wires).

\* Separate the signal wire from the power wires 300 mm or more.

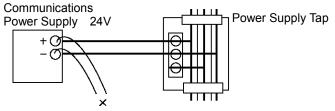


During site inspection, bypass the wire that is possibly affected by induced noise with other cables and then lay the cables. Establish the communication under no induced noise condition and verify whether an error occurs.

# Communications Power Supply

When sharing the communications power supply with I/O devices, provide power sources separately.

Separating power source prevents noise caused by I/O device operations from affecting communication.



Disconnect I/O devices from the communications power supply.

#### 4.1.3.4 Broken Unit Examination (Dividing Network Examination)

When you cannot quickly find the trouble point due to a broken unit, connection failure including loose connector, or cable partial disconnection, divide the network to find the trouble point. Verify how error occurrence conditions change while taking the following countermeasures.

#### How to Examine

Divide the network to find which node is the cause of the problem.

Verify that a master can establish communications with the slaves even though one slave is separated from the network.

After finding the problem node, check the cables connected to it and replace the unit.

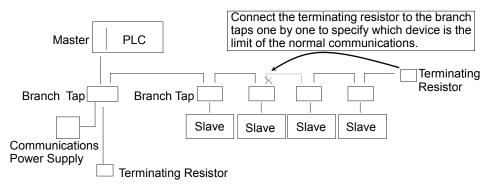
#### How to Divide

To divide the network, follow either procedure described below depending on the cable layout.

- Separating each block from the network
   Divide the network by block and check each block.
  - 1. Ensure that the master has no problem by connecting it to its slaves one by one. (MS/NS: green light ON)
  - 2. Divide the network in the middle of it and check for the communication condition. (MS/NS: green light ON)

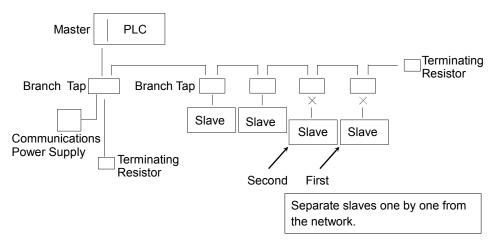
Normal: The trouble point is on the other half of the network. Error: The trouble point is on the current half of the network. (Continue dividing the network further to distinguish error part from normal part.)

3. Check for communication on the block to specify the trouble point.



(2) Separate each slave from the network

Check for each slave. The trouble point is where error condition changes into normal condition.



#### 4.1.3.5 Network Configuration and Specifications

(1) Maximum Network Length and Drop Line Length

Check that the cables used on the network meet the following specifications.

Туре	Baud Rate	Max. Network Length	Drop Line Length	Total Drop Line Length
	500 kbps	100 m		39 m
Thick Cable	250 kbps	250 m		78 m
	125 kbps	500 m	6.00	156 m
Thin Cable	500 kbps	100 m	6 m	39 m
	250 kbps	100 m		78 m
	125 kbps	100 m		156 m

(2) Terminating Resistor

Ensure that two terminating resistors are connected to both ends of the network (trunk line). The terminating resistor should be  $121 \Omega 1/4$  W.

- (3) Cable and Branch Tap The cables and branch taps should meet the DeviceNet specifications.
- (4) Communications Power Supply

The communications power supply should be dedicated to DeviceNet. Do not share the communications power supply with I/O devices. \*

\* Noise due to load on/off may affect DeviceNet communications via the communications power supply.

(The noise causes remote I/O communication error, Busoff detection, and broken unit.)

#### 4.1.3.6 EPSON RC+ Master Configuration

For details of EPSON RC+ master configuration, refer to the section 2.1.3 DeviceNet Master Board Installation.

The following section describes the procedure for verifying the scanner board condition with applicomIO Console application.

# Verifying applicomIO Console application condition

The status bar at the bottom of the window shows the applicomIO Console application status. The status bar varies as shown below:

Character	: The address number of the scanner board is indicated with characters. When the character "F" appears, the flash memory on the board initialized the scanner board.
Background cold	or : The background color indicates the scanner board status.

For details, refer to the table below.

Background	Character	Status
Gray	Black	Access to scanner board was failed.
		After that, the status bar will not be renewed
		automatically. To renew the status bar, right-click the
		status bar and select <b>Refresh</b> .
Magenta	Black	The scanner board was initialized with an earlier
		version applicomIO Console application.
		It is recommended that the scanner board be written
		into the flash memory (reinitializing the scanner board)
		again with the current version applicomIO Console
		application.
Red	Black	The scanner board was not initialized.
		Initialize the scanner board to use it.
Yellow	Black	The scanner board was partially initialized.
		This status happens only during network detection and
Dul	<b>X</b> 71.14	on-line actions.
Dark green	White	Although the scanner board was initialized, it is different than the currently opened configuration.
		(Different version, etc.)
		It is recommended that the scanner board be written
		into the flash memory (reinitializing the scanner board)
		again with the current version applicomIO Console
		application.
		This status happens only during network detection, on-
		line actions, and diagnostic.
Green	Black	The scanner board was initialized properly and it is no
		different with the currently opened configuration.
		This status happens only during network detection, on- line actions, and diagnostics.
		nne actions, and diagnostics.

#### Verifying the DeviceNet network condition

The applicomIO Console application has a network diagnostic function (Diagnostic). The procedure for using the Diagnostic is described below.

 Open the Diagnostic window, click the magnifying grass icon, and select the "Channel" on the device tree in the left side of the window.

The window changes as shown below.

Diagnostic ?	
Board 1 PCI_DVNIO	Channel Information           Rx : [0]         Bytes [0]         Frames/s           Tx : [7]         Bytes [0]         Frames/s           OverRun :         0         Frames/s           Strors :         1         Warning Level           Bus Off :         0         Baud rate :           Bus Load :         100 %         50 %           Max :         0.00 %         50 %           Min :         0.00 %         0 %           Reset Counters         CAN         DeviceNet (scannet)

The **CAN** and **DeviceNet (scanner)** tabs appear on the data display in the right side of the window.

The CAN controller status of the scanner board is displayed on the CAN controller.

Rx : Number of receive data bytes and flames

Tx : Number of send data bytes and flames

OverRun : Number of communication overrun errors detected by CAN controller

Errors : Number of communication errors detected by CAN controller

Bus Off : Number of Busoff detections

Baud Rate : Baud rate

Bus Load : Load on the bus (maximum, minimum, current)



Use DeviceNet so that the load on a bus is under 60% of the maximum load. When the load exceeds 60%, the DeviceNet network communication will be unstable. (For example, more communication errors)

For the procedure for master configuration, refer to respective master device manuals. For EPSON RC+ master configuration, refer to the section 2.1.3 *DeviceNet Master Board Installation*.

🗴 🕫	
Channel 0 : DEVICENET	Channel Information          MAC ID : [0         LED         Module/Network         [0ffine]         IO         Scanner no active !         applicomR Status :         53 => No synchronous on bus         CAN         DeviceNet [scanner]
pplicom international	
MAC ID	: MAC ID specified for the scanner b

(2) Select the [DeviceNet (Scanner)] tab. The window changes as shown below.

The scanner board status is shown in the "Code No. => Comment" form. The table below shows the code numbers.

: Scanner board status

: Module Status (MS) LED status

Status Code		Descriptions		
General	Protocol	Descriptions		
0		No fault detected.		
0		The function was performed correctly.		
		Inaccessible data.		
	4	Additional information:		
		The remote device is in error. Check its status.		
32		The parameters passed to the functions are not		
52		correct (eg: Number of requested variables too large)		
		Response time-out error.		
		Additional information:		
	33	The device does not respond. Check the device		
	55	status and the wiring.		
		The DeviceNet master has no device to be scanned in		
		the configuration.		
		Physical defect on the line.		
		Additional information:		
	34	No +24V power supply was detected.		
	54	The CAN component of the applicomIO® interface		
		is "Bus Off".		
		Check the network wiring and Baud Rate.		
		Device not configured.		
		Define the device configuration with the		
36		applicomIO® Console and re-initiate the		
		initialization of the applicomIO® product by running		
		the PcInitIO		

IO LED

applicomR Status

Status Code		Descriptions	
General	Protocol	Descriptions	
		Non-resident dialogue software.	
45		Additional information:	
45		Initialize the applicomIO® interface before use by	
		running the PcInitIO	
47		Targeted applicomIO® card invalid or incorrectly	
47		initialized by the function IO_Init	
		Synchronization problem on the line.	
		Additional information:	
	53	The DeviceNet master is "off line" (power supply	
	55	not detected or the CAN component of the	
		applicomIO® is "Bus Off")	
		Check the network wiring and Baud Rate.	
		Response time-out exceeded.	
		Additional information:	
	55	The device accepted the connection but did not	
		respond the request.	
		Check the device status.	
		Connection denied.	
	65	Additional information:	
	05	Connection to the DeviceNet master is in progress	
		or refused by the device.	
		Connection finished.	
		Additional information:	
	70	Duplication of MAC ID detected on the DeviceNet	
		network.	
		Modify the MAC ID of the DeviceNet master.	
		Profile incompatible.	
	79	Additional information:	
	1)	The device does not match the configuration.	
		Check the device identity and the connection sizes.	
63		Indicates that a communication error has been	
		encountered on serial Port.	
66		Not enough applicomIO® interface memory.	
93		Driver cannot be accessed.	
99		Indicates that applicomIO® solution is already	
,,		running.	
255		Indicates that the local input buffer was not updated	
235		beforehand by the function IO_RefreshInput.	

(3) When you click <I/O> icon on the upper left of the window, the window changes as shown below.

Diagnostic Board : 1	>
Diagnostic ?	
Board 1 PC_DVNID	0       1       2       3       4       5       6       7         0       1       2       3       4       5       6       7         8       9       10       11       12       13       14       15         16       17       18       19       20       21       22       23         24       25       26       27       28       29       30       31         32       33       34       35       36       37       38       39         40       41       42       43       44       45       46       47         6       6       6       7       59       60       61       62       63         56       57       58       59       60       61       62       63         6       7       8       59       60       61       62       63         6       7       758       59       60       61       62       63         6       7       8       9       60       61       62       63         6       7       8       9       60<
applicom international	

Each slave device status is shown in the right side of the window.

A green circle indicates that the communication of the corresponding device is normal, and a red circle indicates that there is a communication error.

A gray circle indicates that the corresponding device does not exist.

(4) When you select "Equipment" on the device tree in the left side of the window, the window changes as shown below.

Nagnostic Board : 1	
Diagnostic ?	
P 1/0 (?)	
Board 1 PCL_DVNIO	Equipment informations         Input Mapping ( in Byte ) :         Output Mapping ( in Byte ) :         O         Selected Output Value :         Hex       Wite         Input Lenght (Bytes) :         Output Lenght (Bytes) :         Input Lenght Status :         No synchronous on bus
applicom international	

The input and output statuses of the selected device are shown in the right side of the window.

If you want to change output data, click the byte number you want to change in [Output Mapping]. Then, enter a value in [Selected Output Value:]-[Write] and click the <Write> button.

# 4.2 PROFIBUS DP Troubleshooting

# Exclusion

Every system has its special environment, conditions, specifications, and usages. This guide is provided as a general reference for troubleshooting a PROFIBUS DP network. Every effort has been made to ensure the information is accurate. However, we do not guarantee the complete accuracy of the information and thus we decline any liability for damages or costs incurred by the use of this troubleshooting.

Before examining a problem on the network, please ensure that your established PROFIBUS DP system satisfies network specifications. (Refer to this troubleshooting and the section 2.4 PROFIBUS DP Network Construction.)

# Tools

Prepare the following tools for troubleshooting.

Philips screwdriver

Flat-blade screwdriver

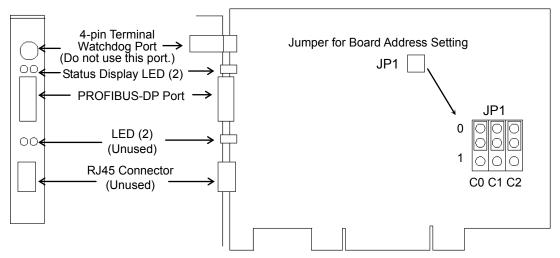
Tester

# 4.2.1 Examining a Problem

# 4.2.1.1 Scanner Board Diagnostic LEDs

The PROFIBUS DP board used with EPSON RC+ has two status display LEDs. The layout of the LEDs is shown in the following figure.

# PCU-DPIO



The Communication Status LED is on the left and the Physical Error LED is on the right seen from the rear panel.

The Communication Status LED is referred to as the ST LED (ST) in this section.

The Physical Error LED is referred to as the BF LED (BF) in this section.

#### 4.2.1.2 Check Network Status

As a first step, check the current condition of the network. There are different specifications of status display LED on a device in the PROFIBUS DP standard. This section explains how to check the network status assuming that EPSON RC+ is configured as a master or slave.

#### (1) Master Status: BF/ST LEDs

LED	Color		Light Condition		
BF (Physical error)	□ Green □ Red		□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF
ST (Communication Status)	□ Green	□ Red	□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF

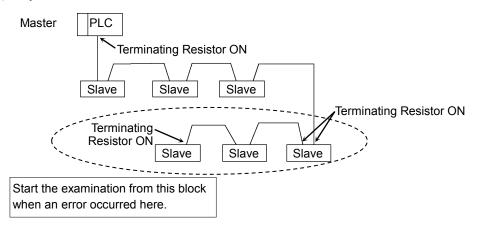
(2) Station Number of Absent Slaves

Absent slaves are disconnected from or not added to the network.

- 1. See the status flag regarding to the removal and addition if the master has status information.
- 2. See the BF/ST LEDs of all slaves if the master has no status information.
- (3) Absent Slave Status: BF/ST LEDs

LED	Color		Light Condition		
BF (Physical error)	Green	□ Red	$\Box$ ON	Blinking	□ OFF
ST (Communication Status)	Green	□ Red	$\Box$ ON	Blinking	□ OFF

(4) Physical Node Location of Absent Slave



(5) Error Occurrence Condition

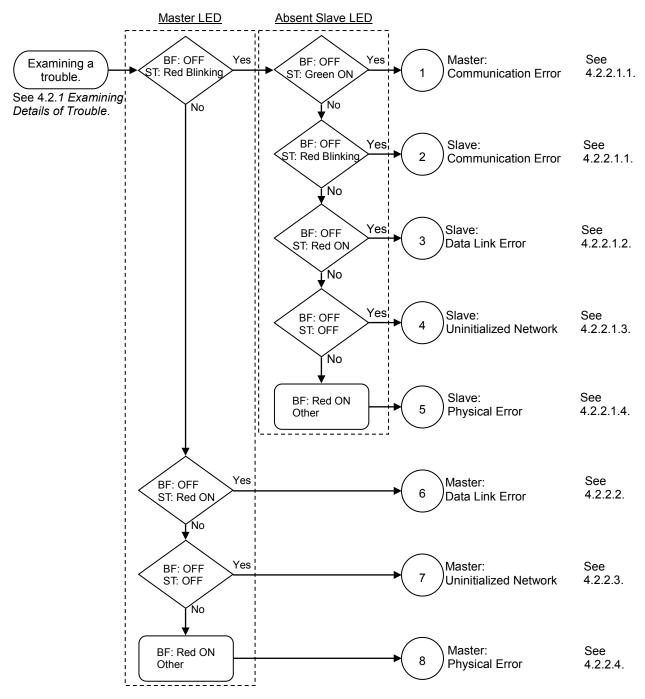
□ Immediate occurrence (high reproducibility)

□ Rare occurrence (low reproducibility)

# 4.2.2 Problems and Countermeasures

Master Unit LED		<b>F</b>	Description [Deference]		
BF	ST	Error	Description [Reference]		
Light OFF	Green Light Blinking	Normal communication	- Normal condition		
Light OFF	Green Light ON	Ready for communication	- Normal condition		
Light OFF	Red Light Blinking	Communication error	<ul> <li>[Refer to the section 4.2.2.1 Master Communication Error.]</li> <li>Slave disconnected from the network (Remote I/O communication error)</li> <li>Slave not added to the network (Scan list collation error)</li> </ul>		
			- Nonstandard wiring		
			- No or too many terminating resistors		
			- Noise intrusion		
Light OFF	Red Light ON	Data link layer error	[Refer to the section 4.2.2.2 Master: Data Link Layer Error.]		
			- Nonstandard wiring		
			- Noise intrusion		
Light OFF	Light OFF	Uninitialized network	[Refer to the section 4.2.2.3 Master: Uninitialized Network.]		
			- Master unit power error		
			- Master unit configuration error		
Red Light ON	No Matter	Physical error	[Refer to the section <i>4.2.2.4 Master: Configuration Error.</i> ]		
			- Nonstandard wiring		
			- Signal wire connection failure		
			- Signal wire short circuit		

#### Process Flowchart

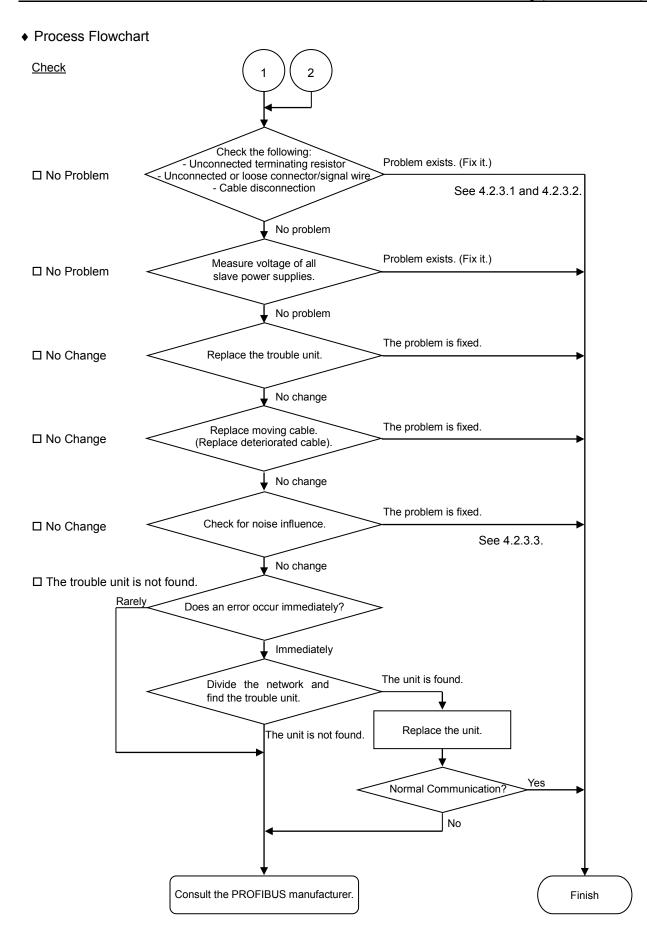


# 4.2.2.1 Master: Communication Error

Master Unit LED		Freeze	Description		
BF	ST	Error	Description		
Light OFF	Red Light Blinking	Communication error	<ul> <li>Slave disconnected from the network (Remote I/O communication error)</li> <li>Slave not added to the network (Scan list collation error)</li> <li>Nonstandard wiring</li> <li>No or too many terminating resistors</li> <li>Noise intrusion</li> </ul>		

# Master/Slave: Communication Error

	BF	ST
Master LED Condition	Light OFF	Red Light Blinking
Absent Slave LED Condition	Light OFF	Green Light Blinking
(Communication error)	Light OFF	Red Light Blinking

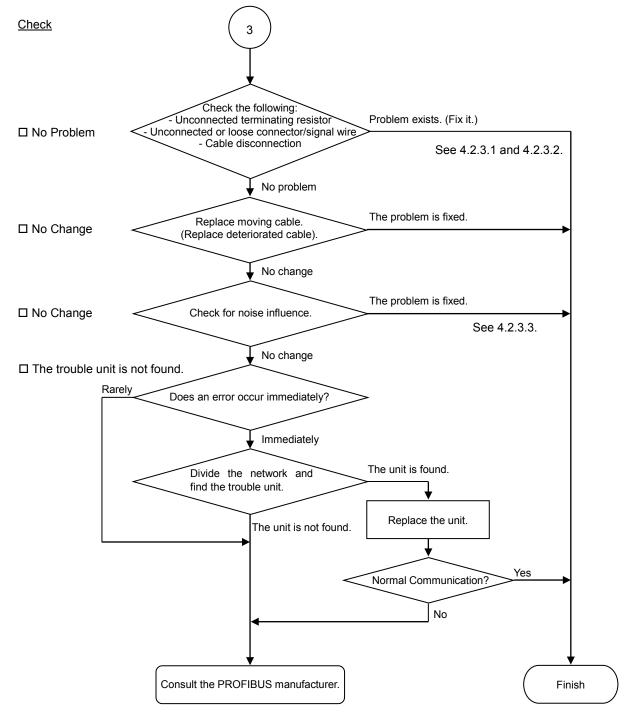


<ul> <li>Causes of Error</li> </ul>		
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
<ul> <li>O Disconnected terminating resistors</li> <li>O Cable disconnection</li> <li>O Disconnected connector</li> <li>O Disconnected signal wire</li> <li>O Loose connector</li> <li>O Loose signal wire</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Check that terminating resistors are connected to both ends of the network.</li> <li>(2) Measure resistance between signal wires with device power supply OFF.</li> <li>→ Normal: 100 to 120 Ω</li> <li>Measuring point: Connection of the trouble unit</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.1 Connection Problem.</li> <li>Check for the connection of connectors and signal wires.</li> </ul>	Fix the problem. How to find the trouble point: Remove the terminating resistor on one end of the network. The trouble point is where resistance changes from 220 $\Omega$ . Connect the connectors and signal wires again.
	<ul> <li>→ The connectors and signal wires should be firmly connected.</li> <li>Checkpoint: all stations and all branch taps</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.2 Loose Connector and Signal Wire.</li> </ul>	
O Electrical surges of device power supply	Measure voltage of the device power supply at the trouble unit. → It should be within the range of sufficient voltage for device operation.	Check voltage of the device power supply.
O Noise (external cause)	<ul> <li>Check the noise intrusion via the following paths (1) to (3).</li> <li>(1) Noise via shield</li> <li>(2) Induced noise via communication cable</li> <li>(3) Device power supply</li> <li>→ For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.3 Noise Intrusion.</li> </ul>	Take countermeasures against noise.
O Broken unit	Replace the trouble unit with a new one. → Verify whether the problem is fixed.	Replace the unit with a new one.
<ul> <li>No cause is identified.</li> </ul>	Identify the trouble point by dividing the network. → For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.4 Broken Unit Examination.	

Slave: [	Data Li	nk Error
----------	---------	----------

	MS	NS
Master LED Condition	Light OFF	Red Light Blinking
Absent Slave LED Condition	Light OFF	Pad Light ON
(Data link error)	Light OFF	Red Light ON

# Process Flowchart



Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Disconnected	(1) Check that terminating	Fix the problem.
terminating resistors	resistors are connected to	
O Cable disconnection	both ends of the network.	How to find the trouble
O Disconnected	(2) Measure resistance between	point:
connector	signal wires with device	Remove the terminating
O Disconnected signal	power supply OFF.	resistor on one end of the
wire	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 100 to 120 $\Omega$	network. The trouble point
	• Measuring point: Connection	is where resistance
	of the trouble unit	changes from 220 $\Omega$ .
	• For details, refer to the section	
	4.2.3.1 Connection Problem.	
O Loose connector	Check for the connection of	Connect the connectors
O Loose signal wire	connectors and signal wires.	and signal wires again.
C	$\rightarrow$ The connectors and signal	
	wires should be firmly connected.	
	• Checkpoint: all stations and all	
	branch taps	
	• For details, refer to the section	
	4.2.3.2 Loose Connector and	
	Signal Wire.	
O Noise	Check the noise intrusion via the	Take countermeasures
(external cause)	following paths $(1)$ to $(3)$ .	against noise.
	(1) Noise via shield	_
	(2) Induced noise via	
	communication cable	
	(3) Device power supply	
	$\rightarrow$ For details, refer to the section	
	4.2.3.3 Noise Intrusion.	
O Broken unit	Replace the trouble unit with a	Replace the unit with a
	new one.	new one.
	$\rightarrow$ Verify whether the problem is	
	fixed.	
• No cause is	Identify the trouble point by	
identified.	dividing the network.	
	$\rightarrow$ For details, refer to the section	
	4.2.3.4 Broken Unit	
	Examination.	

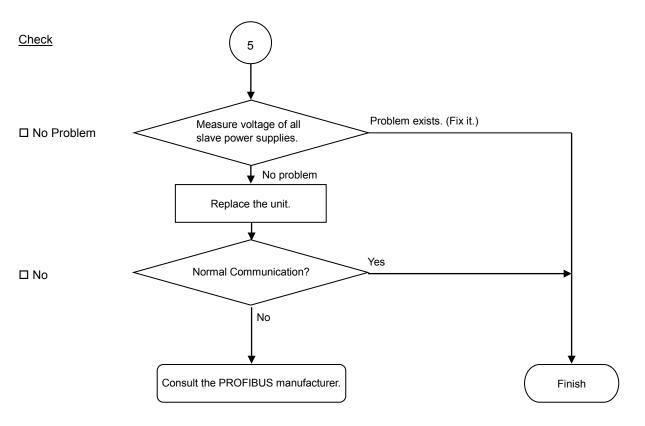
Slave: Uninitialized Network			
		BF	ST
	Master LED Condition	Light OFF	Red Light Blinking
	Absent Slave LED Condition (Uninitialized Network)	Light OFF	Light OFF
<ul> <li>Process Flowcha</li> </ul>	rt		
<u>Check</u>			
No Problem	Measure voltage of all	Problem exists. (Fix it.)	
□ No Problem <	slave power supplies. No problem Check the following: - Unconnected terminating resistor	Problem exists. (Fix it.)	
	Unconnected or loose connector/signal wire         - Cable disconnection	See 4.2.3.1 a	nd 4.2.3.2.
□ No Change <	Replace moving cable. (Replace deteriorated cable).	The problem is fixed.	
	No change Replace the unit.		
□ No <	Normal Communication?	Yes	
	No		
	Consult the PROFIBUS manufacturer.		Finish

<ul> <li>Causes of Error</li> </ul>		
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Electrical surges of	Measure voltage of the device	Check voltage of the device
device power supply	power supply at the trouble	power supply.
	unit.	
	$\rightarrow$ It should be within the range	
	of sufficient voltage for	
	device operation.	
O Disconnected	(1) Check that terminating	Fix the problem.
terminating resistors	resistors are connected to	
O Cable disconnection	both ends of the network.	How to find the trouble point:
O Disconnected	(2) Measure resistance	Remove the terminating
connector	between signal wires with	resistor on one end of the
O Disconnected signal	device power supply OFF.	network.
wire	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 100 to 120 $\Omega$	The trouble point is where
	• Measuring point: Connection of the trouble unit	resistance changes from 220 $\Omega$ .
	• For details, refer to the	\$2.
	section 4.2.3.1 Connection	
	Problem.	
O Loose connector	Check for the connection of	Connect the connectors and
O Loose signal wire	connectors and signal wires.	signal wires again.
	$\rightarrow$ The connectors and signal	Signal Wiles again.
	wires should be firmly	
	connected.	
	• Checkpoint: all stations and	
	all branch taps	
	• For details, refer to the	
	section 4.2.3.2 Loose	
	Connector and Signal Wire.	
O Broken unit	Replace the trouble unit with a	Replace the unit with a new
	new one.	one.
	$\rightarrow$ Verify whether the problem	
	is fixed.	

#### ~ USES OF E

Phy	sical Error		
		BF	ST
	Master LED Condition	Light OFF	Red Light Blinking
	Absent Slave LED Condition (Physical error)	Red Light ON	No Matter

# Process Flowchart



# Causes of Error

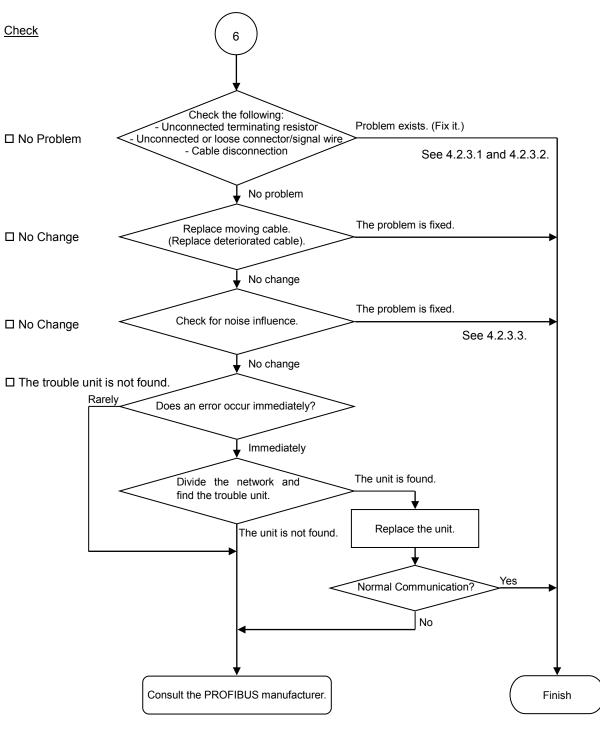
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Electrical surges of device power supply	Measure voltage of the device power supply at the trouble unit. →It should be within the range of sufficient voltage for device operation.	Check voltage of the device power supply.
O Broken unit	Replace the trouble unit with a new one. →Verify whether the problem is fixed.	Replace the unit with a new one.

# 4. Troubleshooting (PROFIBUS DP)

## 4.2.2.2 Master: Data Link Layer Error

Master I	Jnit LED	Error	Description
BF	ST	LIIU	Description
Light	Red	Data link layer	- Nonstandard wiring
OFF	Light ON	error	- Noise intrusion

# Process Flowchart



<ul> <li>Causes of Error</li> </ul>		
Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
<ul> <li>O Disconnected terminating resistors</li> <li>O Cable disconnection</li> <li>O Disconnected connector</li> <li>O Disconnected signal</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check that terminating resistors are connected to both ends of the network.</li> <li>Measure resistance between signal wires with device power supply OFF.</li> </ol>	Fix the problem. How to find the trouble point: Remove the terminating resistor on one end of the
wire	<ul> <li>→ Normal: 100 to 120 Ω</li> <li>Measuring point: Connection of the trouble unit</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.1 Connection Problem.</li> </ul>	network. The trouble point is where resistance changes from $220 \Omega$ .
O Loose connector O Loose signal wire	<ul> <li>Check for the connection of connectors and signal wires.</li> <li>→ The connectors and signal wires should be firmly connected.</li> <li>Checkpoint: all stations and all branch taps</li> <li>For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.2 Loose Connector and Signal Wire.</li> </ul>	Connect the connectors and signal wires again.
O Noise (external cause)	<ul> <li>Check the noise intrusion via the following paths (1) to (3).</li> <li>(1) Noise via shield</li> <li>(2) Induced noise via communication cable</li> <li>(3) Device power supply</li> <li>→For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.3 Noise Intrusion.</li> </ul>	Take countermeasures against noise.
O Broken unit	Replace the trouble unit with a new one. →Verify whether the problem is fixed.	Replace the unit with a new one.
• No cause is identified.	Identify the trouble point by dividing the network. →For details, refer to the section 4.2.3.4 Broken Unit Examination.	

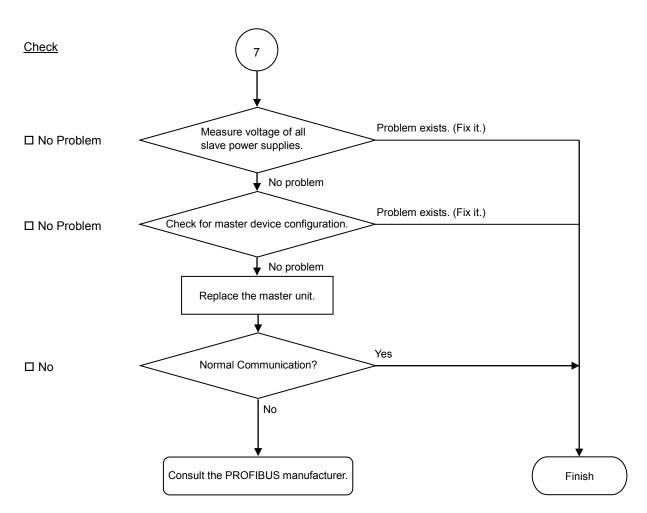
# Causes of Error

# 4. Troubleshooting (PROFIBUS DP)

# 4.2.2.3 Master: Uninitialized Network

Master I	Jnit LED	Error	Description
BF	ST	LIIO	Description
Light OFF	Light OFF	Uninitialized network	<ul><li>Master unit power error</li><li>Master unit configuration error</li></ul>

# Process Flowchart



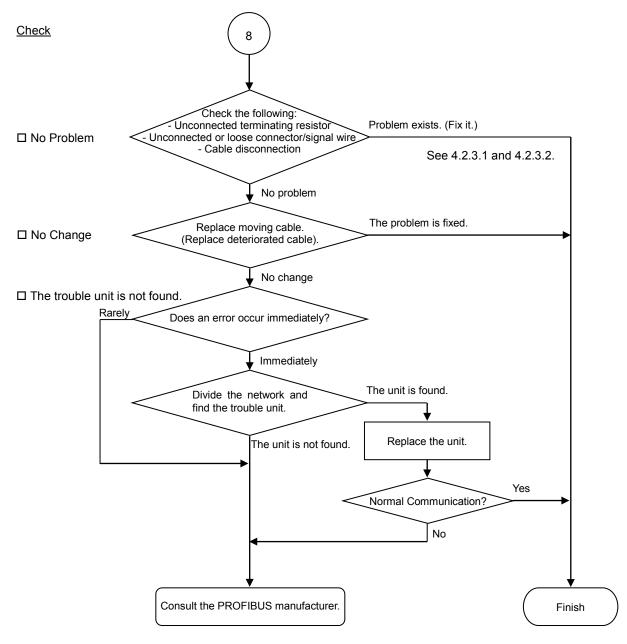
# Causes of Error

Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Electrical surges of master device power supply	Measure voltage of the device power supply at the master unit. →It should be within the range of sufficient voltage for device operation.	Check voltage of the device power supply.
O Master device configuration error	Check that the master device was configured properly. →After changing the configuration, verify whether the problem is fixed.	Check the master unit configuration.
O Broken master unit	Replace the broken master unit with a new one. →Verify whether the problem is fixed.	Replace the master unit with a new one.

#### 4.2.2.4 Master: Configuration Error

Master Unit LED		Free	Description			
BF	ST	Error	Description			
Red Light ON	No Matter	Physical error	<ul> <li>Nonstandard wiring</li> <li>Signal wire connection failure</li> <li>Signal wire short circuit</li> </ul>			

#### Process Flowchart



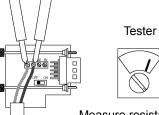
٠	Causes	of	Error
---	--------	----	-------

Possible Cause	Examination Method	Countermeasure
O Disconnected	(1) Check that terminating resistors	Fix the problem.
terminating resistors	are connected to both ends of	
O Cable disconnection	the network.	How to find the trouble
O Disconnected	(2) Measure resistance between	point:
connector	signal wires with device power	Remove the terminating
O Disconnected signal	supply OFF.	resistor on one end of
wire	$\rightarrow$ Normal: 100 to 120 $\Omega$	the network.
	<ul> <li>Measuring point: Connection of</li> </ul>	The trouble point is
	the trouble unit	where resistance
	• For details, refer to the section	changes from 220 $\Omega$ .
	4.2.3.1 Connection Problem.	
O Loose connector	Check for the connection of	Connect the connectors
O Loose signal wire	connectors and signal wires.	and signal wires again.
	$\rightarrow$ The connectors and signal wires	
	should be firmly connected.	
	• Checkpoint: all stations and all	
	branch taps	
	• For details, refer to the section	
	4.2.3.2 Loose Connector and	
	Signal Wire.	
O Broken unit	Replace the trouble unit with a new	Replace the unit with a
	one.	new one.
	$\rightarrow$ Verify whether the problem is	
	fixed.	
• No cause is	Identify the trouble point by	
identified.	dividing the network.	
	$\rightarrow$ For details, refer to the section	
	4.2.3.4 Broken Unit Examination.	

#### 4.2.3 Procedures for Examining Possible Causes

# 4.2.3.1 Connection Problem (Disconnected Terminating Resistors, Cable Disconnection, Disconnected Connector, and Disconnected Signal Wire)

- (1) Ensure that two terminating resistors are connected to both ends of the network.
- (2) Turn OFF all device power supplies.
- (3) Measure resistance between A1 and B1 wires of the absent slave using the tester.

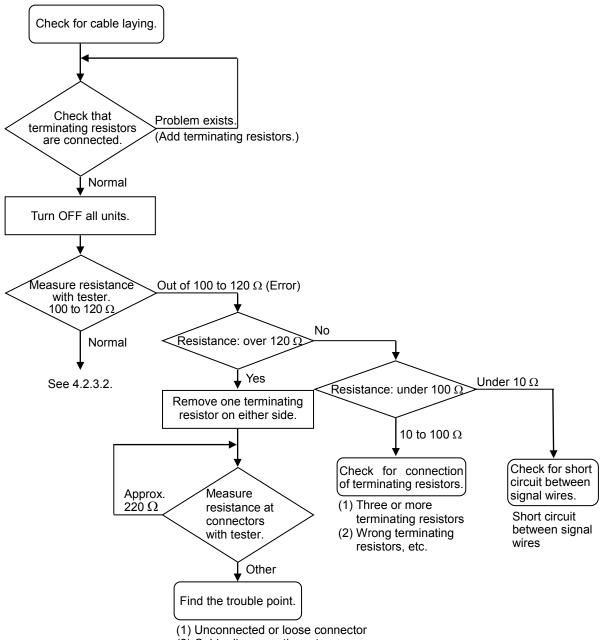


Measure resistance between signal wires with tester.

Resistance	Determination
0 Ω	Short circuit
Under 100 $\Omega$	Three or more terminating resistors on one network
100 to 120 Ω	Normal
Over 120 Ω	Error (cable disconnection, disconnected signal wire, one or
	zero terminating resistor)

- (4) How to find the trouble point:
  - Remove the terminating resistor on one end of the network. (The resistance at the point where the terminating resistor is connected is  $220 \Omega$ .)
  - Measure resistance at branch taps of all units.
  - The trouble point is where resistance changes from 220  $\Omega$ .
  - After finding the trouble point, verify the connector and cable conditions.

Process Flowchart

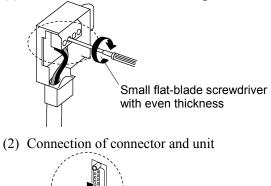


(2) Cable disconnection, etc.

#### 4.2.3.2 Loose Connector and Signal Wire

Check for the connections of the following parts on the connector and cable.

(1) Connection of connector and signal wire



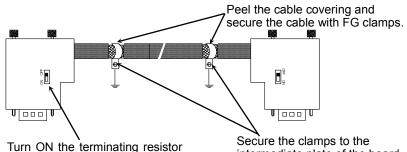
#### 4.2.3.3 Noise Intrusion

6

Verify how error occurrence condition changes while taking the following countermeasures.

#### Ground of FG wire

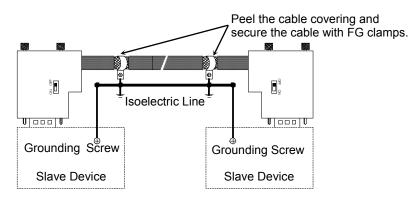
Normal Grounding: Peel the cable covering and ground the FG wire.



at the end of the network.

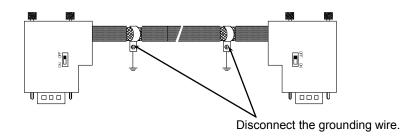
Secure the clamps to the intermediate plate of the board with screws to ground the shield.

Countermeasure 1: Improve FG.



Countermeasure 2: Disconnect the FG wire to isolate it from the ground.

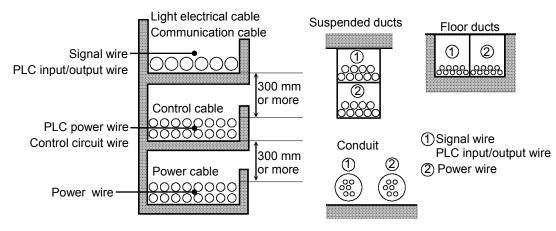
When noise intrudes the ground line due to a noise source such as an inverter installed near the grounding point, disconnect the shield wire of the signal cable and isolate it from the ground to restrain noise intrusion.



Induced noise via communication cable

Separate the PROFIBUS DP signal wire from the other wires (especially power wires).

\* Separate the signal wire from the power wires 300 mm or more.



During site inspection, bypass the wire that is possibly affected by induced noise with other cables and then lay the cables. Establish the communication under no induced noise condition and verify whether an error occurs.

#### 4.2.3.4 Broken Unit Examination (Dividing Network Examination)

When you cannot quickly find the trouble point due to broken unit, connection failure including loose connector, or cable partial disconnection, divide the network to find the trouble point. Verify how error occurrence conditions change while taking the following countermeasures.

#### How to Examine

Divide the network to find which station is a cause of a trouble.

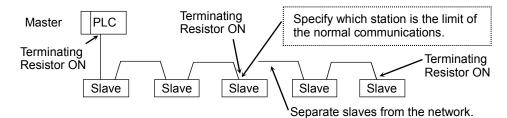
Verify that a master can establish communications with the slaves even though one slave is separated from the network.

After finding the trouble station, check the cables connected to it and replace the unit.

#### How to Divide

Divide the network by block and check each block.

- 1. Ensure that the master has no problem by connecting it to its slaves one by one. (BF/ST: light OFF/green light ON or blinking)
- Divide the network in the middle of it and check for the communication condition. (BF/ST: light OFF/green light ON or blinking) Normal: The trouble point is on the other half of the network. Error: The trouble point is on the current half of the network. (Continue dividing the half of the network further to distinguish error part from normal part.)
- 3. Check for communication on the block to specify the trouble point.



#### 4.2.3.5 Network Configuration and Specifications

#### (1) Maximum Cable Length

Check that the cables used on the network meet the following specifications.

Baud Rates	Max. Cable Length		
12 Mbps	100 m		
6 Mbps	100 m		
3 Mbps	100 m		
1500 kbps	200 m		
500 kbps	400 m		
187.5 kbps	1000 m		
93.75 kbps	1200 m		
19.2 kbps	1200 m		
9.6 kbps	1200 m		

#### (2) Terminating Resistor

Ensure that two terminating resistors are connected to both ends of the network. The terminating resistor should be connected as shown below.

#### (3) Cable

The cables should meet the PROFIBUS specifications.

Item	Property		
Impedance	135 to 165 Ω		
Capacity	< 30 pf/m		
Loop resistance	110 Ω/km		
Wire diameter	0.64 mm		
Core cross-section	$> 0.34 \text{mm}^2$		

#### 4.2.3.6 EPSON RC+ Master Configuration

For details of EPSON RC+ master configuration, refer to the section 2.2.3 PROFIBUS-DP Master Board Installation.

The following section describes the procedure for verifying the scanner board condition with the applicomIO Console application.

#### Verifying applicomIO Console application condition

The status bar at the bottom of the window shows the applicomIO Console application status. The status bar varies as shown below:

Character : The address number of the scanner board is indicated with characters. When the character "F" appears, the flash memory on the board initialized the scanner board.

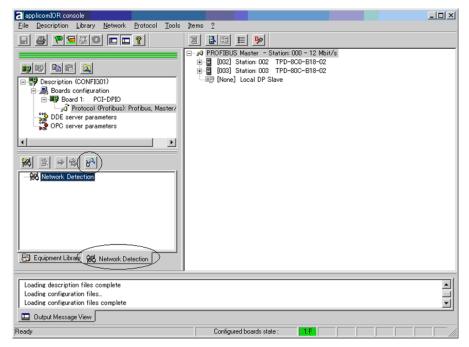
Background color : The background color indicates the scanner board status. For details, refer to the table below.

Character	Status
Black	Access to scanner board was failed.
	After that, the status bar will not be renewed
	automatically. To renew the status bar, right-click
	the status bar and select [Refresh].
Black	The scanner board was initialized with the earlier
	version applicomIO Console application.
	It is recommended that the scanner board be written
	into the flash memory (reinitializing the scanner
	board) again with the current version applicomIO
	Console application.
Black	The scanner board was not initialized.
	Initialize the scanner board to use it.
Black	The scanner board was partially initialized.
	This status happens only during network detection and on-line actions.
White	Although the scanner board was initialized, it is
vv mite	different with the currently opened configuration.
	(Different version, etc.)
	It is recommended that the scanner board be written
	into the flash memory (reinitializing the scanner
	board) again with the current version applicomIO
	Console application.
	This status happens only during network detection,
Dlast	on-line actions, and diagnostic.
васк	The scanner board was initialized properly and it is
	no different with the currently opened configuration. This status happens only during network detection,
	on-line actions, and diagnostic.
	Black

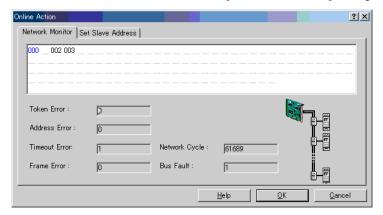
#### Verifying the PROFIBUS DP network condition

The applicomIO Console application has the following functions:

- Network Monitor function: Monitoring error condition detected on the networkDiagnostic function: Network diagnosis
- (1) Select the [Network Detection] tab in the left center of the applicomIO Console application.



(2) Click the <Online Action> icon. The [Network Monitor] dialog box appears.



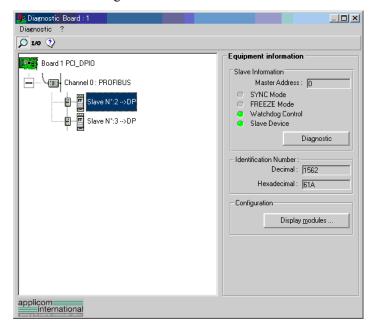
You can check the conditions of the following errors on this dialog.

Token Error	Address Error	Timeout Error
Frame Error	Network Cycle	Bus Fault

When an error occurs on the network, it is added to the corresponding error counter.

(3) Select [Protocol]-[Diagnostic] from the applicomIO Console application menu. Click the magnifying grass icon on the [Diagnostic] dialog box.

Then, select the slave you want from the device tree in the left side of the window. The window changes as shown below.



To check the device condition in detail, click <Diagnostic> in [Equipment information] in the right side of the window. If an error occurs, the information is displayed in red.

<u> </u> Diae	nostic Slave N° :2>DP					? ×
00000000	Master Lock Parameter Fault Invalid Slave Response Not Supported Extended Diag Configuration Fault Station not Ready Station non Existent	000000000	Slave Deactivated Reserved SYNC Mode FREEZE Mode Watchdog On Slave Device Static Diag Parameter Req Used	00000000	Ext Diag Ov Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved	verflow
	ended Diag ice Related Diagnostic : 0x00	0×00.0×	00 0x00 0x00 0x00			À
		0,00 0,				
applic	ominternational			[	<u></u> K	
Old Ext	ented Status : 0					

- <u>\_ U ×</u> 👱 Diagnostic Board : 1 Diagnostic 🔎 w 🔇 Equipment information Board 1 PCI\_DPIO 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Channel 0 : PROFIBUS 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 📳 📲 Slave N\*:2 -->DP 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 8-8 Slave N\*:3 -->DP 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 << Previous Next >> applicom international
- (4) When you click the  $\langle I/O \rangle$  icon, the window changes as shown below.

The status of each slave device is shown in the right side of the window. A green circle indicates that the communication of the corresponding device is normal, and a red circle indicates that there is a communication error.

A gray circle indicates that the corresponding device does not exist.

(5) When you select the slave from the device tree in the left side of the window, the window changes as shown below.

🙅 Diagnostic Board : 1	
Diagnostic ?	
P 1/0 😲	
Board 1 PCI_DPIO Channel 0 : PROFIBUS Slave N*:2 ->DP Slave N*:3 ->DP	Equipment informations Input Mapping (in Byte ):  Output Mapping (in Byte ):  OOO Selected Output Value :  Hex OWite Input Lenght (Bytes):  Output Lenght (Bytes):  Exchange OK !  Exchange OK !
international	

The input and output statuses of the selected device are shown in the right side of the window.

If you want to change output data, click the bite number you want to change in [Output Mapping]. Then, enter a value in [Write] in the "Selected Output Value" and click <Write>.

## 4.3 EtherNet/IP Troubleshooting

#### Exclusion

Every system has its special environment, conditions, specifications, and usages. This guide is provided as a general reference for troubleshooting a EtherNet/IP network. Every effort has been made to ensure the information is accurate. However, we do not guarantee the complete accuracy of the information and thus we decline any liability for damages or costs incurred by the use of this troubleshooting.

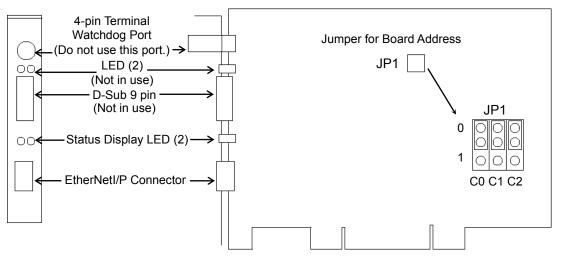
Before examining a problem on the network, please ensure that your established DeviceNet system satisfies network specifications. (Refer to this troubleshooting and the section 2.6 *EtherNet/IP Network Construction*.)

#### 4.3.1 Examining a Problem

#### 4.3.1.1 Scanner Board Diagnostic LEDs

The EtherNet/IP board used with EPSON RC+ has two status display LEDs. The layout of the LEDs is shown in the following figure.

#### PCU-ETHIO



The Module/NetWork LED is on the left and the IO LED is on the right seen from the rear panel. These LED names are used in applicomIO Console application and this manual. Only in this troubleshooting section, general names of the status display of the DeviceNet device are used instead.

The Network Status LED is referred to as the NS LED (NS) in this section.

The Module Status LED is referred to as the MS LED (MS) in this section.

#### 4.3.1.2 Check Network Status

(1) Master Status: MS/NS LEDs

LED Color		or	Light Condition			
MS (Module Status)	□ Green □ Red		□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF	
NS (Network Status)	Green	□ Red	□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF	

#### (2) Node Number of Absent Slaves

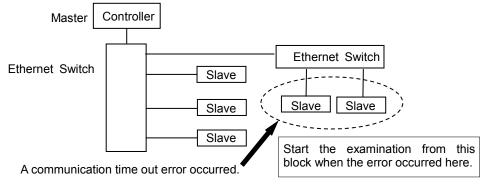
Absent slaves are disconnected from or not added to the network.

- 1. See the status flag regarding to the removal and addition if the master has status information.
- 2. See the MS/NE LEDs of all slaves if the master has no status information.

#### (3) Absent Slave Status: MS/NS LEDs

LED	Color		Light Condition		
MS (Module Status)	□ Green □ Red		□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF
NS (Network Status)	□ Green	□ Red	□ ON	Blinking	□ OFF

(4) Physical Node Location of Absent Slave



- (5) Error Occurrence Condition
  - □ Immediate occurrence (high reproducibility)
  - $\Box$  Rare occurrence (low reproducibility)

Master Unit LED		<b>F</b>	Description (Defenses)	
MS	NS	Error	Description [Reference]	
Green Light ON	Green Light ON	Normal communication	- Normal condition	
Green Light ON	Green Light Blinking	During connection establishment	<ul> <li>Processing connection establishment (The NS LED will be ON in green in a few seconds.)</li> <li>Master function in stop state (Communication does not start.)</li> </ul>	
Green Light ON	Red Light Blinking	Communication timeout	- Network channel error	
Green Light ON	Light OFF	IP address not defined	- The IP address is not defined	
Red Light Blinking	No Matter	Critical error	[Refer to the section <i>4.3.3 Tests and diagnostics.</i> ] - Unrecoverable critical error	
Red Light ON	No Matter	Module error	[Refer to the section <i>4.3.3 Tests and diagnostics.</i> ] - Recoverable error occurred	
Light OFF	Light OFF	Not initialized status	[Refer to the section 2.3.3 EtherNet/IP Master Board Installation - Master Mode.] - The communication board is not initialized Check the configuration	

#### 4.3.2 Problems and Countermeasures

#### 4.3.3 Tests and diagnostics

#### 4.3.3.1 The diagnostic tool

After configuring the EtherNet/IP master, adding and configuring the devices of your network and downloading your configuration in the board, the statuses of all devices can be tested with the diagnostic tool.

Start this tool by selecting the menu command "**Protocol/Diagnostic...**" or selecting the < > icon.

See also: To display the help, select [Start]-[Program]-[Direct-Link]-[applicomIO 2.3]-[Help].

#### Ethernet/IP channel on Ethernet diagnostics

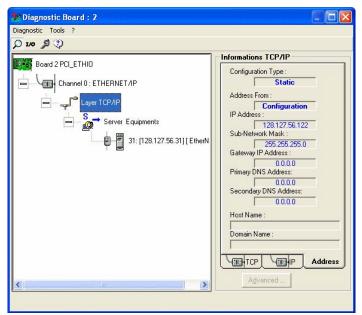
The EtherNet/IP on Ethernet channel diagnostic information can be displayed by selecting the MULTI-MSG ETH channel.

All devices in the configuration are visualized by a LED corresponding to the applicomIO device number.

The LED may be red or green depending on the device error status.

1. Diagnostic of the TCP/IP layer

This dialog box displays the status of the TCP/IP layer.



Configuration Type	Mode type selected in the configuration: DHCP, BOOTP, Static			
Address From How the IP address has been obtained: from the ser				
	flash memory or factory address.			
IP address	IP address of the applicomIO master on this channel.			
Sub-Network Mask	Sub-network address of the applicomIO master on this			
	channel.			
Gateway IP Address	Address of the gateway configured on the applicomIO			
	master on this channel.			
Primary DNS Address	IP Address of the primary DNS server.			
Secondary DNS Address	IP address of the secondary DNS server.			
Host Name Host name of the applicomIO master on this char				
Domain Name	Domain name of the applicomIO master on this			
	channel.			

#### TCP tab

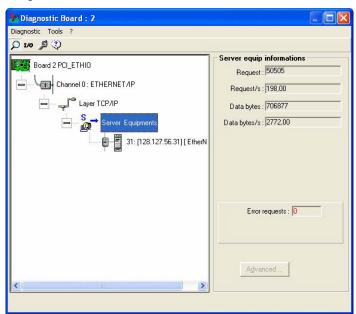
Passives connections	1
0	
Actives connections :	
1	
Currents connections	
1	
Bytes received .	
674	
Bytes transmited :	
1034	
Time-out retransmitted	:
ļo	
CP CP	P Address

Passive connections Active connections Current connections Bytes received Bytes transmitted Retries on time-out Number of passive connections. Number of active connections. Number of current connections. Number of bytes received. Number of bytes transmitted. Number of retries on reception of a time-out.

#### IP tab



Packets received Packets transmitted Errors Number of packets received. Number of packets transmitted. Number of IP errors. 2. Diagnostic of server devices



Requests	Number of requests.
Requests / s	Number of requests per second.
Useful bytes	Number of useful data bytes.
Useful bytes / s	Number of useful data bytes per second.
Requests in error	Number of requests in error.

## 3. Overall device diagnostics

View the diagnostic information on a device in the configuration by selecting the node which corresponds to the device.

Diagnostic Board : 2	
Diagnostic Tools ?	
0 10 \$ 00 0	
Board 2 PCI_ETHIO Channel 0 : ETHERNET/IP Layer TCP/IP Server Equipments I [128.127.56.31] [ EtherN	Equipment informations           IP Address :         128.127.56.31           From :         Configuration           Request :         [65154           Request :         [65154           Data bytes :         [311924           Data bytes :         [300,00           Connections :         [1           Time-out errors :         [0           Frame errors :         [0           Advanced         [0

IP Address	IP address of the device.
From	How the IP address of the device was obtained:
	from the configuration
	from the DNS server (IP address of the device has been resolved)
Requests	Number of requests.
Requests / s	Number of requests per second.
Useful bytes	Number of useful data bytes.
Useful bytes / s	Number of useful data bytes per second.
Connections	Number of connections created for this device.
Time-out errors	Number of time-outs received for this device.
Frame errors	Number of frame errors for this device.
Refusal errors	Number of errors excluding time-out and frame errors.

## TCP/IP tool

By clicking in the < > icon and selecting [TCP/IP layer], the [services] window displays the following options.

DNS

ICMP (ping)

See also: To display the help, select [Start]-[Program]-[Direct-Link]-[applicomIO 2.3]-[Help].

#### 1. Resolution of IP address or name

DNS functionality can be enabled by selecting the applicomIO menu-[Protocol/Diagnostic…]-the [DNS] tab.

Diagnostic Tools ?	🕨 Diagnostic Board : 2	
Services  Services  Address  IP Address  IP Time Statu  Clear  Ping  Loop:		
Board 2 PCI_ETHIO Channel 0 : ETHERNET//P Server Equipments 1 : [128.127.56.31] [EtherN Clear Ping Loop : ]	Q 1/0 Ø	
	Channel 0 : ETHERNET /IP	Address: IP Address: Host Name : IP Time Status Clear Ping Loop : Status : Status : Status : Clear Clear
C DNS ICMP	<	

(1) Selects the type of resolution to be carried out.

- IP Address : the host name is obtained from the IP address.
- Host Name : the IP address is obtained from the host name.
- (2) Carries out a resolution.
- (3) Status: Status of resolution carried out
  - 0 : No error
  - 33 : Response time-out exceeded
  - 132 : Negative reply from DNS server (SERVER FAILURE, etc.)

### 2. Ping

ICMP ECHO "PING" functionality can be enabled by selecting the applicomIO menu-[Protocol/Diagnostic…]-the [ICMP] tab.

Diagnostic Board : 2	
Diagnostic Tools ?	
ク 🗤 👂 😲	Services
Channel 0 : ETHERNET/IP	IP Address :     128.127.56.31
■ Layer TCP/IP S → Server Equipments	C Host Name :
日一篇 31: [128.127.56.31] [ EtherN	IP         Time         Status           128.127.56.31         <10 ms
	Clear Ping
	Status : Stop On Error :
	DNS ICMP

- (1) Entry field for the IP address or name of the remote station.
- (2) Field showing result obtained:

Status 0	: The station is present and has responded
	(the response time is given in the Time column)
Status 33	: The station is not present

(3) Command field:

Clear	: Clears the list of results
Ping	: Sends a PING command
Loop	: Executes PING command in a loop
Stop on Error	: If Loop has been selected, stops if an error has occurred
Status	: Status of the PING request
	0 :OK
	33 : TIME-OUT
	132: Resolution error

## 5. Maintenance Parts List

## Slave (Board)

	Code	Supported Model	
Part Name		RC700, RC700-A, RC90	T series
DeviceNet board	R12B040727	$\checkmark$	_
PROFIBUS-DP board	R12B040729	✓	_
CC-Link board	R12B040730	✓	_
EtherNet/IP board	R12N747061	$\checkmark$	—
PROFINET board	R12N747051	✓	_
EtherCAT board	R12NZ910CL	$\checkmark$	_

## Slave (Module)

Part Name	Code	Supported Model	
		RC700, RC700-A, RC90	T series
DeviceNet board	R12NZ900TE	-	1
PROFIBUS-DP board	R12NZ900TF	_	✓
CC-Link module	R12NZ900TD	_	✓
EtherNet/IP board	R12NZ900TH	_	✓
PROFINET board	R12NZ900TG	_	1
EtherCAT board	R12NZ900TX	-	1

#### Master

Part Name	Code
DeviceNet board	2174734
PROFIBUS-DP board	2174735
EtherNet/IP board	2174736